WEST END
CINEMA
AT CHURNEY ROAD
will show you all the latest and the best.
The theatre is cool and comfortable.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913.

A NEW ATTRACTION
WEST END
CINEMA
the theatre to which you will eventually go.

VOL. IV NO. 234 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1916. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

P. & O. SAILINGS
to London calling at Marseilles.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	From Aden.	Tons.
2nd Oct.	Nagoya	7000		
11th "	Karmala	9000		
25th "	Khiva	9000		
82nd "	Arabia	8000		
90th "	Nellore	7000		
6th Novr.	*alsette	6000	Soras	11000
13th "	Kashmir	9000		
19th "	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
26th "	Caledonia	8000		
3rd Decr.	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
10th "	Khyber	9000		
17th "	Salset e	6000	Malwa	11000
24th "	Nag ya	7000		
31st "	Salsette	6000	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500

To Colombo, Straits, China, and Japan transhipping at Colombo for Australia, etc.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo.	Tons.
31st Oct	Malta	7000	Malwa *	11000
17th Nov	Novara	7000	Mooltan	10000

The steamer marked * is a through sailing from London to Australia and will be diverted via Bombay, leaving this port about the 23rd October.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

About	Steamers	Destination.
*2nd Oct.	Linga	Karachi direct.
*6th Oct.	Lhasa	Karachi coasting.
10th Oct.	Chakla	Persian Gulf extra.
11th Oct.	Karoa	E. S. Africa via Mormugao.

*Or later on arrival of the English Mail steamer.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents P. & O. and B. I. S. N. Coys,
Bombay.

THE PERSIAN GULF
S. N. CO. LTD.

Steamers are despatched at regular intervals to Persian Gulf and Red Sea Ports via Karachi.

1st and 2nd class passengers' accommodation, Deck passengers also carried.

Present sailings are as follows:—

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S ZAYANI, 3,504 tons, on or about 10th October.
S. S. SHUSHTAR, 2,664 tons, on or about 20th October.

FOR JEDDAH VIA ADEN.

S. S. SARDAR, 1,992 tons, on or about 13th October.

For further particulars apply to
HAJI SULTANALI SHUSHTARY & CO.,
Agents,
121, Esplanade Road.

SINCE my business is ADVERTISING, I am taking my own medicine by advertising myself.

I do not intend to boast about myself, but I do want to tell you what I think I can do.

There are many clever men in the field. I know I have the keenest competition to meet but that will not prevent me from getting my share of the business.

I feel so sure of being able to help some business men to do a greater business by adopting the style of advertising I believe in, that I will be willing to take a modest fee, as I am certain you would not like, in fairness to me, that I should render this service absolutely free of charge.

R. V. KAIKINI.

3, Medows, Street, Bombay.

SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
JOINT SERVICE
SAILINGS, 1916.
HOMEWARD

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, about.	Leave Karachi about.
*City o iBirmingham,	A & C	7498		26thSept

* Not calling at Marseilles.

AUTUMN SAILINGS OUTWARD.

Steamers.	Class.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool about.
City of Lahore	A&C	6948	Sept.
*City of Paris	A&C	9000	2nd Oct.
City of York	A&C	7884	10th Oct.
City of Cairo	A&C	7700	10th Nov.

*Calling at Marseilles about 9th Oct.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.
Marseilles	555	888	420	630
London via Marseilles	630	1,033	480	720
Liverpool ...	600	90	453	675
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool	...	963	...	712

Special rates by B. Class steamers on application.

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families. Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided, it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess.

A. and C. Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."

For passage and full particulars apply to:—
KILLICK NIXON & CO.

Bombay:—Messrs. E. Bates & Sons, Agency.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Cambell and Co., Ltd.

ABAD & TANKAHKEE LINES.

REGULARLY TO PERSIAN GULF.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
S. S. Standard	1461	Arrived.	1st Oct.
S.S. Asia Maru	2416	Arrived.	2nd Oct.
S.S. Bandal Maru	3227	30th Sept.	10th Oct.

For further particulars apply to:—
MIRZA MOHAMED SHIRAZEE,
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,800,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
Darien (Dalne)	Lyons	Shanghai
Hankow	Fengtien (Mukden)	Sydney (Australia)
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hongkong	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York (Cal. U.S.A.)	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Tsingtau
Los Angles	Pekin	Tsinanfu
Liaoyang	Singapore.	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

M. SHUTO,
Sub-Manager.

Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

NIPPON-YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,
(Incorporated in Japan.)
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commanders.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure
Rangoon Maru	Y. Kobayashi	5348	16th Sept.	30th Sept.
Banyei Maru	....	2844	4th Oct	14th Oct.
Yetorofu Maru	S Hirata	4176	th Oct.	16th Oct
Tenshin Maru	R Ozaki	4173	17th Oct.	20th Oct.
Penang Maru	S. Kushibiki	5380	17th Oct	29th Oct
Yeboshi Maru	S Kishimoto	4098	19th Oct.	31st Oct.

For Freight apply to—
T. KAWAGUCHI.
Manager.
York Building,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet 120 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 278,600.
Twice a month from BOMBAY to JAPAN, via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamers.	Tons.	Commanders.	Arrivals.	Departures
Shinkoku Maru	5336	Y. Kuchiki	20th Sept.	30th Sept.
Malay Maru ..	4515	Y. Nemoto	12th Oct.	23rd Oct.
Saigon Maru..	4353	Y. Nemoto	23rd Oct.	31st Oct.

For Freight apply to
M. UCHIYAMA,
Agent.
Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

F. CORNAGLIA'S

THE FIRM FOR CHOCOLATES.

Just unpacked a large consignment of Cadbury's and Caley's Fancy Boxes.

Price from As. 10 to Rs. 30 each.

FELICE CORNAGLIA
CONFECTIONER
BOMBAY & POONA.

Telegrams "Cornaglia" Telephone No. 42.

BANKING

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund £1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £1,200,300

HEAD OFFICE: 38, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON.	STRAITS & CHINA & MALAY STATES	JAPAN
Bombay.	Singapore.	Hongkong.
Calcutta.	Penang.	Shanghai.
Madras.	Malacca.	Canton.
Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor.	Foochow.
Delhi.	Ipoh.	Hankow.
Amritsar.	Klang.	Peking.
Rangoon	Seremban.	Tientsin.
Tavoy.	Taiping.	Yokohama.
Colombo.		Kobe.
JAVA & SUMATRA.	INDO-CHINA.	PHILIPPINES SIAM.
Batavia.	Saigon.	Manila. Bangkok.
Sourabaya.	Haiphong.	Cebu. Puket.
Medan.		Hoilo.

NEW YORK and all Banks in Australia.

BANKERS.—Bank of England, London City and Midland Bank, London, County and Westminster Bank, National Provincial Bank of England, National Bank of Scotland.

The CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER, Agent.

Esplanade Road,
Post Box No. 34, Bombay.
Office Hours—10-30 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturday, 10-30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

BANKING

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 562,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders... £ 562,500
Reserve Fund ..... £ 550,000

HEAD OFFICE.
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpor.
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru	Shanghai
Galle	(Kelantan)	Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts, payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares, and receives same for Safe Custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,200,000

Head Office:
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombassa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius: ...
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittences may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities. Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising. Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

HOTELS

ADMIRABLE SITUATION AT
NASIK ROAD
DEOLALI.
ENGLISH CLIMATE
ACCOMODATION CAN BE HAD AT
EMPRESS HOTEL.
FOR EUROPEAN FAMILIES
GYMKHANA. CHARGES MODERATE.

BANKING

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $18,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund £1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
ADVISORY COMMITTEE IN LONDON
BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kwala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Do. Hongkong
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taipeh
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama.
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application. Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe India, Australia, America, China and Japan. Credits granted. Bills purchased and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. D. SMART,
Agent.
40, Churchgate Street.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)
(Bankers to the Government in Busra.)

HEAD OFFICE 4, Crosby Square, London E. C.
Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad an Basra.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £900,000
Reserve Fund £55,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir Jacob E. Sassoon Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
Emile Fransequi, Esq., (Director of the Societe General de Belgique.)
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Gaskell Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G Bromley-Martin, Esq., (of Martin's Bank Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculadas, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE.

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.
SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS. BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 7,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2¼ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 21st and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
HEAD OFFICE AND MANDVI BRANCH.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 16,21,208
Reserve Funds ..... Rs. 11,36,656

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches.
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273, Hornby Road, near Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital over Two Lakhs.
Investments in Government and approved Securities only.

Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced Edropean Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. Liberal Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months' grace if the occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary & Treasurer.

DEFEND YOUR VALUABLE WOODWORK

against white ants, ship-worms and all vermin that destroy fencings, gates, submerged timbers, doors, frames, floor-boards, joists, beams, etc.

MICROLINEUM

which comes in 7 shades, gives the desired protection. It is easily applied, requires no skilled labour, costs less than paints or varnishes and has been highly spoken of by Executive Engineers and Railways.

Send us a trial order.

M. C. GHIA & Co.,
18, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BUSINESS NOTICES

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication
Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES.
may be had on application to—
THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes, Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

CATARACT DISSOLVER.—This medicine has restored the vision of many persons without an operation by dissolving Cataract of the eye. Many testimonials. Rs. 2 per bottle, postage extra. KRISHNALAL K. TRIVEDI, Bhavnagar, Kathiawad. 665

ROBBERIES are INCREASING in number every day. Safeguard your Valuable Jewellery and Documents against loss by fire or theft by using
THE SAFE, DEPOSIT,
HOME STREET.
Call & See.

WANTED

WANTED—DAKHNI DISTRICT PLEADER, knowing Gujarati, writing for MAGISTRATE'S POST, six months' probation in Native State, Kathiawar. See Mr. ANDERJI KANJI SHETH, Girgaum Back Road, Lalji Diyal Building, on Sunday, from 8 to 12 a.m. 5412

WANTED.—Two SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS for Baroda State Service on a salary of Rs. 30 each per month. The employment will last for at least two years. Apply to CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Baroda State. 5369.

WANTED—A Second Hand Full Size BILLIARD TABLE with Accessories. Must be very little used. Apply stating age, condition. Make and price required to Seth DWARKODASS JAKISANDAS, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 5354

A Mercantile Firm wants a good STENO-TYPIST. Apply stating terms and enclosing copies of testimonials to Box No. 210 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 53

WANTED—FEMALE TELEPHONE OPERATORS Commencing Salary Rs. 45 to Rs. 60 per mensem according to ability. Apply in own handwriting sending copies of testimonials to the MANAGER, Bombay Telephone Co., Ltd., Home Street, Fort, Bombay.
Bombay, 27th Sept., 1916. 5396

WANTED—A very hardworking and energetic MANAGING CLERK for an old established Attorneys' Office. Only really competent men need apply with testimonials to Box No. 208, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5367

WANTED—SOLE AGENT at Bombay for the sale fire-clay goods, such as fire bricks, fire-clay, seating-blocks, flue covers, etc., and glazed stoneware pipes dramage or sewerage pipe's, roofing and flooring tiles, etc., manufactured by the P. P. Co., Ltd.
Please apply stating terms of agency to the DIRECTORS, P. P. Co., Ltd., Jabbalpore. 5360

WANTED—For the SHIRE HIGHLANDS RAILWAY LIMBE, British Central Africa:—One INDIAN TURNER, £6-1-0 per month consolidated. Must have experience of railway.
TERMS 3 years' agreement, free return passage, free medical attendance, free quarters, and travelling expenses while on duty. Apply with copy of testimonials to Box No. 219, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5393

WANTED—Immediately a CASHIER on Rs. 70 p.m. with the security of Rs. 5,000 only in cash.
Wanted a MANAGER for Bombay office, who must have thorough experience in banking, exchange, and clearing and forwarding business with the knowledge of correspondence and recordkeeping.
Wanted a BANKING INSPECTOR to inspect the branches. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 215, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5123

REQUIRED—A PRIVATE SECRETARY, pay up to one thousand rupees and free quarters and conveyance.
Absolutely essential to possess thorough knowledge of English and Sanskrit. No one who does not possess these qualifications need apply. Applications must be accompanied with photographs (which will not be returned) and testimonials which must reach this office before 1st November. Apply to:—
RANJIT SINGH,
Ag. Private Secretary,
5892 Alwar State.

WANTED

RETOUCHER WANTED, Salary Rs. 60, D. NUSSERWANJI PHOTOGRAPHER, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. 5425

WANTED—Complete PRESS FACTORY Write with full particulars to Box No. 222, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5407

A PARSI gentleman desires investing Rs. 15,000 as sleeping or working partner in safe business promising good returns. Apply to Box No. 225, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5419

WANTED—A reliable and experienced OFFICE MANAGER for a manufacturing company. Apply with copies of testimonials stating lowest salary required to Box No. 218, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5388

WANTED—A CAPITALIST to invest fifty thousand rupees in a good profitable manufacturing business to produce most uptodate goods as are annually being imported worth crores of rupees. Apply for particulars to Box No. 217, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5387

WANTED—A SUITABLE BANGALOW or two adjoining FLATS or one sufficiently large, in healthy locality near Fort or Colaba with more than five bed rooms, one drawing-room, one dining-room and servants' quarters. Offers from House Owners preferred. Apply stating terms to Box No. 227, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5426

WANTED—POST as PRIVATE SECRETARY or CLERK to a lady or gentleman or as TEACHER or TUTOR by a Cylonese gentleman who has passed the London Intermediate Examination in Arts and has a thorough knowledge of English. Excellent testimonials. Apply to Box No. 226, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5423

WANTED—All MATRIC STUDENTS to know that I am making Geometry easy, Algebra easier, and Arithmetic the easiest.
M. S. JATAKIA, B.A.,
Premier Tutorial Classes.
Peerbhoy Building, No. 2,
Princess Street.
N.B.—Revised prospectus on application 5421

WANTED—A reliable experienced COTTON EXPERT, understanding cotton thoroughly, as well as having good knowledge of both Continental and Japanese Export business. Salary no object to a thoroughly competent hand. Apply to Box No. 176, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5163

FOR SALE

CLEARANCE SALE of Surgical and Veterinary Instruments: Remainder of stock to be disposed of at Cost. Apply FREACHER and Co., Ltd. (in liquidation), British Hotel Lane. 5361

RARE and old Persian and Indian paintings for sale.
A. K. ESSAJEE.
5331 22, Churchgate Street, Fort.

FOR SALE.—One FORD MOTOR CAR, 4 Seater 1915, Model in excellent condition throughout. Electric Head Lights, Complete with Tools and Spares Rs. 2,300. Trial on appointment. Apply to Box No. 1000 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 673

FOR SALE.—One WESTING HOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B. H. P. 460 Volts, 960/1100 R. P. M., complete with shunt regulator, and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1085

JAIL PADLOCKS in use by different Jails of best galvanized metal, absolutely secure and unpickable for Godowns, Jails etc., turned out at the Pioneer Lockworks under skilful European supervision in 2in., 2½in., and 3in. sizes. Prices from Rs 1-12 to Rs. 3-12 each.
R. H. PATUCK & Co.,
14, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Rebuilt	200
Oliver No. 5 B. S. & Tab	185
Royal Standard Slightly-used	150
Standard Folding Leather Case	100
Ideal with Back Spacer	100
Densmore No. 7 with Back Spacer	75
Hammond with Back Spacer	70
Remington No. 8 Two-colour	90
Yost Visible with Back Spacer	100
Chicago good condition	50
Yost in leather Case good	40
Barlock very good	65

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co.,
36, Church Gate St. Fort, Bombay.
Tel: "Writertype."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—

	Rs.
Hammond No. 2, Rs. 55, Blick No. 7	75
Empire No. 1, Rs. 80, Remington No. 7	90
Remington No. 7, with 2 colours	100
Oliver No. 5, Foolscap, fine condition	150
Empire No. 1, New, left untouched.	160
Oliver No. 3, Rebuilt, Rs. 150, Brief	165
Remington No. 7, Little used	175
Empire No. 2, New, left untouched.	200
Oliver No. 5, Rebuilt, Rs. 200, Brief	215
Yost No. 20, Latest, almost new	225
Remington No. 10, Rebuilt, Rs. 215, Brief	230

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—TRY RAO'S SHADUTONE, excellent Tonic for HORSES. BOVIGORONE good pick-me-up for CATTLE. Fortnight course 1-4-0.
V. S. RAO,
Veterinary Surgeon,
5405 Girgaon, Bombay.

FOR SALE—If you have any second-hand Boilers, Steam Engines, Oil or Gas Engines, Engineering Plant and Tools, Water Tanks, etc., etc., that you wish to dispose of, you can do so by applying to Box No. 228, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 5427

FOR SALE—In good working order, Marshall Sons & Co., trip gear valve Engine Cylinders high and low 10 by 17½. Stroke 24 Revolutions 125. BEJONJI and JALBHOY DHANBHOORA Co., Bulsar. 5186

TO BE LET

TO BE LET: FIRST FLOOR of a bungalow well-ventilated with garden and stable. Apply to Mr. DUNBAR, Government Gate Road, Parel. 5338

TO BE LET.—"LA BONITA" on Warden Road, opposite the battery from November next. Apply to Mr. KESHAVJI RAMJI Luchmidas Mulji Jetha Market, Chowk, Bombay. 5370.

TO BE LET AT MATHERAN.—BY THE WEEK, FORNIGHT, MONTH OR SEASON. FURNISHED BUNGALOWS, COTTAGES & BLOCKS in cool, shady and healthy (quiet or central), locality. Mosaic or Tiled flooring. For rents apply sharp to avoid disappointment to M. BURKE, No. M. I. M. E., Neral 5406

WATSON'S ANNEXE. Apollo Bunder—Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125. Rooms can be furnished and arrangements for Board made on shortest notice. Apply to MANAGER. 709

PUBLIC NOTICES

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on FRIDAY, the 6th proximo that day being a Public Holiday (Dussera) under the Negotiable Ins. truments Act 1881.
A. LOGIE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 29th September, 1916. 5428

THE SUN MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 42—48, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th October, 1916, at 4-30 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business—
1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1916.
2. To confirm the appointment of Mr. W. Douglas Hall as a Director in terms of Clause 96 of the Articles of Association.
3. To elect a Director in place of the one who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 2nd to SATURDAY, the 21st October, 1916, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board of Directors,
BRADBURY & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 19th September 1916. 5394.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY
(Incorporated in England.)

POONA RACES.

ON SATURDAY, the 30th September, 1916, an ADDITIONAL RACE SPECIAL Train for Second Class passengers will be run leaving Victoria Terminus at 10.15.
The timings of the Race Special Trains on that day will be as follows:—

FIRST CLASS.
Down.

	H.	M.
V. Terminus dep.	11	5
Poona arr.	14	40
Up.		
Poona dep.	19	30
V. Terminus arr.	23	16

SECOND CLASS.
First Train.
Down.

	H.	M.
V. Terminus dep.	10	15
Poona arr.	13	50
Up.		
Poona dep.	19	55
V. Terminus arr.	23	41

Second Train.
Down.

	H.	M.
V. Terminus dep.	10	40
Poona arr.	14	15
Up.		
Poona dep.	20	20
V. Terminus arr.	0	6

Second Class passengers are advised to avail themselves of the first special leaving Victoria Terminus at 10-15 to avoid crowding in the later train.
A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 27th September, 1916. 262

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE Agency of the P. & O. S. N. Company in Bombay will be transferred on and from 1st October, 1916, to Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Nicol Road, to whom all communications should be addressed from that date.
A. H. BROOM,
Superintendent,
5415 P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 9th October, 1916, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—
1. Letter from the Honorary Secretary, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute—Forwarding the Annual Report of the Institute for the year 1915-16.
2. Letter from Mr. L. M. Pereira—Regarding a municipal requisition for the conversion of basket privies at premises No. 64, Matarpakhady, into water closets.
3. Letter from Ahmed Baba Sha—Requesting that he may be allowed to occupy a stall for the sale of fowls in the Fort Market, or to sell fowls as a squatter in the market.
4. Letter from Mr. Sadanand Ramcrishna Parelkar—Suggesting that a Vernacular Girls' School may be opened for the Parel village and its surroundings.
5. Letter from Mr. Sadanand Khanderao Parelkar—Requesting that arrangements for lighting the streets in Parel village may be improved upon.
Resolutions of the Standing Committee—
6. Recommending a grant of Rs. 775 for the work of constructing latrines and urinals at the Arthur Crawford Markets.
7. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 2,500 to meet excess expenditure due to an increase in the number of maintenance works, etc., in the Water Works Department.
8. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,500 to meet the present value of a motor car proposed to be retained as a supernumerary car.
9. Recommending a grant of Rs. 468 for providing 12 benches at the foreshore of the Mazagon Bunder, Dock Yard Road.
10—12. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, certain budget transfers.
13. Recommending a grant of Rs. 47,808-15-7 to supplement the Street Improvement grant for the current year.
14. Recommending an advance of Rs. 500 to meet the cost of the preliminary survey of the inhabited areas of the Tansa Gathering Grounds.
15. Forwarding for orders a letter from the Trustees of the Vadala Hindu Cemetery, offering to hand over the cemetery to the Municipality, and a letter from Mr. Ramji Shivji and others, requesting that the residents of Vadala, Gowari and other neighbouring villages may be provided with a cemetery.
16. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the nuisance caused by the alleged slaughter of pigs at the Hog Market at Lohar Street, Mr. N. E. Master be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
17—18. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, certain budget transfers.
19. Recommending sanction to the lease of a chawl at Karwar Street occupied by the Health Department bigaries, being renewed for one year.
20. Recommending a grant of Rs. 4,036, for converting the Falkland Road Garden into a play ground for children.
21. Recommending a grant of Rs. 832, to write off the difference between the Book value and sale-proceeds of certain unserviceable stores.
22. Recommending sanction to expenditure incurred on Loan Works during the year 1915-16, in excess of the revised estimates.
23. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding a Municipal requisition for the conversion of basket privies at premises Nos. 80-81. Ripon Road Cross Lane, into water closets, Mr. A. K. Patel be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
24—25. Schools Committee's Letters—Forwarding (24) excerpts from the Committee's Proceedings and (25) a copy of a statement of the Committee's views on the subject of Improvement and Extension of Female Education.
Letters from the Commissioner—
26. Requesting approval to the changes in the alignment of certain roads in connection with the Parel Road (Northern) Street Scheme No. 47.
27 (*a*) Requesting sanction to a revised regular line being prescribed for a portion of New Hanuman Street and (*b*) Letter from Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal Mehta & Company, Solicitors, on behalf of Mr. Hiralal Mansukhlal Munshi—Objecting to the proposal.
28. Requesting sanction to a revised regular line being prescribed for a portion of Bhuleshwar Road.
29. Requesting sanction to the supply of water to the Police at Ghatkoper.
30. Forwarding Government Resolution regarding the revised Police Accommodation Scheme at Gamdevi.
31. Requesting sanction to a gratuity of Rs. 99-8-0 being paid to a fireman on the Steam Roller Establishment.
32. Requesting sanction to a special compassionate allowance of Rs. 500 being paid to the heirs of the late Mr. Isack Cooke, Assistant Sanitary Inspector in the Health Department.
33. Requesting approval to certain conditions being embodied in the agreement made with the Bombay Telephone Company for the erection of telephone posts along Tulsi Pipe Line between Dadar Station and Mori Road.
34. Notice of motion from Dr. Dinsha Bamanji Pestanji Master—For obtaining certain particulars regarding the sufficiency, etc., of the brushing machines for cleaning the road.
Letters from the Commissioner—
35. Requesting sanction to the acceptance of a sum of Rs. 12,000 offered by Dr. K. E. Dadachanji for the construction of a public drinking fountain with cattle troughs and a washing place at Carnac Road in memory of his late brother Mr. Rustomji Edulji Dadachanji.
36. Regarding the desirability of issuing licenses to electrical contractors for carrying out and supervising electric installations in the City and of providing for a periodic inspection of all such installations.
37. Regarding the provision of a culvert or an overbridge on the Port Trust Railway between Mahim and Matunga.
38. Requesting sanction to Mr. T. B. Vakil, Head Surveyor in the Water Works Department, being exempted from furnishing security for the period during which he acted as Superintendent, Maintenance Branch.
39. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.
40. Forwarding a return of unwholesome food-stuff destroyed by the Markets Department.
41. Forwarding a return showing the hours of supply of water to the different localities in the City.
Notices of motions—
42. From Dr. S. S. Batliwala—For inviting the attention of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company to two fatal accidents which occurred at Suparibag Road and Colaba Causeway and for requesting them to convert the single tracks of rails into double tracks wherever possible.
43. From Dr Moreshwar C. Javle—For obtaining a report on the question of improving the condition of DeLisle Road.
Letters from the Commissioner—
44. Requesting sanction to a road at Carnac Bunder being named Gamudia Road.
45. Regarding the condition of the stables situated on the west side of the Railway lines between the Mahaluxmi and Grant Road Stations.
46. Forwarding an application from the King George V Anti-Tuberculosis League for a renewal of the Municipal contribution of Rs. 10,000 per annum to their funds.
47. Requesting sanction to the period of absence on deputation of Mr. T. C. Greenop, Chief Officer, Fire Brigade, to Kashmir, for advising as to the best methods of dealing with outbreaks of fire in the Towns of Shrinagar and Jammu, being treated as leave on deputation.
48. Requesting sanction to a portion of land forming part of the land which is proposed to be obtained from the City Improvement Trust in exchange for certain plots of Municipal land at East Agripada, being sold to the Khatao Makanji Mills.
49—51. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—(49) Reporting Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee. (50) Submitting a list of Resolutions passed by the Corporation calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received and (51) Submitting a statement of Outstanding Committees of the Corporation.
52. Municipal Commissioner's Administration Report for the year 1915-16, together with the Review thereof by the Standing Committee.
Reports of Committees of the Corporation—
53. Regarding the duplication of the main ovoid sewer from the junction of Lamington Road and Gilder Lane to the junction of Charni Road and Khetwadi Back Road.
54. Regarding the closing of the Kennedy Bridge level crossing.
55. Regarding a proposal for the demolition of the parapet wall of the Sandhurst Bridge and the addition of the site occupied by it to plot No. 1, Sandhurst Road.
56. Regarding the rates charged by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company for the supply of electricity to Hotels, Clubs, etc.
57. Regarding the cost of construction of a new sewer from Carnac Road along the new Improvement Trust Road.
58. Regarding the improvement of the moral, material and educational condition of the depressed classes.
By order of the President,
R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 29th September, 1916. 5431

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received at the Royal Opera House, on TUESDAY, the 3rd October, at noon sharp, for a quantity of Cast Iron and Wrought Iron, such as Pillars, Brackets, Angles, etc., in one lot, of the Landing Shed which stood at Apollo Bunder before the last visit of Their Majesties. Also for Wooden Trusses, Planks, etc., in another lot, belonging to the same shed. The Iron is lying in the compound of the Royal Opera House, Queen's Road, and the Wooden Materials at Lakri Bunder, where they could be seen.
Rates should be per ton for Iron and for whole lot of Wooden materials.
A deposit of Rs. 500 for the Iron, and Rs. 200 for the Wooden materials, should be given with the tenders for which receipts will be given by the Royal Opera House, and the sums will be returned to the successful tenderers.
All rights re. acceptance of offer are reserved. 5421

THE FRAMJEE PETIT SPINNING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the six months ended 30th June 1916, at the rate of Rs. 40 (Forty) only per Share will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 2nd October, 1916, at the Registered Office of the Company Nos. 21-27, Hornby Road, Fort, between 12 and 3 p.m. (S.T.), to Shareholders whose names will have stood on the Register of Shares on MONDAY, the 25th September, 1916, on production of Share Certificates.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 25th September, to MONDAY, the 2nd October, 1916, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
For the Framjee Petit Spg. & Mfg. Co. Ltd.,
D. M. PETIT SONS & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 21st September, 1916. 5316

PUBLIC NOTICES

NEXT OF KIN WANTED.

WANTED next of kin of the late Mrs. Sarah Boyd, widow of James Tennant Boyd, late Proprietor of Boyd's Ice Factory, Bombay. Mrs. Boyd was first married to Mr. James Frederick Barrett at Karachi, then to Mr. William Pritchard and as his widow she married Mr. Boyd in Bombay in October, 1887. Information to be sent to CRAWFORD BAYLEY and Co. Solicitors, 24, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 5373.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE have REMOVED our OFFICES and SHOW ROOM to No. 6, New Queen's Road.
HORMASJI SORABJI & SONS.
5399

NOTICE.

WE, the Undersigned, have been appointed AGENTS in Bombay of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company as from 1st October, 1916.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
5414

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

No. 546 of 1913.

Re ASANAND DHARAMDAS, a partnership firm, until lately carrying on business as Commission Agents at Barbhai Molla, Bombay and Karachi and other places: .....Adjudged Insolvents.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above-named insolvents have applied to the Court for their discharge and that the Court has fixed the 6th December, 1916, at 11-30 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.
Dated this 28th day of September, 1916.
R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.
Chief Clerk's office, High Court.
Fort, Bombay, the 29th September 1916.
5432

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 365 OF 1916.

PESTONJI MANECKJI POONJIAJI ..... Plaintiff.
DADABHAI FRAMJI POONJIAJI and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 2nd day of May, 1916, the following immoveable property will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on SATURDAY, the 7th day of October, 1916, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the plaintiff and the defendants abovenamed in —
All that piece or parcel of land or Pension and Tax ground being the portion of the Oart called Owlee Churney or Hamal Wadi containing by admeasurement 245 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue for Pension and Tax under No. 196, together with dwelling house or building and a shed standing thereon respectively, assessed by the Municipal Commissioner under Nos. 205 and 208, situate on the South side of the 1st Marine Lane at Dhobi Talao without the Fort walls of Bombay, in the Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, which said hereditaments and premises are bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East partly by sweeper's passage (3 feet wide to be used in common by the owner of the premises and premises of Cooverji Cowasji Camodwalla) partly by Government land on or towards the West partly by a passage to be used in common by the owner of the said premises and the premises of Dhunjibhai Rustomji and partly by the Scottish burial ground, on or towards the North by the said first Marine Lane aforesaid and on or towards the South by Government land.
For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Wadia, Ghandy and Co., Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at Oriental Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
Dated this 26th day of August, 1916.
(Sd.) H. H. WADIA.
5232 Commissioner.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

George V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HIRABAI, widow of MOWJI KHIMJI BODANI, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant ..... Deceased.
SOONDERBAI, widow of MOWJI KHIMJI BODANI and widow of DWARKADAS MORARJI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner
All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Twenty-first day of Sept. in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of our Reign.
(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
21st day of September, 1916.
Messrs. EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA and Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
5429.

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.
And
In the matter of the HOWARD and BULLOUGH MILLS Co., Ltd., (in Liquidation.)

The Chartered Bank of India Australia and China, The National Bank of India, Ltd., The Mercantile Bank of India Ltd., The Eastern Bank Ltd., and the Bank of Baroda, Ltd. ... Petitioners

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders for the purchase of the immovable property of the above Company including the mill and all fixed plant and machinery are invited by the undersigned at his office at 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, upto 3 p.m. (S.T.) on 30th day of October, 1916.

Conditions of sale and particulars of the property to be sold can be seen at the office of the undersigned and a copy thereof and also of the form of tender required to be used will be sent to bonafide intending purchaser on application in writing.

No tender will be considered unless made upon one of the above forms and accompanied by a deposit by cheque or in cash of 5 per cent (five per cent) on the amount tendered.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

If any tender is not accepted the deposit will be returned in full but without interest.

Acceptance, if any, of a tender will be notified shortly after the opening of the tenders.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1916.

R. D. Sethna,
Official Liquidator.
The Howard & Bullough Mills, Co., Ltd. (in liquidation.)

5410.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of THAKER TULSIDAS SOORJI, of Bombay Cutchi Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, a Dealer in Gunnies and Hesian Goods ... Deceased

MITHABAI, widow of THAKER TULSIDAS SOORJI, of Bombay, Cutchi Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Vadgadi, outside the Fort of Bombay, the executrix named in the last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness SIR BASIL SCOTT Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-first day of Sept. in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen and in the seventh year of our Reign.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI.
Registrar.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.
21st day of September, 1916.

Messrs. EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA and Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

5430.

FAMOUS COUNTRY-BRED RACE HORSES FOR SALE

Offers are invited upto 5th October next for the following well-known C. B. Race Horses.

"AUBREY" and "OOSMANIA"

1. **"Aubrey,"** Ch. Cb. H. age 6 years, Champion C.B. of India, twice winner of the Governor-General's Cup, Meerut, 1915 and 1916, twice winner of the Champion Cup, Bangalore 1914 and 1916. Winner of Yuvaraja's Cup, Mysore, the Governor's Cup Madras and many other races especially in Poona with English Horses in 1915 and 1916.

2. **"Oosmania,"** Br. Cb. H. only 3 years old, winner of 3 races out of 4 starts, 7 furlongs, 1 mile and 1¼ miles. Best performance ever shown by a C. B. colt of 3 years. Entered for the Governor-General's Cup, Meerut 1917, very promising long distance.

No offers will be received after the 5th October next, and persons offering will remain bound until the 10th October. Owner not bound to accept any offer.

HAJEE OOSMAN SAIT,
C/o A. E. FAZLA,
185, *Kambeker Street,*
BOMBAY.

Tel. "HAKEER".

THE SOUND INVESTMENT AGENCY.

SHARE, STOCK, EXCHANGE BROKERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

EVERY description of shares and securities bought and sold at the most favourable rates. Expert and reliable advice and information given to Investors. Investors' reference sent on application. Great facility afforded to mofussil customers. All orders promptly executed and thorough satisfaction guaranteed. Highest references given.

Fixed and Short period Deposits arranged with Banks, Firms and Mills.

Loans arranged on shares and approved securities.

Life and Fire Insurance, effected with first class English and Indian Companies.

Agency business of all sorts undertaken.

Address.—31, Hurumum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address:—"SURETY" Bombay

SALE BY AUCTION

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

10, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

On MONDAY, the 2nd day of October, 1916, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16 Apollo Street, opposite the Government Dockyard and next to the Great Western Hotel, Fort, horses, carriages and bicycles, at 2 p.m., (S.T.), and new designed furniture and sundry articles, at 3 p.m., (S.T.).

Furniture such as single and double mirrored door handsome almyrahs, cupboards, chairs, rich drawing room suites, fancy teapoys, marble top tables, glassware, etc.

1 Sweet toned Cottage piano.

The property of a European gentleman:—

1 carved screen (specially made to order.)

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Official Liquidator of the Vemishanker Laxmishanker Cotton Mills Co., Ld. (in liquidation):—

Office table, cupboard, arm and armless chairs, book stand, teapoy, stool, clock, electric fan, safe by Godrej, etc.

Under instructions from B. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee, Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Dattaram Hansamal, an insolvent:—

Silk sarees, saree borders, silk frocks, silk pieces, shawl, bed sheets, pardah, etc.

Under instructions from the Post Master General Bombay:—

Dead articles from the Dead Letter office such as provisions, bottles, of Fellows' syrup, books, used stamps, picture post cards sample cuttings, wearing apparel, etc.

AT 2 P.M., (S.T.).

1 rubber-tyred glass-fronted miniature office brougham and 1 office shigram.

1 rubber-tyred handsome victoria.

1 Arab horse.

Second-hand bicycles.

AUCTION SALE OF PRINTING MACHINERY ETC., OF THE WELL-KNOWN MINTO PRINTING PRESS.

Under instructions from Multani Tehilram Girdharidas, the mortgagee in possession and on account and risk of the party, concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of October, 1916, at 2 p.m. (B.T.) at the Picket Road, Kalbadevi, the printing machinery, etc., of the well-known Minto Printing Press, consisting of:—

Royal Printing Machine with its fan (very little used), treadle, cutting-machine, galley press, perforating and wire paging machine, electric motor, one large lot of new English types by American Makers, type cases and furniture, etc.

In separate lots or in one lot to suit buyers.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th Sept. 1916.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT, G. I. P. RY., ETC.

No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

Residence Telephone No. 696.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE SUBSTANTIAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE BLACKWOOD CENTRE TABLES OF SORTS, RARE CHINESE CABINETS WITH INLAID MOTHER-OF-PEARL RELIEF PANELS, SOLID IRON FRAMED GRAND COTTAGE PIANO BY SOUNDY AND CO., RICH COLLECTION OF OLD CHINAWARE, VERY BIG OLD CHINA JAR, ETC., ETC.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the first floor of the "Clerk House," opposite the Hotel Majestic, Wodehouse Road, the very valuable substantial and specially ordered teak and blackwood highly polished furniture, such as sliding dining table for 8 persons, specially ordered dining chairs, mirrored English sidebards, dinner waggons, meatsafes, ice box, drawing room and reading room complete suites of sofas and chairs lined superior velvet, rich writing tables, office tables, artistic cabinets, office chairs, revolving book cases, mirrored hatstands, low easy chairs, rich carpets, rich Satsuma vases, selected oil paintings, octagonal marble topped tables, wall plates, table ornaments, card tables, marble clocks, wall brackets, Saharanpore teapoys, rare Chinese cabinets with inlaid Mother-of-pearl relief panels, rich teapoys, music canterburies, solid iron framed grand Cottage piano by Soundy and Co., rich collection of old Chinaware, very big old China jar, big porcelain hand painted vases, selected solid double and single glass and panel door almirahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers, marble topped dressing and washing tables, iron double and single beds, towel horses, rich glass, porcelain and platedware, etc., etc., the property of the Well-known diamond merchant Mr. Menasche including that of other gentlemen.

Catalogues are published and the furniture is on view.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th September, 1916.

SALE BY AUCTION

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

No. 52. Medows Street.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M., (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE of Teak and Blackwood Mahogany polished carved and plain office and household strong furniture, Platedware, Glassware, etc., etc.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 30th September, 1916, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & Co., will sell by public auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, rich teak and blackwood strong furniture including fancy satin and tapestry lined upto-date fashionable suites, single and double glass door almyrahs, panel and glass door book cases, office writing tables and chairs, corner cabinets, dressing tables, chest of drawers, leather lined arm easy chairs and sofas, cane and fancy tapestry lined reclining sofas, dumb waiters, cloth and glass screens, ladys' tables birchwood chairs, dining tables, cane chairs, phonograph, records, glass and crockeryware, platedware etc., etc.

By order of an office concerned.

1 Remington Typewriting machine.

The property of a private gentleman.

1 master key mahogany polished roll top table.

1 double glass door cupboard.

By order of the concerned.

1 marble top blackwood wall table.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 30th Sept. 1916.

AMUSEMENTS

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.

TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT.

A Red Feather Photo Play

A KNIGHT OF THE RANGE

6000 Ft. 5 Reels.

The most Lavish Western Production. A thrilling virile story of the western plains. A tremendous human interest play in a glorious western setting.

Featuring that virile actor and star

HARRY D. CAREY

(TOM LARNIGAN of the GRAFT serial play)

SEE

The most dare devil champion roughriding in the world. The daring feats of horsemanship of these sons of the plain will thrill you through.

Also showing

GAUMONT GRAPHIC

Nos. 564—565.

Time:—7, 8-45, 10-30 Nightly.

USUAL PRIZE SHOWS.

SATURDAY & SUNDAY 5-15 to 6-45.

HALF RATES.

Re. 1 to As. 2.

COMING. NEXT WEEK. COMING.

The Photo Play Version of the Novel

WOMAN WHO DID

BY

GRANT ALLEN.

Complete Novel for sale at the theatre

Price As. 8.

OLYMPIA CINEMA,

SANDHURST ROAD.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!

PATHE'S GRAND SERIAL

THE ROMANCE OF ELAINE.

Last 8 parts. FULL OF SCIENCE AND ART.

WITH 12 CASH PRIZES OF Rs. 1000.

ALSO

GAUMONT GRAPHIC

Nos. 565-566

containing Latest War News.

Look out! Look out!

Next Saturday, 7th October.

THE TERRIBLE POISON.

6,000 feet.

SATURDAY, 14th October.

CIRCUS OF DEATH.

7,000 feet.

P. WARUSAVITANE BROS.

JEWELLERS AND DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES.

A large selection of Ceylon hand-made laces always in stock.

CEYLON DEPOT,
Opp. G. P. O., Fort Street,
BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

Bombay's Leading Theatre.
6-30 Twice Nightly 9-45 p.m.

This Week's Great Dramatic Masterpiece.

PATHE PRESENTS THE GOLD ROOSTER TRIUMPH

"THE WOMAN'S LAW"
"THE WOMAN'S LAW"
"THE WOMAN'S LAW"

A wife saves her worthless husband by substituting for him a stranger who is his living image. A powerful and most unusual story written by Mrs. Maravene Thompson and superbly produced.

Featuring the great emotional actress,

FLORENCE REED
FLORENCE REED
FLORENCE REED

Whose remarkable acting in "New York" all Bombay remembers.

FLORENCE REED To whom emotion and acting is the staff of life.
FLORENCE REED will show you how much art and reality the screen can show.
FLORENCE REED the finest of modern film-actresses.

"THE WOMAN'S LAW" "THE WOMAN'S LAW" in 4 great acts

"THE WOMAN'S LAW" "THE WOMAN'S LAW" in 4 great acts

HAVE YOU A DOUBLE?

A famous jurist opines that there is a double of everyone in each great city. This film shows the remarkable result of a Millionaire Wastrel having a double in a man of absolutely opposite temperament.

"THE WOMAN'S LAW" is a Great Film and you are absolutely sure to be held spell-bound by every foot of it. SEEING IS BELIEVING.

Continued success of our High-Class Vaudeville.

MISS PAT O'CONNOR The Irish Whirlwind in Ballet, Classical and Eccentric Dancing.

MILDRED GROVER AND DICK RICHARDS

in New songs, impressions, stories and patter.

POPULAR PRICES. Plan at Theatre. Tel. No. 288.

All seats by Tephone to be taken at 9-30 p.m.

THE EXCELSIOR—THE THEATRE FOR STAR ATTRACTIONS.
The Most Up-to-date and complete show in Bombay.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA

CHARNI ROAD. TO-NIGHT! TEL. No. 1271.

A Great British Exclusive.

VENGEANCE OF ALLAH.

A Three-Reel Thrilling Indian Drama, written and produced by Martin F. Thornton.

* * * * *

One of the most thrilling expositions of Eastern life ever placed before the public. Full of sensational incidents and quick action. Three reels of real excitement.

NOTICE.

This Cinematograph will probably be closed next week; bu final announcement will be made later on.

Three Shows Nightly—6-45 to 8-15; 8-30 to 10; 10-15 to 11-45.

Prize Shows—This Evening—5 to 6-30.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.

THE ROYAL YAKUTI.

(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani medicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills. Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No PARHEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM. Rajkot, Kathiawar.

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Framed Smartly at the Cheapest Rates.

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Next to Evans Fraser,
Hornby Road, BOMBAY

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & CO.,

Oculists, Scientific Refractionists and MANUFACTURING OPTICIANS MANUFACTURERS and SUPPLIERS OF THE PATENTED

the invisible bi-focal "KRYPTOK" one-piece

and all kinds of lenses from pebbles, and from best quality crown glass, also tinted lenses, smoke, euphos, amber, blue etc.

TORIC LENSES MADE TO ANY PRESCRIPTION.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR.

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST, with 16 years experience in sight-testing retinoscopically. Holds exceptional testimonials from the most eminent and enlightened citizens of Bombay and the Presidency.

SERVICES OF A RESIDENT. OPHTHALMIC SURGEON FREE.

No. (7) 879, Hornby Row, BOMBAY, opp. Govt. Telegraph Office, FORT.

AMUSEMENTS

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE BOMBAY

HOME OF SELECT CINEMA.
EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.
LAST NIGHT OF THE RECORD-BREAKING FILM.

"THE POOL OF FLAME."

THE LAST ADVENTURE OF TERENCE O'ROURKE.

A jewel from a Buddhist Temple in Rangoon is in O'Rourke's possession, and a big reward is offered for its return. An Indian Princess and a Duke in turn steel the ruby, but after many interesting developments Terence gets it back and wins the reward. The Burmese scenery and Indian atmosphere make the film specially attractive.

A Brilliant Comic:

"IT NEARLY HAPPENED."

The amusing and instructive story of how two susceptible but foolish country people were robbed by servants in a big city hotel.

The latest

PATHE GAZETTE.

EIGHTEEN BAND PIECES BY THE EUROPEAN ORCHESTRA.

TO-MORROW SUNDAY.

GREAT TRIPLE BILL.

"THE LOCKED DOOR."

Wonderful fire drama taken in New York City pointing out the dangers of carelessness in large factories where many hands work.

"THE ONE WOMAN."

Splendid Drama dealing with opium smuggling in San Francisco and the love of a man for a maid after many years of estrangement.

"THE LITTLE MASCOT."

A story of athletics and how a clever little girl helped her big friend to defeat crooks and win a big running race.

Also the last mail's

PATHE GAZETTE.

Showing:—Girls' Tug-of-War at Englefield,—Explosion of Ammunition Store at Jersey City,—Activity in Salonika,—The Queen in East London, etc.

Prices: Re. 1-8, Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4.
Box seats Rs. 2.

The Celebrated Indian Confectioner

AMICHAND GOVINDJI

The Oldest and most Popular Confectionery Depot in India.

(Established over Half a Century Ago.)

Opposite Jumma Masjid, Shaik Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.

'Phone No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following Certificate:—
Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street, E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govindji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, *Chairman.*
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, *Secretary.*

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various description and sizes.

THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALVAS of different description such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffron Halva with almonds, (c) Gummy Halva, (d) Rose scented Halva, (e) Vanila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva (h) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous Public are requested to give us a trial.

OUR MOTTO:

MATERIALS-Reliable
STYLES-Seasonable
PRICES-Reasonable

Give us a trial when ordering your next Suit.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

A. R. DIAS & BROS.

TAILORS & OUTFITTERS,
18/19, Hira Building,
Crawford Market, BOMBAY.

IMPERIAL CARLTON

AJAX & EXCELDA

Boots and Shoes,

MADE ON THE

NEW LONDON SHAPE.

Smartest, Best and Most Up-to-Date on the Market.
ASK FOR THEM!!

TAJBHOY & CO.,

BARIA MANSIONS
(Opposite Crawford Market),
BOMBAY,
Are the SOLE AGENTS.

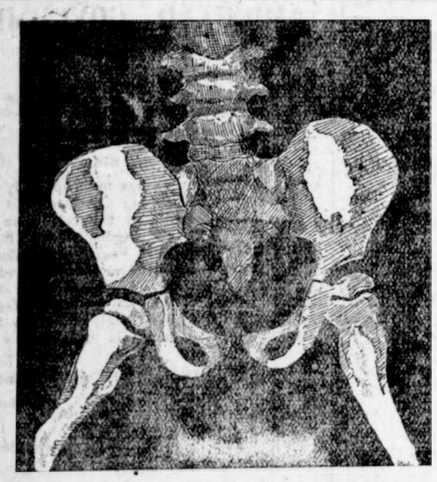
Accidents happen every day.

HAVE YOU PROVIDED AGAINST THAT?
LIFE & ACCIDENT POLICY COMBINED CAN BE HAD FROM THE:—

GREAT EASTERN LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LD.

(INCORPORATED IN STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.)
Registered in Great Britain.
HEAD OFFICE:— Singapore. LONDON OFFICE:— 32, Old Jewry, London, E.C
GOOD RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED.
For particulars apply to:—
M. V. MERCHANT,
BRANCH MANAGER,
12-14, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

ASK FOR
KABUTO PILSENER BEER
(BEST & REFRESHING)
OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.
SOLE AGENTS:— **JEENA & Co.,**
34, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
AGENTS WANTED WHERE NOT REPRESENTED.



X-RAY.

EXPOSURES are given independently or in consultation with Doctors for SKIN DISEASES and MALIGNANT GROWTHS, and PHOTO and SCREEN EXAMINATION IS CARRIED OUT with the aid of our TWO BIG UP-TO-DATE X-RAY APPARATUS.

Doctors are cordially invited to send their cases.

ZANDER'S INSTITUTE. LAMINGTON ROAD, BOMBAY.

ARMS & AMMUNITION MART.
MAHOMEDALLY NOORBHOY,
ABDUL REHMAN STREET,
Near Crawford Market, BOMBAY.
Send for Catalogue.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "SHOOTER"

SHIPPING.

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer	*Veniero	for	Calcutta
,,	Malta	for	China

*To arrive.

Sept. 29.

S. S. Saigon Maru:—The O. S. K. steamer Saigon Maru left Osaka for Bombay on the 23rd instant via Kobe, Moji, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo.

Friday, 29th September, 1916.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

C. & R. Shinkoku Maru..Kashiki.....O. S. K.
F. Obra .....Davy.....N. M. & Co
D. & E. Marandi Indesit.....T. M. & Co
G. Dovre.....Siqiland.....J. M. & Co.
H. Salma.....F. F. C. & Co.
P. Frankenfels.....W. & A. G. & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Scindia.....Erstin.....W. & A. G. & Co.
4 Ischia.....Maoletti.....Rubattino Co.
6 Asia Maru.....M. M. Shirazi.
7 Firoz ni.....T. M. & Co
8 Rostock.....W. & A. G. & Co
9 Benvenue.....Addison.....W. & A. G. & Co.
10 & 11 Rangoon Maru.....N. Y. Kaisha
15 Standard.....M. M. Shirazi.

HARBOUR WALL.

Lhasa.....King.....M. M. & Co

H. D. D.

Tug Harold.....H. I. Dixon & Co

M. W. D. D.

Sikh.....T. M. & Co.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Malta.....Talbot.....P. & O. S. N Co
4 City of Manchester..Moztin.....K. N. & Co.
5 Nagoya.....Garwed.....P. & O. S. N. & Co
6 Rheinfels.....W. & A. G. & Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Baroda.....M. M. & Co.
Din.....Pallett.....W. & A. G. & Co.
Flor-de-Dia.....Abeo.....Ehimji
Meteor.....Remmerena.....W. & A. G. & Co
Nurani.....Thomson.....B. & P. S. N. Co.
Pundua.....Andreason.....M. M. & Co.
Phranang.....Nicol.....M. M. Steam
Virawa.....Bepburn.....M. M. & Co

EXPORTS.

Sept. 29.

FOR LONDON.

Nagoya (s) 3 bales sheep skin, C. Rahimtoola and Sons; 73 bales cow hides, V. Esmail and Co.; 37 bales calf and cow hides, 3 bales sheep skins, R. M. Kooka; 2 bales cow hides, A. A. Feerbhoy; 14 bales cow hides, A. and E. H. Mahomed; 95 bales cow hides, M. J. Joomabhoy and Co.; 89 bales cow hides, H. Noor Mahomed and H. Eisa; 2,000 cwts. linseed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Rheinfels (s) 100 bales wool, E. M. and Sons; 31 bales wool, N. Gambhirmal; 76 bales wool, J. N. Kapadia and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Rooke (s) 3,015 cwts. groundnuts, 9,911 cwts. lentils, J. Fachiri.

Frankenfels (s) 10 bales goat skins, E. N. Stein.

Benvenue (s) 3,060 cwts. mascor, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Marondio-Inglessi (s) 400 bales cotton, C. Boggiano and Co.; 10,009 cwts. linseed, C. Boggiano and Co.; 4,001 cwts. linseed, M. B. Kaisha; 1,001 cwts. rape seed, C. Boggiano and Co.; 400 cwts. castor seed, M. Somji; 250 tons old iron scrape, K. M. Nathoo.

Ischia (s) 20 bales cavri cotton, A. Durst.

FOR KOBE.

Rangoon Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

Shinkoku Maru (s) 52 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.; 100 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Rangoon Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

IMPORTS,

Sept. 29.

S. S. Scindia from Liverpool, Agents W. and A. Graham and Co.—88 drums bleaching powder, 86 barrels salammonia, 10 cases sulphuric acid, 3 cases tartar emetic, 3 kegs tannic acid, 100 bags Glauber salt, 81 drums magnesium chloride, 39 drums 8 casks zinc chloride, 2,100 bags soda ash, 2 cases glycerine, 11 casks 7 kegs 1 case hydro sulphite of soda, 2 cases caustic soda, 150 cases hydro chloric acid, 14 cases aniline salt, 6 casks bichromate of potash, 1 cask acetic acid, 110 cases beer, 60 cases 15 hogsheads stout, 80 cases ginger wine, 30 cases rum, 665 hogsheads ale, 51 hogsheads 1 cask 1,255 cases whisky, 27 casks lamp globes, 16 casks 16,135 numbers 9 cases 242 crates tiles, 509 numbers empty caraboys, 116 bags broken tiles, 951 casks copperas, 52 casks 27 cases 10 drums 3 kegs dye, 63 crates 9 cases 4 casks earthenware, 5 cases cycle accessories, 2 cases cycle parts, 1 case tyres, 2,195 bags 1,540 casks China clay, 4 cases motor car, 3 cases motor cycle, 3 cases lubricating oil and jelly, 12 cases boots and shoes, 25 drums carbolic acid, 9 cases medicine, 600 crates glass bottles, 30 cases 20 boxes corn flour, 20 cases Paisley flour, 70 cases sauce, 5 kegs perborate soda, 1 crate insulating oil, 13 cases solder, 1 case gelatine, 12 crates stoneware jars, 30 cases safety fuses, 58 trusses hessain packing, 3 cases oil of lemon, 210 cases bath bricks, 8 cases perfumed spirit, 20 barrels olive oil 50 cases condensed milk, 47 casks gum tragasol, 2 casks sulphur yellow, 21 cases 23 casks sulphur black powder, 204 sacks starch, 6 casks khaki yellow paste, 10 cases 11 casks alizarine red paste, 58 cases varnish, 920 kegs 34 cases paint, 5 drums black sulphur dye, 1 case orange dye paste, 2 cases cheese, 33 cases tinned meat, 3 cases charcoal fuel, 6 cases hams and bacon, 7 cases roller skin, 185 casks 26 barrels coal pitch, 157 casks coal tar, 1 bale camel hair belting, 1 case 20 trusses leather, 10 cases 5 casks vinegar, 25 cases sauce, 4 casks 100 drums 1 case 2 kegs 50 barrels grease, 5 cases 4 bales leather belting, 10 trusses 1 case picking bands, 4 cases nickle silver circles, 41 casks 20 firkins colour, 7 cases confectionery, 178 cases biscuits, 109 bales 14 crates 1 case paper, 27 cases 18 trusses 20 bags pickers, 444 cases 208 casks 117 kegs nails, 4 cases floor cloth, 96 bales 2 cases canvas, 35 cases 20 bales woollen goods, 2 cases mixed linen goods, 25 bales blankets, 24 bales 1 truss rugs, 4 cases silk yarn, 20 cases umbrella furniture, 1 bale cotton twine, 25 cases umbrellas, 2 cases sewing silk, 2 bales jute bagging, 2 bales cotton belting, 20 cases art silk goods, 5 cases linen goods, 59 cases oil cloth, 1 case cotton and linen goods, 7 bales hemp twine, 4 bales 10 coils rope, 4 bales white zephyr wool, 57 cases cotton net, 45 cases cotton and art silk goods, 38 cases 21 bales woollen and cotton goods, 101 cases sewing cotton thread, 246 bales 213 cases cotton yarn, 2,593 cases 614 bales cotton piece-goods, 814 cases 2,530 boxes soap, 147 cases tobacco and cigarettes.

PARISIAN DAIRY CO., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

HEALTHY HAIR HINTS.

The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

In fact many learned men use Kaminia Oil to prevent their hair from coming out. They are succeeding with it, too.

So are many in all stages of intellectuality.

Available everywhere but it must be Kaminia Oil.

GODREJ'S SAFES.

Used by Their Majesties when IN INDIA.

By appointment to His Excellency The Governor.

Highest Awards wherever Exhibited (13 Exhibitions.)

Largest Safeworks IN INDIA Employing 500 men.

MAKERS TO H.I.M. MINT AND A LARGE NUMBER OF EUROPEAN AND INDIAN BANKS.

7 LARGE SAFES

supplied to Messrs. EWART LATHAM & Co., after their experience of other safes in the recent fire in their Offices.

372 SAFES

Supplied for Savings Banks in India and Burma after a severe competitive test by fire held in Calcutta by the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs in July 1912.

730 BURGLAR RESISTING SAFES

recently supplied to Government to replace other maker's safes that had been burgled.

GODREJ & BOYCE

MANUFACTURING Co.
Near Gas Work Parel, BOMBAY.

"Ic Mic" Cooker.

An unique apparatus for Cooking, Baking, Frying, Refrigerating and the like purposes.

Patented by Dr. I. M. Mallick, M.A., M.D.

Simplest mechanism.
Any parts separately available.

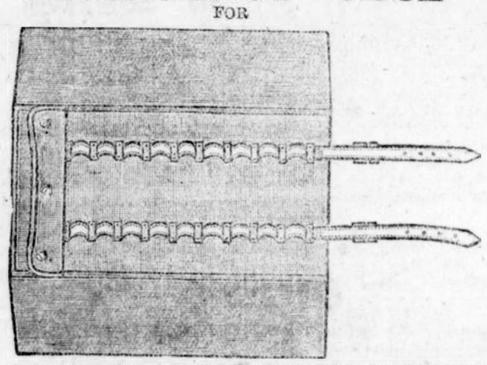
Cooks several dishes altogether in one hour. No attention necessary, as no scorching or over-boiling possible. Any fuel can be used. Highly economical in the food and fuel. A boon to the sick and the travellers. Best testimonials, certificates, gold medals and prize obtained.

Prices:—Rs. 10, 15, 22, and 35.
Stand extra.
For further particulars apply to Manager "Ic Mic" Cooker
29, College Street, CALCUTTA.

AMRUTANJAN

BEST INDIAN PAIN BALM
Price 8 Annas per Bottle
AMRUTANJAN DEPOT
109, Frere Road, BOMBAY

EMERGENCY CASE
FOR



Motorists — Motor Cyclists.

Tan Cowhide Leather Case with full width pocket at bottom, adjustable leather strap compartments for instruments and with flaps on both sides. Easily rolled up in a small roll
SUTOR & Co., Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Agents:—The Western India Army Boot & Equipment Factory, SION, BOMBAY.

SEISHINTAN

assists digestion and helps you keep healthy and fit for the day's work.

SEISHINTAN DEPOT.

MORARJI MARKET, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

NO EXTRA COST OF SPIRIT.

This stove lights with ordinary lamp oil and dispenses the expense of spirit. Burns only one oil, gives blue flame of intense heat.

VERY USEFUL IN FAMILIES, HOTELS, ETC.

Price for Roarer .. Rs. 10
,, ,, Silent .. ,, 11
POSTAGE EXTRA.

Apply or Call to:
D. V. WAGLE,
GIRGAON STOVE DEPOT.
737, Maharaja Buildings, Girgaon, Bombay.

PRIZE RUPEES 500
Free from any poisonous drug
Beware of imitations.
"YOUTH"
"RHEMANI PHARMACY'S"
REAL YAKUTI
Called "YOUTH" Contains
AMBER, MUSK, PEARLS
And high qualities of drugs. It is specially prepared for ROYAL FAMILIES and is THE REAL LIFE-GIVING NECTAR. "YOUTH" is SECOND TO NONE for all NERVINE DISEASES and LOST MANHOOD. It requires no recommendation as it has become too FAVOURITE and WELL-KNOWN to the Public

Price per Bottle:
1 oz. 7, 2 ozs. Rs. 13, 4 ozs. Rs. 25.
RHEMANI TONIC PILLS.
Specially for Lost Manhood only.
20 Pills Re. 1-4, 40 Pills Rs. 2.

RHEMANI SYRUP SARSA
Mon Best Blood Purifier Re. 1 per bottle
PILES CURE
Bleeding or blind Rs. 5 per bottle
For Females only
Leucorrhea and Menorrhagia Cure Rs. 2 per bottle
thly Regularity 40 Pills bottle Rs. 5/
All the above medicines are free from any poisonous drug. Any person, who proves that they do contain such drug, will get the above prize.
Piles ointment Re. 2 per bottle.
V. P. P. Extra.

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Aga Building, Parel Road (Bhindi Bazaar)
BOMBAY No. 9.

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Read this advertisement and send an order at once if you wish to "know Present Past and Future." This is the only means to know three times. We have received hundreds of certificates for its wonder. Children, women and men having faith can foresee their thoughts and their results. You easily get the news from your friends and relations from distant and foreign countries. Whether a particular thing will happen, what will be the consequences of a particular thing; events of Warfare, Profit and Loss in trade, increase and decrease of rates of articles, results of examination, service and such questions are at once satisfied by our "Aina."

WITH POSTAGE AND PACKING.
Big Crystal Aina ... ... Rs. 6—0—0
Crystal Aina ... ... ,, 3—9—0

ASHABHAI VAGJIBHAI PATEL,
POST KARAMSAD,
Via Anand District Kaira

PETER'S.
ACIDULATED FRUIT SYRUPS.
Refreshing and Delicious with either Aerated or plain water.
Lemon, Orange, Pineapple,
Raspberry, Rose, Strawberry, etc.
Price Re. 1 per qrt. bottle.

PETER'S
TOMATO SAUCE.
Pure and Wholesome.
Price Annas Seventeen per bottle.

F. PETER & Co.
Colaba Causeway, BOMBAY.

MENDIS' GOLD PILLS AGENCY,
322, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2,

The best tonic of the day. Remedy for Indian Potentates gives health, strength and vigour to all. Universal cure for all diseases of the heart, lungs, stomach and liver.
Rs. 2 per phial, Cash or V. P.
Price Rs. 3 per tube.
,, Rs. 15 per box of "Special,"

The True Safeguard of Baby's Health

'Allenburys' Foods

THE milk of a healthy mother confers a degree of immunity to infection to the young infant. Many mothers, however, though willing, cannot nurse their babies for various reasons. In such cases the greatest care should be taken in selecting a proper substitute. Ordinary cow's milk cannot be regarded as a safe food for infants; it is acid, contains indigestible curd, and is almost invariably contaminated with harmful germs. By using the "Allenburys" Foods, which are free from all dangerous organisms, and effectually replace human milk, security for baby is ensured and vigorous growth and health are promoted. The "Allenburys" Foods are largely used and recommended by the Medical and Nursing Professions; they have stood the test of time and have become a household necessity all over the world.

The 'Allenburys' Infant Dietary

Mother and Child. Baby 6½ months. Fed from birth on the 'Allenburys' Foods

MILK FOOD No. 1. From Birth to 3 months | MILK FOOD No. 2. From 3 to 6 months | MALTED FOOD No. 3 From 6 months upwards.

The 'Allenburys' Foods are made under special processes by machinery, and are entirely untouched by hand.

Write for free book 'Infant Feeding and Management' 64 pages of valuable information for every mother.

Allen & Hanburys Ltd., London, England.

A.D. 1715. Established 200 Years. A.D. 1915.

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Simplest and Best.

WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP

is acknowledged as an ABSOLUTE SPECIFIC in warding off the bites of

Mosquitos and Other Insects.

Good for Prickly Heat and Refreshing to the Skin.

Proprietors: WRIGHT, LAYMAN & UMNEY, Ltd., LONDON.

To be obtained from all Chemists and Stores, and Wholesale from:—

KATRAK & Co., KATRAK'S Buildings, KARACHI.

Variety of Uses.

The uses to which **LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE** can be put are innumerable.

At Luncheon, Dinner or Supper, it is the ideal sauce for *Roast Meats, Fish, Game, Cheese, Salad, etc.*

In the Kitchen, it is indispensable to the cook for flavouring *Soups, Stews, Gravies, Minced Meat, etc.*

In India, a favourite "Pick-me-up" is Lea & Perrins' Sauce with *Soda-water.*

Lea & Perrins

The Original and Genuine WORCESTERSHIRE.

WEATHER REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

The feeble storm which prevailed in Rajputana yesterday is now in the south-west Punjab and rainfall connected with it has generally been light. Conditions are disturbed in the north of the Bay.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma and Rajputana; local in Upper Burma and north Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in Bengal Gujrat and Hyderabad.

The chief amounts are:—Port Blair and Moulmein one inch; Mergui two; Toungoo and Darjeeling three; Jalpaiguri one and half; Jodhpur and Deesa one; Muslipatam three quarters.

Forecast:—Extension of rain in Punjab.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

STATIONS.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 29th Sept. 1916.	Total since June 1st 1916.	June 1st to Sept. 29th. 1915.	1914.
Colaba [Observatory]	0.02	80.41	73.58	81.28
Fort [St. George's Hospital] ..	0.00	86.48	75.85	84.18
Esplanade [Gok. Tej Hospital] .	0.00	84.70	71.36	86.24
Syculla [J. J. Hospital] ..	0.00	88.82	78 .78	92.96

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 28th Sept. 1916.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr....	29.747	Inch.
Temperature of Air	80.6	Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	76.6	,,
Dew Point.....	75.1	,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.8.6	,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky Cloudy—10)	8.4	,,
Maximum temperature of Air	85.5	,,
Minimum....do.....do.....	77.8	,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	W,S3W,S8E.	
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight.....	119	Miles.
Fall of Rain	0.00	Inches.
Total fall during month	14.55	,,
Do. do. year	80.50	,,
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 29th	0.02	,,

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft.	in	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time. h.	m.	Depth on Still. ft.	in
	Sept					Sept				
Fri.	29	m	0 12	28	3	29	m 6	0	17	5
			0 5a	27	6		6 10a	15	2	
Sat.	30	m	0 50	28	4	30	m 6	54	17	11
	Oct.		0 38a	27	2	Oct.	6 42a	15	1	
Sun.	1	m	1 30	28	1	1	m 7	19	18	8
			1 14a	26	8		7 17a	15	4	
Mon.	2	m	2 15	27	6	2	m 7	54	19	6
			1 55a	25	11		7 59a	15	11	
Tues.	3	m	3 7	26	10	3	m 8	46	20	4
			2 43a	25	1		8 50a	16	10	
Wed.	4	m	4 11	26	2	4	m 10	6	21	0
			3 53a	24	3		10 0a	17	8	
Thur.	5	m	5 28	25	10	5	m ,,	18	20	9
			5 25a	23	11		11 43a	18	4	

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Sept.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
,, 29 (Friday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 30m.
,, 30 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 29m.	,, 6h. 29m.
Oct. 1 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 30m.	,, 6h. 28m.
,, 2 (Monday)	,, 6h. 30m.	,, 6h. 27m.
,, 3 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 30m.	,, 6h. 26m.
,, 4 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 30m.	,, 6h. 26m.
,, 5 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 30m.	,, 6h. 25m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

First Quarter	1916 Sept.	5th	9h. 6.5m. a.m.
Full Moon	,, ,,	12th	2h. 0.9m. a.m.
Last Quarter	,, ,,	19th	11h. 5.3m. a.m.
New Moon	,, ,,	27th	1h. 4.1m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 29th September 1916, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are generally clear. The air is damper than usual in the east Punjab. Day temperature is in defect in the south, eastern districts; night temperature is generally in excess.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in the extreme north-western and western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Rajputana; Bikaner has had 0.27in., Jodhpur 3.75in., Ajmer 0.38in., Jaipur 0.24in. and Mount Abu 0.40in. Skies are lightly clouded in upper Sind and moderately or heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual and day temperature is in moderate or considerable defect in Rajputana; night temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been nearly general in north Gujarat; Ahmedabad has had 0.11in. and Deesa 0.92in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Day temperature is in defect in Gujarat and Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Day temperature is in defect in the northern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Skies are heavily clouded at Bombay and lightly clouded elsewhere.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been local in Hyderabad; Nizamabad has had 0.10in. and Hyderabad 0.38in. Skies are moderately clouded in south Hyderabad and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere.

General Remarks.—The depression has moved slightly northwards and has become diffuse; it has determined nearly general rain in Rajputana and north Gujarat. In the Peninsula local rain has fallen in Hyderabad and on the north Madras coast and a few showers in Malabar.

Local rain is likely in Rajputana and a few showers in Gujarat, south Hyderabad and on the north Madras coast.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on FRIDAY, the 29th of September 1916.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall; Past 24 hours	Total 1st June to date.	Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (28th Sept.) ..	90.2	74.9	83	..	0	..
Jask ..	97.9	70.2	72	..	0.29	—0.01
Do. (29th Sept.) ..	..	..	..	..	..	0.23
Muscat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (28th Sept.) ..	103.8	85.1	65	..	0.38	0.41
PUNJAB—						
Multan ..	99.9	80.5	80	..	3.62	—1.11
Rawalpindi ..	94.2	7.3	64	..	37.30	14.92
Lahore ..	9..4	76.0	71	..	23.08	8.00
Hissar ..	93.1	76.0	84	..	17.97	..
Ambala ..	92.0	76.1	66	..	29.09	5.61
Delhi ..	88.0	71.0	88	..	27.17	3.81
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra ..	89.4	77.1	81	0.03	24.86	4.76
Mainpuri ..	89 0	76.0	89	..	32 55	9.57
Jhansi ..	88 4	76.2	82	..	42.90	8.93
Cawnpore ..	90.6	77.1	89	..	46.98	14.94
Allahabad ..	91.6	77.1	91	..	39.26	24.42
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad ..	103.1	76.4	72	..	3.17	0.61
Karachi ..	86?.	6.7	84	..	21.67	13.54
Ajmer ..	78.6	73.2	94	0.38	25.27	6.47
Jaipur ..	83.6	74.1	90	0.24	21.75	0.22
Kotah ..	86.?	76.4	81	..	42.55	16.7
Mount Abu ..	69.?	59.9	98	0.40	31.74	—23.88
GUJARAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj ..	89.8	76.9	88	..	12.92	—0.56
Dwarka ..	86.6	78.6	87	..	11.10	—2.54
Veraval ..	84.6	79.8	78	..	23.55	6.59
Rajkot ..	93.4	76.8	81	..	24.20	—1.73
Bhavnagar Para ..	9?.6	7?.?	76	..	19.88	—0.18
Surat ..	85.9	76.1	79	..	52.25	*13.16
Ahmedabad ..	92.2	76.8	89	0.11	24.33	—4.43
Deesa ..	88.	76.1	93	0.92	21.76	1.61
Neemuch ..	83.4	75.0	92	0.01	37.12	10.72
Indore ..	82.9	7?.?	80	..	38.94	8.86
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore ..	85.8	72.3	87	..	43.00	—7.29
Saugor ..	85.4	70.6	80	0.02	37.16	—4.87
Hoshangabad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Khandwa ..	82.4	0.5	83	..	4.09	7.02
Akola ..	87.2	72.8	79	..	38.34	10.41
Amraoti ..	86.2	72.1	80	..	40.04	14.15
Nagpur ..	89.6	72.8	81	..	45.97	1.69
Chanda ..	91.4	73.4	85	..	49.92	2.41
Raipur ..	89.6	70.1	85	..	33.91	—10.21
KONKAN—						
Bombay ..	85.5	76.4	85	0.02	80.41	11.83
Ratnagiri ..	82.8	71.1	85	0.03	13230	37.02
Marmugao ..	86.6	73.7	92	..	11905	29.10
Karwar ..	83.4	71.2	90	0.02	12715	15.87
BOMBAY DAKCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon ..	93.4	70.0	74	..	20.38	1.57
Ahmednagar ..	87.5	69.2	73	..	24.02	6.24
Poona ..	8?.4	64.7	73	..	20.27	0.09
Sholapur ..	89.0	70.1	70	..	31.42	8.77
Bijapur ..	86.6	64.6	76	..	19.13	4.99
Belgaum ..	79.1	69.5	94	..	33.45	—4.46
Aurangabad ..	86.6	69.4	81	..	41.34	17.14
Nizamabad(Indur).	91.8	75.?	82	0.10	34.11	—4.82
Hyderabad ..	87.1	71.8	92	0.38	38.27	12.91
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore ..	85.2	72.4	81	..	10302	—5.68
Calicut ..	84.8	73.6	86	0.04	88.18	—3.21
Cochin ..	86.6	73.7	81	0.25	80.81	8.28
Colombo ..	85.1	77.6	83	..	30.18	9.50
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam ..	95.3	74.5	85	0.75	40.87	17.70
Bellary ..	91.6	69.2	63	..	15.52	5.09
Cuddapah ..	94.8	7?.8	64	..	29.29	9.93
Madras ..	99.2	79.3	68	..	13.00	—2.84
Bangalore ..	82.6	64.8	81	..	28.33	9.27
Coimbatore ..	87.6	6.9	75	..	10.59	5.09
Trichinopoly ..	95.6	74.5	66	..	18.43	7.24
Negapatam ..	93.6	76.7	87	..	15.76	5.21

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 29th September 1916 was 29.956 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decrease by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

Just Received HIGH GRADE PRISM BINOCULARS, AN IDEAL PRESENT FOR A FRIEND ON ACTIVE SERVICE.

OURS ARE THE SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES WITH A DISTINCTION.

Just Received SHOT-PROOF GOGGLES, INVALUABLE FOR SHOOTING AND SPORTING PURPOSES.

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Ophthalmic Lenses manufactured according to any prescription, with the highest mathematical accuracy. Spectacles and eye-glasses of the most varied and latest styles.

Just Received Exquisitely Charming OPERA GLASSES AND READING GLASSES fit for X'MAS Presentation.

EYES TESTED BY AN OPHTHALMIC SURGEON with the highest British qulifications.

Just Received MORTON'S Ophthalmoscope by CURRY & PAXTON INDESPENSABLE FOR OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS.

DRINK THE BEST DRINK

HUNTLY BLEND SCOTCH WHISKY.

AGD, PURE, MILD AND GOOD

INSIST UPON HAVING THE SAME.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTE

TO BE HAD OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT DEALERS

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PAID UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 15,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS: 3 per cent. per annum allowed on daily balance over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.

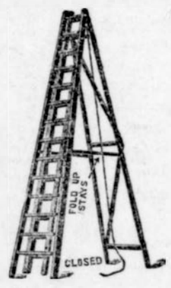
Purchase and Sale of securities at best rates available effected WITHOUT COMMISSION.

DETAILED Rules and further particulars on application.

AUDITORS: Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants, act as weekly auditors of the Bank.

HEAD OFFICE: Alice Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA, Manager



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In various sizes. Firmest and Strongest yet unsurpassed for lightness.

CATALOGUES FREE.

CLUBWALLA & Co., Ld.,

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RING WORM

That Nasty Disease!

Cured safely by Dr. Burman's RING WORM OINTMENT. A sure and certain Cure for all Skin Diseases, Ring Worm, Tetter, Acne, Pimples, Ivy poisoning and all kinds of skin troubles. All irritation stopped instantly after the first application. This is a tried medicine of proved success and can be used without the least hesitation. The medicine does not spo the clothes and is quite harmless as it does not contain poisonous substances.

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cures all kinds of pain.

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Messina Lemons

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Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES The most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

The SAFEST and most RELIABLE Remedy for

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HAS OVER 75 YEARS' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

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The four lines of letters in this square stand for two boys' and two girls' names. We guarantee to send you, Absolutely Free, one of our famous Imitation 18ct. Gold Watches (ladies' or gent's) if you send us the correct names; but you must comply with our conditions; and promise to show the Watch to your friends, as we wish to advertise our goods. It costs you nothing to try, so send at once, with stamp for reply

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Take LYNSOLA

an ideal, cure for cough and cold. It touches the tickle, dissolves the phlegm and heals the sore spots caused by irritation of the lungs. It is an excellent lung tonic, free from opiates or any injurious drug, and may be safely administered in all ages from infancy upwards. See the trade-mark of a monkey before buying.

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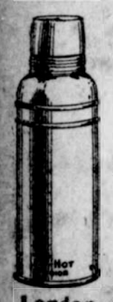

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Invaluable for House-keepers, Nurses, Campers, Travellers, Automobilists.

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All kinds of

MARBLE AND TILES MERCHANTS and CONTRACTORS.

Apply for Catalogue and Price List to D. P. No. 20.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Sept. 28th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	.. .. ..	10,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	.. ..	1,000
" " Sales of East Indian	.. ..	230
" " Imports	.. ..	1,000
Mid. Americans	.. ..	9.51
Egyptian F. G. F.	.. ..	13.85
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	.. Oct.	15.81
	Jan.	16.14
New Orleans 10 a.m.	.. Oct.	15.45
	Jan.	15.84

REPETITIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 26th.

Vide No. 9845.

Bales.

Egyptian F. G. F. 1450

Liverpool, Sept. 27th.

Vide No. 9865.

Bales.

Egyptian F. G. F. 1410

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 28th.

Total Imports 1,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months.	To-day's price.
September	9.33
Sept.-Oct.	9.33
Oct.-Nov.	9.34
Nov.-Dec.	9.36
Dec.-Jan.	9. 8
Jan.-Feb.	9.44+2
Feb.-Mar.	9.45+2
Mar.-Apl.	9.48+2
Apl.-May	9.50+4
May-June	9.51+4
June-July	9.43+4
July-Aug.	9.47+4
Aug.-Sept.	9.39+4
Sept.-Oct.	9.08+4

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m. nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 28th.

Months.	To-day's closing price.
Sept.	9.31
Sept.-Oct.	9.29
Oct.-Nov.	9.28
Nov.-Dec.	9.31
Dec.-Jan.	9.33
Jan.-Feb.	9.37
Feb.-March	9.39
March-April	9.41
April-May	9.42
May-June	9.43
June-July	9.41
July-Aug.	9.39
Aug.-Sept	9.23
Sept-Oct.	9.02

CLOSING EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES.

Liverpool, Sept. 28th.

Months.	To-day's price.
November	13.54
January	13.50
March	13.54

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Sept. 28th.

M. G. Bengal Good	6.69
" " Fully Good	6.87
" " Fine	7.05
" No. 1 Oomra Good	7.29
" " Fully "	7.47
" " Fine	7.65
" Broach Good	8.49
" " Fully Good	8.87
" " Fine	9.05
" Scinde Good	6.69
" " Fully Good	6.87
" " Fine	7.05

COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Wednesday, Sept. 27th.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 30,00,000:—

Rs.		Rs.
10,000 were allotted to Calcutta ..	}	157,000
30,000 " " to Bombay ..		
117,000 " " to Madras ..		

Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 3/32

" Bombay at 1/4 3/32

Min Rate Received: Calcutta / Bombay } 10% { above that rate in full.

Telegraphic Transfers:—Immediate.

Rs.		Rs.
9,97,000 were allotted to Calcutta ..	}	17,37,000
3,46,000 " " to Bombay ..		
3,74,000 " " to Madras ..		

Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 1/8.

" Bombay at 1/4 1/8.

Min. Rate Received: Calcutta / Bombay } 10% { above that rate in full.

Telegraphic Transfers:—Deferred.

Rs.		Rs.
6,32,000 were allotted to Calcutta ..	}	11,06,000
1,58,000 " " to Bombay ..		
3,16,000 " " to Madras ..		

Tenders on Calcutta at 1/4 3/32

" Bombay at 1/4 3/32

Min. Rate Received: Calcutta / Bombay } 10% { above that rate in full.

Rs.

Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale 31,00,000

Amount to be allotted next week 30,00,000

Transfers deferred on Madras Rs. 1,00,000 @ 1/4 1/8.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 27th.

Day's Exports to Great Britain ..	..	7,000
" to Continent ..	..	8,000
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	.. ..	9½
Demand Bills	.. ..	4.75.70
Silver Commercial Bars	.. ..	f9½

New York, May 25th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	.. ..	37,000
Futures at New York October	..	15.80 Unchgd
" " January	..	16.13— 1
Spot Cotton at New York ..	..	15.95 Unchgd.
" " Orleans ..	..	15.38
Futures at New Orleans October	..	15.45+ 3
" " January	..	15.81 Unchgd.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

S. S. Circassia sailed Liverpool 28th. September.

MONEY MARKET.

London, Sept. 27th.

Bar Silver Spot	32 15/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 6 per cent. since 13th July 1916.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	5 5/8
Discount India Bank Bills 6 m/st	5 5/8
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	6½
" " " 6 " ..	6½
Interest day to day loans	4½
" 7 day market loans	4½

K.H. KABBUR & Co.

56, ESPLANADE ROAD—BOMBAY.

DEALERS IN

COLOURS and CHEMICALS

OF STANDARD QUALITY.

SAMPLES AND QUOTATIONS ON APPLICATION.

HEAD OFFICE: MANCHESTER. TEL. No. 3642.

Consols 2½% .. .. 60¾—¼

Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal .. .. 51½ } Unchgd.

Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan .. 70½ }

Government Securities 3% 60½

Ex. On London at Paris Francs 27.88 Unchgd.

WAR LOANS.

London, Sept. 27th.

3½ %1925—1928	£86¼—¼
4½ %1925—1945	£96 Unchgd.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Sept. 27th

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. Dne out Sellers	72

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—61½ lbs Oct. Sellers ..	69/6

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley. Sept.-Oct. Sellers	49/6

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore Usual Bold Sept.-Oct. Sellers	71
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Oct.-Nov. Sellers	69
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship May-Oct.-Nov. Sellers	83
Toria Rapeseed Sept.-Oct. Buyers	71

LINSEED

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Nominal.	

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£137
Standard Copper G.M.G. Nominal	£1 0 6¼
Copper Braziers	£156
Yellow Metal	15½
Hard Spelter	45½
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 × 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool ..	18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool	£22/5/0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie	£6-4-0

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec.	21/6
Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec. ..	21/9
Do. Karachi Oct.-Dec. ..	21/10
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec	24/3
Do. do. Bombay Oct.-Dec.	24/6
Do. do. Karachi Oct.-Dec.	21/7

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Oct Buyers	3/4
Plantation First Latex Crepe October Value	2/31

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW.

London, Sept 27th.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow	44/6
" Mutton Tallow	44/6
General Tone of Tallow Auction	Flat.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, Sept. 29.

The market to-day opened at Rs. 342 for Broach and at first declined about Re 1, but on buyers entering the market the price rose to Rs. 343. At Colaba just before the market opened business was put through at Rs. 346.

The Colaba market opened at Rs. 345 and ruled fairly steady.

Some business has been reported in contracts in Fine Bengal and Good Broach and a fair business was put through in the bazaar.

Ready cotton is in moderate demand.

January Akola 313½.

January Fine Bengal 274.

January F. G. Bengal 258.

April Good Broach 344½.

Bombay, Sept. 29th.

APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS AT MID-DAY.

Description.		Delivery. Jan. 1917	April 1917	Spot Cotton
Broach,	Good M.G. ..	..	342	285/95
Broach,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	305/15
Bengal,	F.G. M.G. ..	257	..	245/55
Bengal,	Fine M.G. ..	270/1	..	260/67
Bengal,	Superfine M.G.	..	..	272/80
Rajputana,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	..
Sind Panjab,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	258/65
Kham. Akola	Fine M.G. ..	311/12	..	295/05
Ellich/Amraoti,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	300/07
Khang./Pulgaon,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	305/10
Yeotmal,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	310/17
Nagpore,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	312/17
Hingt./Wardha,	Fine G.M. ..	..	..	315/20
Khandesh,	Fine M.G. ..	295	..	285/92
Khandesh,	F.G. M.G. ..	..	..	275/80
Khandwa Sanawad,	F.G. M.G. ..	..	..	280/90
Jalna	F.G. M.G. ..	..	..	270/80
Indore,	F.G. M.G. ..	..	..	290/300
Ujjain,	F.G. M.G. ..	..	..	305/20
Nander,	F.G. M.G. ..	..	..	330/45
Mathia,	Fine M.G. ..	..	..	275/85
Mathia,	F.G. M.G. ..	..	..	265/75
Saw Ginned Dharwar	Good ..	..	..	332/40
Coompta,	Good M.G. ..	..	..	284/7?
Westerns,	Good M.G. ..	..	..	350/57
Westerns,	Good H.G. ..	..	..	342/50

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 29th September, 1916, 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	.. 272	258	..		25th Jan. 1917
Bengals (M.G.)	.. 262	250	..		Ready
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	.. 255	243	..		Ready
Khandesh (M.G.)	.. 286	274	..		Ready
	.. 297	284	..		25th Jan. 1917
Jalna (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..		
Barsee (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..		
Ujjain (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..		
	.. ..	..	..		
Akola Khamg. Karanja (M.G.)	.. 302	290	..		Ready
	.. 314	..	..		25th Jan. 1917
Oomrawatee descriptions (M.G.)	.. 302	290	..		Ready
	.. 316	..	..		25th Jan. 1917
Dhamangaum Poolgaum (M.G.)	.. 306	294	..		Ready
	.. 319	..	..		25th Jan. 1917
Yeotmal (M.G.)	.. 310	298	..		Ready
	.. 322	..	..		25th Jan. 1917
Nagpore	.. [illegible]	304	..		Ready
Kampti (M.G.)	.. 312	..	..		25th Jan. 1917
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	.. 316	304	..		Ready
	.. 328	..	..		25th Jan. 1917
Broach (M.G.)	.. 314	306	..		Ready
	.. ..	..	..	344	25th Ap. 1917
Wadhwan (M.G.) H.G.	.. 325	313	..		Ready
	.. 315	..	..		Ready
Mathia (M.G.)	.. 283	271	..		Ready
	.. ..	..	..		
	.. ..	..	..		
Miraj (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..	366	Ready
	.. ..	..	..		
Bhagalkote-Bijapur (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..		
	.. ..	..	..		
Sawgd. Dharwar	.. ..	..	..	332	Ready
	.. ..	..	..		
	.. ..	..	..		
Westerns (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..	349	Ready
Westerns (H.G.)	.. ..	..	..	344	Ready
Compta (M.G.)	.. ..	..	..	364	Ready
	.. ..	..	..		

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat, and Seeds by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 28th September, 1916:—

Cotton	1,420 Bales.
Wheat	3,420 cwts.

EYE-SIGHT RESTORED.

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY for all sorts of eye diseases. It cures Cataract, Glaucoma etc. without knife. No failure, no harm, no hard and fast rules no difficulty in its use. It is absolutely safe; highly spoken of by distinguished men. Apply for particulars to:

L. H. SELLER,

P. O. Santa (Bengal Presidency.)

Linseed	27,112 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	682 "
Ginjellyseed	2,016 "
Poppyseed	1,019 "
Groundnuts	1,061 "
Castorseed	354 "
Rice	6,532 "
Myrabollams	109 "
Cottonseed	754 "
Mowrasseed	57 "
Gram	1,834 "
Joowar	2,246 "
Maize	127 "
Barley	576 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Sept 29th—4 p.m.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Ready'		Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail' Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30'	..	40 0 0	5 14 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	..	39 0 0	5 13 6
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	..	40 0 0	5 14 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	..	6 4 0	6 10 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	..	6 2 0	6 8 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore'	..	6 15 0	7 5 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	..	8 9 0	8 15 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	..	8 6 0	8 12 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	..	43 0 0	9 0 0
" Gajar 75-25 '	..	42 0 0	....
" Gajar 50-50 '	..	37 0 0	....
" Black	..	41 0 0	....
Popyseed, White	..	7 0 0	7 8 0
Groundnuts	..	42 0 0	....
Mowrasseed	..	3 14 0	....
Forward		Rs. a. p.	
Wheat April-May	..	5 14 9	
Linseed May	..	9 9 6	
Teelseed White 85-15 Dec./Jan.	..	9 2 0	
Jowa Aug.-Sept.	..	4 4 0	
Arandia Asa	..	37 0 0	
Linseed Sept.	..	8 15 6	
Rapeseed April-May	..	7 0 0	

EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates:—	
T. T. Ready	1s. 4 3-32d.
D. D. Mail	1s. 4 1/8d.
T. T. Forward	1s. 4 1/8d. Nov.
Banks' Buying Rates:—	
Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready	1s. 4 15-32d.
Do. do. Forward	1s. 4½d. Nov.
Do. 6 m-s. Ready	1s. 4 23-32d.
Francs 3 m.s. do.	19[illegible]
60 d-s. Hong-Kong	160½
Do. Shanghai	226[illegible]
Do. Yokohama	155½

BULLION.

	Rs.
English Bar Gold	27-0 0
Australian do.	26 0-0
Bombay do.	25 4-0
English Shield Sovereigns	17-0-0
English Dragons	16.0-0
Silver ex-duty Ready	82-13-0

PIECE-GOODS

We are passing through extraordinary times in our Cloth Market at present. The week opened with a considerable demand in White Goods on speculative account, and an increased turnover has resulted. The transactions have taken place amongst the dealers in the bazaar and the sellers have made good profits at every sale. Merchants dealing in Grey Goods and Prints have also handled White Goods at the express recommendations of brokers, and several lots have changed hands very often. In some cases the brokers have made much more money than the dealers, and that too, without any risk or responsibility. During the latter part of the week, however, business has been rather slack as sellers are not inclined to part with the purchases at less than four annas per piece margin, while the brokers are offering one anna per piece profit. The Manchester Market is still firm and it has been quite impossible to arrange fresh business of any weight, most of the offers having been left far behind. The fact that makers had to put up their quotations from day to day has rendered progress most difficult. The labour difficulty is increasing. Owing to the scarcity of female labour much machinery in the Manchester Cotton Mills is said to be idle. Many women have left the factories and become tram conductors. Some manufacturers are refusing to quote, having fair orders on the books. As stocks of certain qualities have run down, dealers are shewing inclination to buy fresh supplies. Buying has been chiefly of a hand to mouth character except where dealers have been frightened into placing fair lines. Some Importing Firms have made speculative purchases of their standard cloths at very high rates, hoping to sell the same to dealers during the "Devali" occasion.

GREYS.

The volume of enquiry continues good, but there has been little business done. Rupee rates are steady with little change. Fresh shipments of 44in. by 38½ yards and 43in. by 39 yards Gold End Grey Shirtings of standard qualities have arrived and are selling at high prices. 41in. by 37/37½ yards Red End 10½ lbs Grey Shirtings shew some improvement. A lot of Dewhurst's Rupee No. 5 Grey Shirtings has been sold at Rs. 9 per piece. Grey Jacconets have further appreciated in values owing to light stocks. Lancashire Grey Drills are firm, with better enquiry. There is a considerable demand for 36in. by 30 yards Japanese Grey Sheetings of well known Mills and the price has advanced by six annas per piece during the week. Japanese makers are quoting high prices for forward delivery. Lancashire makers are not in a position to compete with the Japanese in this class of goods.

WHITES.

The enquiry for White Goods has been on an extensive scale among dealers in the bazaar. There is also some demand from up-country districts. White Nainsooks have shewn considerable activity and several transactions have been made with the result that prices have been put up by one to two annas per piece. Odd lots of Nainsooks have also participated in this speculative demand. Tape Bordered Nainsooks No. 39620 have been sold at Rs. 4.1-0 and a higher price is now demanded by sellers. Similar cloths of other firms are also selling at high rates. 28in. by 18 yards range of Nainsooks of a well-known English Firm is quoted at Rs. 3 3-0 per piece, the last sale being made at Rs. 3-2-0. 33 and 38 inches by 18 yards Nainsooks shew a further improvement of one annas per piece. 58in. by 20 yards Red End White Mulls are quoted at higher rates and dealers are not anxious to sell in view of the very high price quoted by shippers. 36in. by 20 yards White Mulls have advanced in value by two annas per piece. White Shirtings are steady at last rates.

The quotations for some of the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs. a. p
Grey Shirtings—			
Ralli's Earl"No. 2000	39×37½/8	..	7 4 0
" " 100000	45×37½/8	..	8 2 0
Fleming's No. 1305 ..	48×38	..	9 12 0
Kirchie's No. 1566 ..	28×37/37½	..	..
Bombay Co.'s No. 2580	44×38½	..	8 0 0
Dewhurst's Rupee" No. 5	39×38½	..	9 0 0
" BBB" ..	38×38½	..	10 12 0
Grey Jacconets—			
Ralli's No. 18 ..	45×22	..	4 9 0
Grey Drills—			
Pepperell Dragon" ..	29×40	..	13 6 0
Ralli's Masjid,' No. 425	26×40	..	9 6 0
White Shirtings—			
Liepman's No. 1500 ..	32×42	..	13 7 0
H. B. T. C. 40000" ..	36×40	..	15 0 0
White Nainsooks—			
Ralli's Nos 7070/3090 .	27×18	..	2 13 0
" No. 39620 T. B..	38×22	..	4 2 0
Graham's Nos 88/8888.	28×18	..	3 3 0
" " 50000 ..	33×18	..	3 13 0
Greaves' No. 8090 T. B.	38×22	..	4 8 0
Ritchie's 3580/4510/5520	26×18	..	2 11 6
White Mulls—			
Ralli's Nos. 6/60/800 ..	41", 46", 51"×19		5 2 0
" No. 6000 ..	56×19	..	6 14 0
" " 88 ..	58×20	..	4 14 6
Ritchie's No. 975 ..	50+18	..	4 5 0
" " 66090 ..	40×18	..	3 11 0
" 1260 ..	28×18	..	2 10 0
Fleming's No. 8080 ..	27×18	..	..

LANCASHIRE YARNS.

There is nothing fresh to report about the Yarn market, which remains firm and steady in sympathy with the strong position of the Home Market. The demand is satisfactory, and clearances are on a fair scale. Fresh business for forward delivery is not practicable owing to the disparity between prices ruling here and those quoted by spinners. Importing firms having on hand previous cheap purchases are not anxious to sell at present and are awaiting further developments.

Lancashire Water Twist Grey Yarns are quoted as under:—

30. "Queen" Ticket	Re 1-1-6 per lb.
30s. Ordinary qualities	Re 1.0-0 per lb
40s. "Cat's Head" Ticket ...	Re 1-2-0 per lb
30s. "Queen" Ticket	Re 1-1-6 per lb

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

(From our Correspondent.)

Sept. 29.

We have to report a quiet market during the week with small demand and easier advices from Java and prices for ready and forward are 1d. to 2d. lower than last week. A fair business has been done by importer in Brown Javas October-December shipment at 22s. 3d. to 22s. Free Bombay Harbour while White Java is quoted 25s. F. B. H. and there is no business to report in same. A fair business is passing amongst dealers in White Java October shipment at 24s. 3d. and October-December 24s. 3d. to 24s. 6d. F. B. Harbour. Owing to heavy stocks of ready sugars and large arrivals expected shortly near positions are kept very low and there are sellers for September shipment at 23s. 6d. F. B. Harbour. Home and Java markets are rather easier with little business doing.

The following are the bazaar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 19-10-0 is equal to 23s. 6d. F. B. Harbour stocks 170,000 bags.

16/18 Rs. 18-2-0 is equal to 21s. 6d. F. B. Harbour stocks 18,000 bags.

Soft Rs. 19-8-0 is equal to 23s. 4d. F. B. Harbour stocks 13,000 bags.

Mauritius Rs. 20-0-0 to 22-0-0 F. B. Harbour stocks 5,000 bags.

Arrivals:—

Shikh with 12,000 bags Java Sugar.

SHARE MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, Sept. 29.

The Cotton Mill Share Market kept almost unchanged to-day.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares slightly weak than yesterday.

In Mill shares for October delivery Davids closed at Rs. 610.

Fazulbhai kept steady at Rs. 810, Standards at Rs. 1,680, Madhavji at Rs. 1,550 and Central India at Rs. 2,360.

Pearls after touching Rs. 580 closed at Rs. 565, Currimbhai closed at Rs. 410, Crescent at Rs. 250, Indore-Malwas at Rs. 520 and Swans at Rs. 307½.

Bombay Dyeings improved to Rs. 895. Simplex were placed at Rs. 550.

Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 380.

Katni ordinary shares were placed in lots at Rs. 305.

Tata Hydro ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 1,390.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares changed hands between Rs. 360 and Rs. 375.

Bombay-Burma Trading shares declined to Rs. 1,195.

Bundi Cement improved to Rs. 24½ and Indian Cement to Rs. 415.

Tanti Valley Railway shares were placed at Rs. 57½.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes was done in the vicinity of Rs. 79.

4 per cent. Conversion Loan was quoted at Rs. 91 and Warrants at Rs. 10.

THE FORT PRESS COMPANY.

The Directors' Report for 1915-16, says:—

The total number of bales pressed at Bombay and Nanded during the year under Report is 48,308.

We are glad to inform you that the Joint working Agreement at Bombay has been extended to a further period of five years from 1st August 1916, at an enhanced rate of pressing and a new Press Factory at Parel has also joined in the Pool.

Your Nanded Branch also is progressing steadily and has turned out a very satisfactory result which would have been even still better had it not been for the fact that plague raged out for the first time in the latter part of the season.

Your Fort Armenian Lane property was improved by constructing small godowns which have been almost all rented and the Bombay Municipality has now brought on a scheme of widening the Church Gate Street. In this scheme the Bombay Municipality is going to acquire the whole of our premises. Your Directors are negotiating with the authorities in the best interests of the Company.

Including the balance of the last year Rs. 1,446-11-2 the Accounts of the year under Report show a credit balance of Rs. 74,127-7-6 out of which your Directors have set aside Rs. 38,500 to the following funds:—Bombay Machinery Improvement Fund, Rs. 5,000; Equalization of Dividend Fund, Rs. 20,500; Nanded Machinery Improvement Fund, Rs. 3,000; Extension of Nanded Ginning Machinery, Rs. 10,000; Total Rs. 38,500; leaving a net balance of Rs. 35,627-7-6 for disposal which your Directors recommend to distribute as follows:—To sanction the declaration of a Dividend at the rate of Rs. 50 per share free of Income Tax, which will absorb, Rs. 30,000; to pay a bonus to the Company's Staff, Rs. 1,200; to contribute to the War Funds, Rs. 1,000; to carry forward to the new year's account, Rs. 3,427-7-6; Total Rs. 35,627-7-6.

MANMAR MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

The 34th ordinary annual general meeting of the above Company was held yesterday afternoon, when Mr. Abjee Oomersee presided. The following report was submitted to the meeting.

"The cotton crop, during the year was good and there were joint working arrangements at all your Factories except Akola and Kajgaon Ginning. Owing to war, the prices of Fuel and stores had gone high. Adding the last year's Balance of Rs. 6,646-0-6, your Company has made a net profit of Rs. 61,602-4-3 out of which, the Directors recommend to transfer Rs. 8,200 to the depreciation of machinery and Rs. 3,400 to the depreciation of Buildings. Deducting the above sums the Profit and Loss Account leaves a disposal balance of Rs. 50,002-4-3 out of which the Directors recommend that Rs. 42,000 be appropriated to pay a dividend at Rs. 30 per share and Rs. 800 as Bonus to the Company's employees, and to carry forward Rs. 7,202-4-3.

During the year under report your Directors have paid Rs. 25 in the Imperial War Relief Fund."

Mr. Jamnadas Lakhmidas the retiring director was re-elected, and Messrs. Nensi Shivji and Company were appointed Managing Agents, for a period of ten years at a remuneration of 8 per cent. commission. The factories at Dhulia, Chalisgaon, Kajagaon and Akola have been insured to the extent of Rs. 2,10,000. Messrs. Chandabhoy and Jassoobhoy were reappointed auditors for the next year.

When doctor says "No Solid Food"

try Mellin's—because Mellin's Food, whether prepared in the usual way or used as the basis for other light dishes, is so easy of assimilation that full nourishment is afforded without any tax upon the digestion.

Mellin's Food is free from starch, is prepared instantly, and needs no cooking.

The splendid nutritive value of Mellin's Food is endorsed by medical men in all quarters of the world.

Mellin's Food

An invaluable little Booklet entitled "Dainty Diet," containing many appetising recipes appropriate to the "No Solid Food" stage, together with sample of Mellin's Food, will be sent free on receipt of 2 anna stamps by

Messrs. Latham, Abercrombie & Co., Bombay

Mellin's Food, Ltd. (India Branch) London, E.

"BRIGHT'S TEA."

SAHIB—"What brand is this? I repeatedly told you that. I must have "Bright's Tea."

KHANSAMA—"Sir, I don't know where to get it.

SAHIB—"Bright's Tea is sold every where." It is the cheapest and best Tea to be had in the market." Go and get it at once.

Bright's Green Label Tea 1lb. tin @ Re. 1-1-0
" " " ½lb. tin @ Re. 0-9-0
Bright's Yellow Label Tea 1lb. tin @ Re 0-15-0
" " " ½lb. tin @ Re. 0-8-0
Bright's Red Label Tea 1lb. tin @ Re. 0-11-6
" " " ½lb. tin @ Re. 0-6-0

Apply for wholesale rate to:—Sole Agent.

H. ALLAH BUX,

10, Bow Bazar Street, Calcutta.

C. BHOGILAL & Co.

MARBLE & TILES MERCHANTS.

Importers of White and Black Marble, Tiles, Slabs and Blocks White Glazed Tiles, and Tiles of every description for floors, Walls, Furniture and Mosaic Tiles. Polishing Materials, Cement, etc.

CONTRACTS UNDERTAKEN

Elphinstone Circle, Fort, BOMBAY.

Tel. Add: "Fashion" Bombay

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE.

MYSTERIES OF LONDON

By

G. W. Reynolds in 13 Vols.

Printed in Bold type and on Superior glazed paper.

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Hindu: 3rd of Aswin Sud, 1972.
Mahomedan: 2nd of Jelhaz, 1334.
Parsi: 20th of Farvardin, 1286.
Sunrise: 6h. 22m. Sunset: 6h. 30m.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, Annual Meeting, 3-40 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: Cinema and Balndmans Varities at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.

Royal Opera House: Cinema, 6-45 p.m. and 10 p.m.

America-India Cinema, Charni Road, 6-45 8-15, 8-30 to 10-6, and 10-15 to 11-45.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Olympia Cinema: Sandhurst Road, 6-30, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

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BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squadron Orders by Lieut.-Colonel Sir Stanley Reed, Bt., A.D.C., Commanding.

Sept. 30.

Orderly N. C. Officers for the week ending 7th October 1916.

Sergeant E. G. Pearson and Corpl. D. Blythe.

Musketry.—The British Infantry Range at Colaba is available this Saturday afternoon the 30th instant from 4-15 p.m.

Riding School.—Riding School daily except Thursday for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts 7-15 a.m.

Squadron Parade.—The Squadron will parade on Thursday morning next, the 5th October. Bandesvozous Church Gate Station 7-15 a.m.

Dress.—Drill Order, khaki shirts, Rifles, swords and Bandoliers.

Issue of Arms.—Members are requested to draw their arms from Headquarters any day between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Leave.—The undernamed member is granted leave ex: India:—

Trooper F. Nelson, "B" Troop from 1st October 1916 to 30th April 1917 "B" Troop will parade on Sunday 7-15 a.m. Rendezvous Church Gate Station.

F. C. ANNELEY, 2nd-Lieut.

Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES,

Regimental Orders by the Hon. Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Sept. 29.

332. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by "B" Company during week ending 30th instant. Next for duty "C" Company.

333. Company Field Training.—
Details—Sunday October 1st "J" Company.
Friday October 6th "G" Company.
Sunday October 8th "G" Company.
Sunday October 15th "F" Company.
Companies will parade at Bori Bunder Station at 6 a.m. on the above dates, and will return to Bombay before 5 p.m. Haversack rations and water bottles to be carried. Dress—At option of Officers Commanding Companies.

334. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class firing as follows.
September 24th to 30th, both days inclusive "G" Company.
October 2nd to 9th (except on 1st, 6th, 8th) "A" Company.
October 10th to 20th (except on 15th) "C" Company.

335. Miniature Range.—From October 1st the Miniature Range will be allotted in accordance with schedule of Training issued to Officers Commanding Companies.

336. Signalling.—A Signalling Class will parade at 6-15 p.m. at Headquarters on Tuesdays and Thursdays, in future.

337. Parades.—"B" Company Maxim Gun Class every Wednesday at 7 a.m., at Headquarters.

"C" Company will parade every Monday and Thursday at 6-15 p.m., at Headquarters. Dress—Drill Order with helmets.

"B" Company.—Sunday—Miniature Range from 8-30 to 11-30 a.m.

(Sd.) C. N MOBERLY, Major.
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

POONA VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

POONA, Sept. 29.

Corps Orders by Lieut-Col. G. K. Walkar, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Volunteer Rifles.

909 Drill and Instruction.—Parades for the week ending 30th September 1916:—
At Headquarters.
Buglers, Friday and Saturday at 5-30 p.m.
At Satara:—
Machine Gun Parade, Saturday at 5 p.m.

910 Musketry.—The Rifle Range will be open for Class firing at 7-30 a.m. daily except Thursdays and Sundays until further orders Members wishing to fire should send in their names to the Headquarters office two days beforehand.

911. Miniature Range.—The Miniature range at Headquarters is alloted for the current month as follows:—at 7-30 a.m. and 5 p.m.
Friday 29th Miniature Rifle Club.
Saturday 30th A Company Voluntary practice.

912. Move.—Cr. Sergeant Instr. J. Annett will proceed to Panchagani on Saturday the 30th inst on duty returning on completion.

913. Miniature Range.—The Miniature range at Headquarters is allotted for the month of October as follows:—
Mondays 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd and 30th Miniature Rifle Club at 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.
Tuesdays 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th and 31st B Company Voluntary practice at 7 a.m.
Wednesdays 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th A Company Voluntary practice at 7 a.m.
Fridays, 13th 20th and 27th Recruits at 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.
Saturday 7th Officers Revolver Voluntary practice at 7-30 a.m.

(Sd.) A. R. KEARSEY, 2nd Lieut.,
Adjutant, Poona Volunteer Rifles.

BOMBAY BADEN POWELL BOY SCOUTS

Orders for the week ending October, 7th 1916:—
Wednesday 4th.—Plain clothes parade on the Oval near Sir Richard Temple's statue at 6 p.m. Signalling and Ambulance Classes.
Saturday, 7th.—Uniform parade at 5 p.m. on the Oval. Field work and Scout games.
Promotion:—Scout E. Nissen is promoted to Acting Second of the Beaver Patrol, with effect from date.
Scout T. Wilkinson is promoted to Acting Second of the Kangaroo Patrol, with effect from date.
Badges:—Second E. Nissen, musician.
By order,
ALFRED G. FOOX,
A/S/M in charge 1st Troop Bombay Baden P. Powell Boy Scouts.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA WAR HOSPITAL.

By kind permission of Colonel T W Bonner V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p.m.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of the Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers, will play the following Programme under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott at Bombay Gymkhana this evening, commencing at 6 p.m.
March—The Children of the Regiment, Fucik.
Overture—Esmeralda ..... Hermann.
Valse—Drifting ..... Clothilde.
Selection—The Gondoliers ..... Sullivan.
Moreeau—Jo Sois Que vous Etes Jolie ..... Christine.
Selection—Half-Past Eight ..... Rubens.
Danse—la LaBanana ..... Valverde.

JOLLY CRICKET CLUB.

The thirteenth anniversary of the above club will be celebrated to-day and to-morrow at Vile Parle, Seth Gordhandas G. Tejpal's Bungalow.

HOMEWARD MAILS.

The P. & O. steamer Mooltan which connected with the steamer Salsette which left Bombay on the 12th instant arrived at Marseilles on Thursday the 28th instant. All well.

MAILS FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

Mails consisting of specially superscribed correspondence for Singapore, China and Japan per s. s. Rangoon Maru will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m. to-day.

MAHILA MANDAL.

Under the auspices of the Mahila Mandal of the Aryan Excelsior League Miss Tambai Welkar will deliver a lecture on "Who is poor and rich" in Chandbhatti Municipal School, Girgaum, this evening at 4-30 p.m.

DEATH OF A JAGADGURU.

Out of respect to the memory of the late Shrimad Jagadguru Shankaracharya Madhavtirth, who is reported to have died at Dadar on Wednesday, the local Grain and Seeds Bazar was closed on Thursday.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League a lecture will be delivered to-morrow at 5 p.m. by Shastri Moro Vinayak Shingne on "Moral Education" under the presidentship of Prof. Nilakanth Vishnu Kolhatkar in "Joshi Hall" at Dadar.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the above Association Nyessa Shastri Bhawani Shanker Sukhthankar will conduct a class in "Upanishads" to-morrow at 9-0 a.m. (S.T.) in the premises of the Association, Girgaum Back Road. The class is open to the public.

MARATHA STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

A quarterly meeting and gathering of the Maratha Students Brotherhood, Bombay, will be held to-morrow at 3.0 p.m. (S.T.) in the Chowdhatti Municipal Marathi Boys' School, Tribhuvan Terraces, Lamington Road, when and where all Maratha students and gentlemen are cordially invited to attend.

HARRIS CRICKET SHIELD TOURNAMENT.

A match in the second round of this tournament was played yesterday between the New English School and the Esplanade High School. The Esplanade High School scored 37 runs and the New School replied with a score of 168 runs.

COLLAPSE OF A FLOOR.

A Hindu family of three, consisting of Sada Sukaji, his wife and a two-year old child, living in Ferguson Road on the first floor of Alli Haji Mahomed's chawl, while taking their dinner on Thursday evening, the floor under them gave way and they fell on the ground floor, a height of fourteen feet. None of them was injured seriously.

A LADIES' GATHERING

A gathering in congratulation of the Hindu ladies who appeared for the several University Examinations last year, will be held on Sunday the 1st October, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at Sir Mangaldas Nathubhai's House Girgaum, by the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association, when the Hon. Justice L. A. Shah will preside. Mr. D. G. Padhye, Mrs. Kashibai Herlekar, and Mrs. Naniben Gajjar, will be among the speakers.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

There were five attacks and five deaths from plague, three attacks and one death from small-pox and one attack of cholera on Thursday. Dhobi Talao, Bhuleshwar, Byculla and Worli each reported one attack and one death from plague and Middle and Lower Colaba one death. The total mortality from all causes was 84 against, 57 on the corresponding day of last year and 52 on that of 1914. Of the 2,882 rats caught five were found to be infected.

THE LATE ARCHBISHOP OF BOMBAY.

A meeting of the Catholics of Bombay will be held to-morrow in the hall of St. Xavier's High School, Cruickshank Road, in order to place on record the sense of deep regret felt by the Catholics of this Presidency at the death of the Most Rev. Dr. H. Jurgens, late Archbishop of Bombay. The meeting will be held immediately after the conclusion of the demonstration in honour of the Hon. Dr. Fernandes to be held in the same hall at 6-30 p.m.

MRS. ANNIE BESANT'S 69TH BRITHDAY.

The three Theosophical Lodges will celebrate Mrs. Besant's Birthday to-morrow at the China Baug, Girgaum, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), when short speeches, in appreciation of the various services of the President of the Theosophical Society will be delivered by Dr. V. S. Pitlokekar, Mr. M. K. Jayker, Mrs. Hiranbai Tata, Mr. Jamnadas D. Dharamsey and Mr. Mr. B. K. Dhurandher followed by a musical entertainemment.

On behalf of the Lodges a telegram of hearty greetings, love and loyalty will be sent to Mrs. Besant on that day.

BOY RUN OVER BY A MOTOR CAR.

Dr. W. Nunan, the Coroner, held an enquiry at the Coroner's Court, on the body of a Hindu boy, Moria Dharma, aged eight years.

The deceased boy was living with his parents at Worli. He was rushing out of his house anxious to play, when a motor car belonging to Mr. James Cunningham came up. The driver applied the brake but before the car could stop the deceased was knocked down. The boy was picked up and taken to the Sir J. J. Hospital where he succumbed to his injuries. It was stated that the car was on its proper side and was being driven slowly.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION (BOMBAY CITY CENTRE)

An examination of the First Aid classes organised by Mr. D. F. Panthaki, under the auspices of the Bombay Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association was conducted by Dr. R. D. Chinoy and Dr. F. R. Hakim, and the following candidates are declared successful therein:—(1) L. H. Bhagat; (2) P. J. Bhivandivala (Junior Certificate); (3) D. P. Bilimoria; (4) P. R. K. Charles; (5) M. B. Chinoy; (6) D. M. Kolahwala; (7) B. J. Contractor; (8) D. V. Gokhle; (9) P. P. Kapadia; (10) K. N. Kazi; (11) J. K. Merchant; (12) B. V. Nagmur; (13) H. G. Pathak; (14) G. B. Phanse; (Junior); (15) B. S. Shivaut; (16) A. N. Surveyor; (17) L. W. Tirodker; (18) C. H. Chowhan; (19) K. J. Commissariat; (20) B. S. Ghasvala; (21) P. W. Gore; (22) A. J. Jarivala; (23) G. C. Kale; (24) J. F. Kapadia; (25) R. N. Karrak; (26) M. L. Mistri; (27) J. M. Mody; (28) L. Pram; (29) E. M. Settna; (30) K. M. Shah; (31) C. A. Soomar; (32) N. D. Driver; (33) D. G. Nadkarni. (Junior.)

The examination of the Home Nursing Class organised by Mr. D. F. Panthaki and lectured by Dr. C. C. Merchant, M.B., B.S., will be conducted by Dr. K. S. Patel, M.B., B.S., to-morrow on the premises of the Secondary Teachers Training College Rooms, and candidates are required to attend the examination hall at 1-45 p.m., provided with writing materials. The examination will be written, oral and practical.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

The following is the list of passengers proceeding home on Monday by the P. and O. Mail steamer:—

Mr. H. S. Aers, Mr. F. D. Baker, Hon. Mrs. James Best and infant, Mrs. Burgess and infant, Mrs. Cook, 2 children and infant, Mr. J. F. Cook, Mr. J. Cornes, Mr. Cowan, Mr. W. F. Craik, Mr. A. Dias, Mrs. Eastwell and infant, Mr. W. M. Fettes, Mr. C. Forster, Mrs. Gardiner, Mr. C. Healey, Mrs. B. Hewett, 2 infants and ayah, Mrs. L. Howell, Mrs. M. Hutchins, Mrs. Jarne and infant, Mr. Jardine, Mr. Jarvis, Mr. G. A. Kelly, Mr. D. H. Kingsford, I.C.S., Mrs. Kingsford, child, infant and nurse, Mr. W. Langley, Miss Lees, Mr. A. D. Lobo, Miss H. A. Macfarlan, Miss Ella Maclaverty, Miss Macphail, Miss L. S. McCormick, Mr. H. McEwan, Mr. C. P. Perin, Mr. O. Pinto, Mrs. Arthur Pratchell, Mr. C. Quinlan, Mr. Ramsay, Mr. A. C. Robinson, Mr. J. Rumsby, Miss E. Russell, Miss A. Sadder, Miss M. D. Sage, Mr. Sanderson, Rev. J. C. Scrimgeour, Mr. J. Sevestre, Mrs. Shortland, child and infant, Rev. A. E. Smith, Mr. A. St. Pourcain, Master A. St. Pourcain, Mrs. Sutton, 2 children and infant, Mr. Sutton, Miss D. L. Tennant, Mr. G. A. Warburton, Master Waterworth, Dr. J. Watt, Miss Williams, Mr. A. B. Wood, Mrs. Wood and infant, Mrs. Henry Young, child and nurse, Mr. E. C. Dalton, Mrs. Shaw Anderson, Mrs. Sargent child, infant and nurse, Mrs. Walton, and Sargent and Mrs. Burges and child.

THIEF TERROR IN THAKORDWAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In your valued columns yesterday a correspondent directs public attention to the continued prevalence of thief terror in Girgaum. May I trouble you with a similar complaint of the residents of Thakordwar?

Thanks to the insufficiency or inefficiency of the Police and encouraged by the immunity they have been consistently enjoying, the miscreants have now spread a wider net and have extended their nefarious operations further on in the same direction.

Yesterday at nine in the evening in an upper storey of a house tenanted by Parsis and located at Thakordwar which by the way is in close proximity to Girgaum referred to by your correspondent, a lady was horrified while preparing her bedstead for the night's repose to find underneath it a wretch lying in apparent ease awaiting the approach of the midnight hour convenient for the perpetration of all dark deeds. An uproar was created and in the ensuing confusion the rogue who had overturned a lamp, taking cover of darkness unfortunately managed to make good his escape.

However, on the 2nd floor of the same building one of his accomplices was hid in a huge wooden box lying in a passage at the farthest end. Here two or three of the boxes were placed one above the other and the man was concealed in the one nearest to the ground. A keen and observant member of the family, happening to pass by, noticed that the boxes, which usually lay exactly one above the other in fixed position, were on this occasion somewhat out of place. This aroused the detective in him and on a search being made the rogue was found lying in the box as aforesaid. He has of course, been placed under the custody of the police and will doubtless learn to his cost that it never pays in the long run to play the fraudulent. It must, however, be said in justice to the hapless class from which he hails that society has done very little to turn it from the path of criminality.

The residents are puzzled how it came to pass that the police officer who had called that evening at the house for the purpose of instituting search was unable to scent the whereabouts of the rascals who, they aver, must have lain hidden prior to his advent on the spot.

It is more than time that the police laid its iron grip firmly on the gang that has been for a long time past a terror to the peaceful citizens, or is it so busy scenting sedition in respectable citizens that it is unable to do its legitimate duty of detecting crimes?—Yours, etc.,

DISGUSTED.

Bombay, Sept. 28, 1916.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

THE BANDMAN OPERA COMPANY

The Excelsior are relaying on a strong dramatic film as their "Top Liner" this week. It is called "The Woman's Law." It runs for about an hour and is crowded with virile dramatic situations, in which the leading part is taken by Miss Florence Reed, whose fine emotional acting will be remembered in that other success recently shown, "New York." The story centres round a young millionaire who has disgusted his wife by his notorious escapades, one of them being the murder of his friend over a girl. After confessing his crime to his wife he goes into hiding, and one day in the street she meets a dazed stranger who is the exact double of her husband. She takes him to her house, and allows her husband to escape and passes of the stranger as the husband for the sake of her child. The double is certified as insane and placed in a Home. Later he recovers, but with an absolute loss of memory, and returns to his "Wife". A reporter probes into his case and finds he is not the husband. During a periodical visit by the real husband to his wife, for purposes of blackmail he is mistaken for a burglar and shot. The coldness towards the stranger double has long since evaporated and a new life begins for both of them. It is beautifully staged and Florence Reed makes another addition to her many triumphs.

Miss Pat O'Connor, the dancer, and Grover and Richards enter upon the last few nights of their Bombay season. The next big attraction of the Excelsior will be the Bandman Opera Co., after a record tour of the East. They will open on the 18th October together with a new contingent from London and produce the London Successes "Mr. Manhattan" and "Tina." All the popular favourites of last season are with the company still.

THE PATRIOTIC PAGEANT.

Our report of the entertainment in aid of the Indo-British Institution at the Excelsior Theatre on Thursday night omitted to give the name of the young lady who represented Japan in the pageant of Brittannia and the Allies,—an omission that was not due to our own carelessness but to the fact that it was not stated on the programme. The representative of our Far Eastern Ally, whose graceful and charming appearance elicited rounds of applause, was Miss Tehmi Kanga, whose elder sister was one of the representatives of Egypt with Mrs. Binning and Miss Talyerkhan.

NEW ALEXANDRA CINEMA.

"A Knight of the Ranges," a five-reel Red Feather Play which the New Alexandra are screening from this evening, is said to be a first-rate example of a western drama, brimming over with life and exciting incident, and particularly noteworthy for fine riding, which is a feature of the leading scenes in the story. Rough riding is a form or amusement found only on the western plains. People have to depend on Wild West Shows for their exhibition of the reckless cowboys, mounted upon bucking broncbos. Now the whole world may thrill with admiration for the daring feats of horsemanship of these sons of the plains, with their fine ideal of manhood—squareness toward man and chivalry toward women. The picturesque, robust life of the West has never been depicted with greater truth than in this Red Feather Feature, "A Knight of the Range." The Picture Theatre patrons revel in daring horsemanship, and in this subject it will be seen at its absolute best. Riding of a most daring and thrilling kind is the most remarkable feature of this subject, and it is of such a kind as literally to make one "sit up" at times, but besides this there are other points in the picture worthy of notice. The story itself is indeed unusually clear and well connected for a western drama, and throughout it is admirably acted. Photographically, too, the film is excellent. The chief character is played by that virile actor and popular star, Harry D. Carey (Tom Larnigan of Graft serial). He has not to pretend to be a cowboy, because he is one. Prominent in the support of Harry Carey is Olive Fuller Golden, one of the prettiest and most popular film favourites. It is the story of a friend's sacrifice for the love of a true woman. It proves that nobility of heart takes precedence over the knighthood of birth and royal selection, whether encountered on the western plain or in a palace. Cheyenne Harry was a true Knight as any w' ever sat at King Arthur's Round Table. If thrills make a picture, this subject equals ten of them. If strong plot and vigorous acting make punches, this is full of them.

THE ILL-FATED ZOROASTRIAN.

SAFE ARRIVAL OF OFFICERS AND CREW AT RANGOON.

Messrs. Ardeshir and Darabshaw Bomanjee Dubash, owners of the s. s. Zoroastrian, write to say that they have received telegraphic advice from Rangoon saying that the Captain, Officers, Engineers, and Crew of the s. s. Zoroastrian have all arrived safely at Rangoon.

During the week ending September 23rd the total mortality from plague for all India totalled 3,744 deaths against 5,264 cases. The following are the provincial figures:—Bombay 1,530, Madras 280, Bihar 33, the United Provinces 98, the Punjab 40, Burma 47, the Central Provinces 513, Mysore 406, Hyderabad 755 and Central India 47.

A competitive examination for the selection of probationers for three vacancies in the general list of the Indian Finance Department will be held at Calcutta during the second half of December 1916. Only nominated candidates can appear at the examination.

GREAT WAR SALE.

SYSTEMATIC DESPATCH OF PARCELS.

Donations and Gifts to the forthcoming War Sale in Bombay continue to flow in. Arrangements have now been made for the establishment of a "parcels post office" by Messrs. Coutts and Company, who will where required undertake the despatch and delivery to any part of Bombay of parcels bought by the public during the sale. Fixed and reasonable charges will be made. There is no doubt that this will prove a great convenience to buyers and will be largely availed of.

The following are donations of Rs. 200 and over received during the past fortnight:

	Rs.
The Ahmedabad Branch of War Relief Fund	500
The Raja of Chota Udepur	500
The Thakur of Kadanee	202
The Maharaja of Baria	200
Messrs. Bradbury and Co.	1,000
Mr. Gordhandas P. Bhagat	251
Messrs. Leonard Rosanthal et Freres	201
Messrs. R. Hatambhai and Co.	350
Messrs. Ratilal Ambashanker and Co.	351
Messrs. Miakhan Adamji and Co.	201
Messrs. Magonlal and Co.	501
Messrs. Adamji Lukhmanji	201
Mr. Mahomed Alli Abdulla	301
Mr. Binoderani	250
Mr. W. C. Shepherd	300

The following are a few of the gifts received since the last list was published:—

A Cupboard with Painted Panel, Messrs. Ahmed Devjee & Co., through H. H. the Lady Ali Shah; A Chesterfield Sofa covered in Silk, Messrs. Devji Canji & Co., through H. H. the Lady Ali Shah; A Tapestry and Silk Sofa swung on Carved Supports, Messrs. P. Mehrally and Co., through H. H. the Lady Ali Shah; A Lady's Writing Table, Messrs. Ismail Peerbhoy & Co., through H. H. the Lady Ali Shah; A Square Piano, Mr. N. H. Patuck; A Carved wood Bedstead, Mrs. N. B. Lam; A Grand Piano, Miss Jerbai B. Jassawalla; An English Brougham, Sir Dinshaw Petit, Bart.; A Car Lighting "Brolt" Dynamo set, The French Motor Car Co., Ld.; A Pony, Mr. Mathuradas Goculdas; Cecilian Piano player, Sir D. J. Tata; Pair of Japanese Jars, Messrs. Bessho & Co.; A Figure with Electric Light Fittings, Messrs. Wimbridge and Co.; A Cinematograph Machine, Messrs. Pathe Freres; An inlaid Work Box with Carved Mother of Pearl Fittings, Mrs. Rustomjee N. B. Jeejibhoy; A Teak Blackwood single bedstead complete with Mattress, Curtains, etc., Anant Vajroja Fund; An Embroidered Saree, Mrs. Cawasjee Daver; 4 Old Nepalese Daggers, Mr. Sorabji C. Petit; An old Brass Buddha, Mr. M. K. Heeramaneck; Piece Goods, Mr. Mulji Haridas; A Statue "Psyche," Messrs. Osler & Co.; 6 Diamond and Sapphire Rings, Messrs. S. H. Herant and Zeranenes; A filigree Silver and Enamel Chinese box; M. K Heeramaneck; 2 Gold and Enamelled Watches, The Indo-Foreign Agency; 3 Amber Necklaces, Mrs. J. S. Irani; Japanese Lanterns, Mr. Pestonji N. Kerawalla; A Pair of Gold Bangles, Mr. Nanabhai Bejonji; A Diamond Ring and 2 Scarf Pins, Mr. Surajmall Lallubhai; A Musical Organ, Mr. Sorabji P. Dabash; A Durbar Carriage and two White Horses, The Chief of Ramdurg; A collection of Embroidery and Piece Goods, Mr. Behram N. Karanjia; Eight Watches, Mr. Hormusji Furdunji; Six Cinema Films, The America India Cinema Co.; A Large Flint Mirror, Messrs. Osler & Co.; A Statuette, Messrs. Osler & Co.; A quantity of Silk Voile, Messrs. C. McDonald; 3 Cases of Wine, A Parsee Gentleman; An Oil Painting, The Hon. Dr. C. Fernandez; A pair of Carved Elephant Heads, Sir Temuljee Nariman; A Silk Shawl and Salver, Mrs. K. Mackenzie; 25 vols of Encyclopaedia Brittanica and 12 Burton's Arabian Nights, Mr. W. Lawrence; Jewellery, Mrs. A. H. Johnstone; An Old French Chair, Lady Rattan Tata; An Old Persian Carpet, Sad Abdur Rehman Shah; A Polished Cabinet, Mr. E. V. Weston; A valuable Statue, on Stand, two Engravings, Messrs. Wimbridge & Co.; A China Silk Curtain, Mrs. Cassemally Jairajbhoy; Engravings, The Fine Art Gallery; A Hand Harmonium, Messrs. Rose & Co.; An Antique Vase Mr. T. Moore; Two Jost Fans Mr. A. F. Froom; 35 vols of Encyclopaedia Brittanica in Book case, Bai D. K. K.; Two Watches, Lady Batchelor; A Pair of Blue Vases, Col. H. A. L. Hepper; A collection of Blankets, Mr. Harjiwan Valjee; A Sandalwood Wood Box, H. H. the Rani of Mysore; and An Old Persian Brass Jug Basin (Lugan Ajtaba), Mrs. Gulam Hoosein.

ILLICIT POSSESSION OF COCAINE.

ACCUSED FINED RS. 10 EACH.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before the Third Presidency Magistrate, Chief Excise Inspector Sheriar J. Talyerkhan charged Gangaram M. Gaikwad, a servant, and Gulia Govind More, a cart driver with possessing half a grain of cocaine each without a license at Kumbharwada. The accused were convicted and sentenced to a fine of Rs. 10 each; in default, to ten days' imprisonment each.

MOTOR PROSECUTIONS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Sampson charged F. A. Carvalho, driver of a motor trolly, belonging to the Bombay Transport Co., with rash driving and with failing to report an accident. It was alleged that the accused turned from Princess Street into Girgaum Road on the right side of the road. A victoria came from the opposite direction and in order to avoid it the accused's trolly swerved, with the result that it struck the rear portion of a tram car which was going towards Dhobi Talao. The accused at once drove off. He was convicted and fined Rs. 25.

Before the same Magistrate, Sergeant James charged W. Roberts, a taxi car driver, with driving without a tail lamp on the car. The accused was convicted and fined Rs. 5.

Sergeant Tomlinson charged Ruttonsha J. Mistry with using dazzling lights on his car. The accused was convicted and fined Rs. 8.

THE D. A. R ACT,

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It is well known that a Commission was appointed to inquire into the operations of the D. A. R. Act and that the Commission strongly recommended the abolition of the Act. As the Government did not think it desirable to abolish the Act altogether, an amended D. A. R. Act was proposed and even the draft of the new Act was circulated. What has become of the proposed D. A. R. Act? Will any Honorable Member of the Bombay Council kindly inform the public if the proposed Act has been held in abeyance on account of the War?—Yours etc.,

PLEADER.

Murbad, Sept. 27, 1916.

The line between Marwar Pali and Marwar Junction has again been breached. Trains between those stations will not run for two or three days by which time the breach is expected to be repaired.

RAJKUMA[R]

ANNUAL SPORTS [M]

The annual Athletic Sports [of] with the Rajkumar Scott [College] Mahikantha Agency, were held on [the] afternoon, the 26th instant, in the [Col.] compound, Col. Carter, Political [Agent] Mahikantha, presiding. A very large [num]ber of Chiefs, Officers and spectators [were] present to witness the Sports which has been organised under the supervision of the Headmaster, Mr. H. C. Thaker. A programme of 21 events was presented and every item was keenly contested. Col. Carter was "At Home." The results were:—

Drill. A Division.—K. S. Takhtsinhji of Palaj.

Drill. B Division.—K. S. Fatehsinhji of Khadal.

Throwing the Cricket Ball.—K. S. Takhtasinhji of Palaj.

Throwing the Cricket Ball.—[K. S. Mad.] Madhusinhji of Yaghpur.

High Jump, over 17.—K. [S. Jo]i of Dabha.

High Jump, under 17.—K. [S. Fatehsinhji] of Khadal.

High Jump, over 15.—K. S. Mohobatsinhji of Ghodasar.

250 Yards Race, over 17.—K. S. Fatehsinhji of Pethapur.

Long Jump, under 17.—K. S. Fatehsinhji of Khadal.

Long Jump, under 15.—K. S. Mohobatsinhji of Chodasar.

125 Yds. under 17.—K. S. Indrasinhji of Dalisna.

Long Jump, over 17.—K. S. Fatehsinhji of Pethapur.

Three-Legged Race, under 17.—Kumars of Sathamba and Khadal.

1/4 Mile Race, Handicap.—K. S. Bapusinhji of Antroli.

Potato Bucket Race.—K. S. Prathisinhji of Sathamba.

Lloyd-Lindsay Race.—Dalisna Kumar's Team.

Sack Race, under 17.—K. S. Mohobatsinhji of Ghodasar.

Hurdles Race.—K. S. Dalpatsinhji of Katosan.

Tug of War.—Wakhtapur Kumar's Team.

Consolation Race.—K. S. Keshrisinhji of Punadra.

College Servants Race.—1 Kohyo, 2 Sano, 3 Bhimlo, and 4 Lalio.

The Coghill Cup for the Best All-Round Athlete was won by Kumar Shree Fatehsinhji of Khafal.

BOXING PATRONS ROUNDED UP.

The police and military authorities on the evening of Sept. 4, raided the Ring, Blackfriars-road, during the usual Monday boxing contests. The place was well filled and all men of military age were asked to explain why they were not in the Army. Those who were unable to give satisfactory proof of their being entitled to remain in civil life were removed to the police station to await inquiries. A group of four or five escaped by slipping through an open window, dashing up a lean to glass roof, and scaling a wall on to the railway adjoining. After this the roofs were guarded.

A police search for men who should be in the Army took place also on the piers at Blackpool and three were charged at the police court.

As a result of a "round-up" at the hotels, cafes, and music-halls in Leeds 16 men of military age were charged with being absentees and 13 were ordered to await a military escort.

RAID ON A MESS.

FIND OF SIX REVOLVERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 29.

In connection with the arrest of a young Bengalee named Amulya, who with two others is stated to have robbed a woman while with her in a taxi-cab, the police searched a mess in Cornwallis Street and arrested three persons. It is reported that the police discovered a box from which six revolvers and a number of cartridges were recovered. It is also said that the police recognised the arrested young men as political suspects.

WHAT THE MEN WANT.

A Territorial officer in the firing line in France—an officer, who is a keen politician—sends this letter to the "Westminster Gazette":

"It seems ludicrous to me—out here in this nightmare country—to read in the papers of all this agitation and fuss about the new register and a General Election and 'One Gun, One Vote,' and so on. If people at home really think that our men are worrying about being temporarily disfranchised they have got the whole show in the wrong perspective.

"My men are worrying about rats and mosquitoes and pipsqueaks and woolly bears and things like that (and certainly in that order of worry!), and if you took a referendum out here you would get about two replies out of a hundred—and they would probably be spelt votes, because they express themselves crudely at times.

"The things they want are home, wives and children and sweethearts, clean clothes and a bath and some beer—quite simple things like that. Votes at all. They are quite content to leave all that to the people who are living on at home. When you are serving gun day and night in a place like [this] it seems Edmund-Lear-like to think of Tommy worrying himself about [politics]. He's too busy sending—and dodging Death."

An Italian financial Decree provides the levying of a special tax on income to be applied to the relief of necessitous cases of men at the front, and the abolition of certain octroi duty on certain articles exempted, but excluding articles of popular consumption, such as wine, beverages, particularly [those] on war profits are [to be] levied, the monopoly of matches [is to be] abolished, stamp dues are [to be] increased, other measures will [be taken] to meet the war, and the [total] revenue of [the] Decree is estimated at [...]

...AT ...EHICLES.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, September 30, 1916.

THE GREEK AWAKENING.

It has not been very easy to read the Greek situation during the past few days, though it is difficult to conceive how any intelligent person could have thought that events "will mark time until the elections," or that the departure of M. Venizelos could be taken "as an indication that no very striking developments are anticipated in the Greek capital in the near future," as the fount of all official wisdom in Allahabad announced yesterday. It was quite clear to those who have followed the career of the great Greek patriot and the recent rapid development of events, that his own declarations and his departure for his native island were connected with a much more important project than merely "to rally his followers in view of the forthcoming elections." M. Venizelos has wisely thought it better to carry out the establishment of a provisional Government from Canea than from Athens, where such action might have precipitated an internecine combat and a face-to-face struggle with the King, which anyone who is acquainted with the repugnance M. Venizelos has always felt against the taking of any step which would humiliate the Throne or imperil the constitution, can well understand. The course to which he has now inexorably been driven is one inspired by patriotic motives and the certainty that to delay longer the satisfaction of the aspirations of the vast bulk of the Greek people would not only endanger the safety of the constitution but imperil the very future of the existence of the Greek people as a unified and respected state in the European family. In order to save the Throne from humiliation M. Venizelos has delayed action until his best friends and admirers outside Greece had begun to wonder whether he had lost his former courage and sturdy independence where the interests of his country are involved. And if Greece was to be saved from a final catastrophe it was clear that he could postpone no longer the establishment of a Government independent of the King's control, that would retrieve, so far as is possible, the blunders of the past and rescue the country from the degrading and humiliating situation in which it has been placed by the King's pro-German infatuation.

If any justification were needed, in the face of the world, for the course that M. Venizelos and his friends have adopted, it is to be found in the proclamation he has issued announcing the establishment of the Provisional Government for the purpose of "saving the country from threatening ruin," with its recital of the series of events attaching to the policy pursued by the King. That policy, as the Proclamation very truly says, has violated the constitution, broken the treaty with Serbia, brought about internal anarchy, abandoned the soil of Greece to her hereditary enemies, supplied the latter with the munitions of war with which to wage combat against her hereditary friends and protectors and treated as traitors the men who have remained faithful to all her patriotic traditions. It will long remain a mystery to the friends of the Greek people that the national conscience was so long in acting against a policy which was the very negation of all that was dictated by the interests, honour and obligations of the country, and it is difficult even now to think very kindly of a people who have allowed themselves to be so long the tool of a monarch, besotted with over-confidence in his own popularity and the flattering deceits of his German friends. But it is with relief that their friends view this eleventh hour reaction, and with the hope that it is not yet too late for Greece to retrieve her reputation in the eyes of those who had the right to expect from her a loyal neutrality, if not active support. It is certainly regrettable that M. Venizelos did not earlier assume his proper role as the national leader and enforce a return to the "policy dictated by national conscience," to use his own words, or that the move did not come earlier from the people, who owed something more to themselves as well as their friends and protectors, than this over-prolonged attitude of respect for the Throne. But it is at least gratifying to find that Greece has not after all lost her national soul and that the national conscience has at last awakened to the terrible realities of the situation.

Loyal to the last to the reigning dynasty, M. Venizelos even now declares that it would be a happy event if at the eleventh hour the King decides to take the lead with the national forces alongside the Allies and drive out the Bulgar invaders. At the same time comes the report that the King's Government,—acting no doubt in the knowledge of the object with which M. Venizelos had gone to Canea,—has in agreement with the King decided on military collaboration with the Entente, and it is reported further that it has actually been decided to declare war upon Bulgaria. If this decision has really been arrived at and the loyal adherence of the King to the new policy is to be depended upon there can be no doubt that M. Venizelos and his friends will be the first to join hands with the King's Government, abandon their intention of establishing a provisional government and call upon the people loyally to rally round the Throne in its assumption of a truly national policy. But it is doubtful how far the King is to be relied upon, and whether it is not an essential preliminary to any change of policy on the part of the Government, that can command the confidence of the recognised national leaders, that the King should abdicate and allow the Throne to be put in commission until the war is over. If the national policy is to be honestly carried out under King Constantine there will have to be an upheaval in the Court and the army, both of which are honeycombed with pro-German intrigue and controlled by those who have given themselves over heart and soul to the German cause. King Constantine, to win the trust of his people anew, will have to make a clean sweep of all his present political friends and advisers and by his actions give an earnest of his determination to turn his back on all the associations and influences that have brought him to his present impasse. Is that to be expected of him? We fear that, unless he now recalls Venizelos to take the helm of the ship of state and publicly proclaims his repentance and promises adherence to constitutional procedure and obedience to the national will, Greece is merely beginning the worst of her troubles rather than finding a way out of her difficulties.

LESSONS IN LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

On a previous occasion we referred to the example which the Baroda State has set in local self-government. As we then pointed out, in Baroda, unlike many parts of British India, the institutions of local self-government have developed in the natural order of sequence. The first step was thus rightly directed towards the improvement of the village service and this was followed several years afterwards by the gradual establishment of the village panchayat,—"that immemorial institution," as the Dewan truly observes, "in the rehabilitation of which lies the solution of so many problems of rural government." Lastly, in the year 1914 came the Local Boards as the coping stone of this edifice. The system of local institutions in the State, the report states, is now complete, beginning with both the village panchayat at one end and terminating in the Dhara Sabha (the Legislative Council) at the other. The history of the growth of higher forms of local self-government is as much instructive as that of the evolution of the village panchayats with which we have already dealt.

In 1902 his Highness expressed a desire to have a board similar to that of the village for each taluka and also one for each district. It was fortunate that at this time the late Mr. Romesh Chundra Dutt joined the Baroda Service and was able to give effect to the desire of the ruler. It was thus that in 1914 was passed the Local Self-Government Act which provided for the creation of a Taluka Board for each taluka and a District Board in each district. These are so constituted as to link them up with the village organisations in a compact system. All the villages in a taluka are divided into number of groups, and each group of villages returns a member to the Taluka Board,—all the alienated villages in the taluka and each separate municipality in the taluka also returning a mem... The members thus elected form not less than one half of the total number of members. Of the nominated members not more than half are Government servants and the Naib Suba is the chairman. The constitution of the District Board is similar, —each Taluka Board electing one or more members, each municipality with a population of over ten thousand sending one member and one member being elected by all the alienated villages. The proportion of elected to nominated members is the same as in the Taluka Board,—the district officer being the chairman. Funds were provided and rules were laid down for the guidance of these bodies and the late Mr. Dutt pointed out to the district officers the added responsibility thrown on them. "Thus," he wrote, "a new field of usefulness, a new scope for his industry, is opened out to every district officer; and I know of no part of his work which is intrinsically more important, or to which I shall attach greater importance, than the steady and gradual improvement of his district, and the development of self-government in the State." The district officers responded zealously to this call and, what is more satisfactory, the elected members of the local bodies showed keenness and aptitude for work and a capacity for intelligent and combined action. His Highness on his part evinced every desire to take these elected members into confidence, and sent orders that the administration report of all talukas and districts should be submitted to the respective Taluka and District Boards for their criticism and remarks, for the consideration of the Government.

Simultaneously with the introduction of self-government in rural areas, it was also decided to introduce it in some of the more advanced municipal towns. A Municipal Act based on the Bombay Municipality Act of 1901 was passed and the new order took the place of the old in which "the people were in the happy condition of paying no municipal taxes and having no municipal constitution," the Government paying virtually all their expenses and Government officers managing their affairs. The municipalities were divided into self-governing municipalities and those managed by the Taluka Vahivatdars. In 1914-15 the number of the former was 10, and of the latter 29. Regarding the self-governing municipalities, the Dewan makes some noteworthy remarks. "When we take into consideration the fact," he writes, "that our self-governing municipalities have been in working for barely a decade, their working is not discouraging. The figures show that they are slowly awakening to what is required of them. These municipalities appeared to be rather overcautious in developing fresh resources of income, imposing new taxation and undertaking new activities. In the next decade perhaps they will show better results as they become more familiar with their work, realise the rapidly changing conditions of town life and the rising standard of comfort of a new generation." Considering the brief period during which the fabric of local self-government has grown, the progress achieved must be regarded as highly satisfactory. The most hopeful feature about the organization is that it is well-planned and, unlike the state of things in British India, has its firm root in the village just where it ought to be. And what is more satisfactory than anything else is that the Dewan realizes full well the defects existing in its working. "It is time," he emphasises, "that the Government impressed on the local officers that their success and capacity for administration will be judged by the sympathy and discretion with which they guide the growth and working of these institutions and the assiduity with which they endeavour to fulfil His Highness' intentions in bringing them into existence." A candid recognition like this of the needs of the times inspires the hope that it will not be long before the constitution of the various parts of the fabric of local self-government will be increasingly based on truly popular lines.

Notes of the Day.

The Somme Offensive

The semi-official summary of the results of the Somme offensive which comes from Paris evidently refers only to the gains on the French Front. The total number of wounded and unwounded prisoners since July 1st, is given as 34,500, whereas we were told before the operations which resulted in the capture of Combles and Thiepval and the consequent accumulation of more prisoners, that the total captures of French and British had reached nearly sixty thousand. The fruits of the offensive are not to be summarised merely, however, in the number of prisoners captured and the actual extent of the ground won, nor even in the losses of killed and wounded and abandoned material of the enemy,—though all that constitutes a blow from which the Germans can never recover,—but also in the strategic importance of the successes, the immense value of the positions gained and the definite establishment of superiority over the enemy. The breaking of defences which it was boasted were invulnerable, and the fact that there are no longer properly fortified lines in front of the Anglo-French forces, which now occupy the points which completely dominate and hopelessly imperil the German front, enable us to look in the immediate future for a turn of events even more sensational than those of the past few weeks.

The German Fleet.

After the Jutland Battle it was announced that the British Fleet returned to its harbours to refit and was ready again to put to sea in 24 hours. This was the fleet which was supposed to have been defeated, according to the bombastic German announcements. The battle took place on the 31st May. The extent of the battering which the victorious German fleet experienced has been effectively demonstrated by the Kaiser himself, who, as announced in a cable, has just issued a decree thanking the workers, "owing to whose efforts the fleet was ready again for action by last week." Thus it has taken nearly three months to put the great German High Seas Fleet in a sufficient state of repair to enable it to be declared ready for sea. Apart from the interesting acknowledgement of the real result of the battle which the Kaiser's announcement contains, which is the most amusing comment on his boastful speech immediately after the battle which has yet appeared, it is a splendid tribute to the efficiency of the gunnery of the British Fleet. One can well believe that nearly every shot must have told and that the destructive power of the British armament must be immense when one realises what must have been the extent of the injuries sustained by the German vessels that required a period of nearly three months to put them in repair. This is the more emphasised by the fact that, according to the Kaiser's decree, the repairs actually took less time than the extent of the injuries sustained had led the German Admiralty to expect.

The Situation in Hungary.

Some extraordinary light was shed in mail week on the situation in Hungary on the eve of Roumania's intervention, by the published reports of Count Tisza's answers to interpellations in the Chamber. The Vienna "Arbeiter Zeitung" pointed out that, as the opposition speeches were not reported, one had to guess them from the answers, and added, "So let us listen attentively." One of Count Tisza's statements was as follows:—

> The interpellator mentioned that the Prague barracks are filled with Hungarian troops and that Hungarian barracks are full of Czech regiments. When he remarks that the Czech regiments are not at the front but engaged in peaceful labour at home, he is making a double mistake. For certain reasons which I cannot further indicate, it has seemed advisable to send Hungarian garrison troops to Bohemia and Czech troops to Hungary (Cries of "Why?") I need not explain this, for the reasons are well known. But these are "cadres" which supply the reserves of the troops at the front. They supply the front line troops.—Czechs from Hungary just as much as Hungarians from Bohemia.

Count Tisza was interrupted by Prince Ludwig Windischgratz, and the latter subsequently said that Count Tisza's statement was incorrect, because, when Czech battalions are sent to the front, they are leavened with at least 40 per cent. of Austrian, German, or Hungarian Landstrum men.

Provision for Disabled Soldiers.

The Council of the Kitchener Fund could not have arrived at a wiser decision regarding the disposal of the Fund than that of establishing commercial scholarships to enable Britons who have served in the forces or the sons of men who have been killed or disabled in the war, to travel and study in the Allied countries with a view ultimately of earning a decent living. This is, as the telegram says, supplementary to the funds for the purpose of relieving disabled men. These supplementary efforts will certainly go some way in realizing the object in view. But it has to be pointed out that the duty of making due provision for the disabled soldiers or the sons of those killed or disabled devolves primarily on the State. And this naturally leads to the question: What has been, or is being done, by the Government in this country in regard to the disabled Indian soldiers and the sons of those who have been killed or too disabled for any work? It appears as though the heavy responsibility resting on them has not yet been even realized by the Government. But the matter is too grave and urgent to have been ignored so long and we trust that they will not lose any time in taking the public into their confidence as regards the steps they intend taking in this matter.

Indian Labour in Ceylon and Malaysia.

It is well that a Simla communiqué has removed the misunderstanding with regard to the deputation of a Madras official to Ceylon and Malay Peninsula. It appears now from the explanation forthcoming that instead of the scope of inquiry being confined to the conditions of recruitment in India itself, the object of the Government is to obtain materials for a study of the conditions under which the Indian labourer is working in those colonies, for consideration in connection with the abolition of indentured labour which, it is a relief to learn, is shortly to come under discussion in London. This is so far good. But it has to be remembered that the abolition of indentured labour is not enough and will not mend the evils admittedly existing in the two colonies mentioned, where labour has been free. We hope, therefore, that the Government will see that the officer deputed will also propose remedies for the evils which accompany free labour and this will have a better chance of being realised to the satisfaction of the Indian public if an experienced Indian is associated with the Madras official in his responsible work.

THE WAR.

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

GREECE TO JOIN WAR.

RESULTS OF SOMME OFFENSIVE.

FRESH BRITISH GAINS.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE.

It is reported in Athens that the Council of Ministers in agreement with the King has decided on military collaboration with the Entente. A later message says it is reported from Athens that Greece has decided to declare war on Bulgaria.

A semi-official French summary of the results of the Somme offensive from July 1st to September 19th says the Allies have taken 30,000 unwounded prisoners and 4,500 wounded prisoners, captured 144 guns and nearly 50 machine-guns and conquered 113 square miles of ground, which exceeds the German gains in six months at Verdun.

The British have advanced their lines at various points between Martinpuich and Gueudecourt, established posts west and south-west of Eaucourt L'Abbaye and within 800 yards of the latter village, and consolidated their position on the ridge north-east of Thiepval.

A strong German attack on Thiaumont-Fleury front was sanguinarily repulsed by the French.

A Russian communiqué says the enemy are stubbornly resisting the Russian advance 23 miles south-west of Vladimir Volinsk.

Two Bulgarian attacks east and west of Florina were smashed.

The opening of the Reichstag is being awaited with great anxiety in Germany owing to the campaign against von Bethmann-Hollweg on the ground of his alleged forbearance towards Britain. The "Frankfurt Gazette" speaks of a widespread movement embracing many powerful politicians against the Chancellor.

An Order issued by his Majesty subsequent to his first inspection in Great Britain of the Australian and New Zealand troops states that these successive contingents are a recognition of the Dominions of their obligations regarding the common defence of the Empire.

Official and Personal.

His Excellency the Governor and Lady Willingdon have offered Government House, Ganeshkhind, Poona, as a Convalesent Home for Army Officers returned from active service from the end of October, 1916, to the middle of May, 1917.

GREECE TO JOIN HANDS WITH ENTENTE.

REPORTED DECISION TO DECLARE WAR ON BULGARIA.

M. VENIZELOS' PROCLAMATION.

GREECE AND ENTENTE.

AGREEMENT ON MILITARY COLLABORATION.

DECISION TO DECLARE WAR ON BULGARIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, Sept. 28.

It is reported that the Council of Ministers in agreement with the King has decided on military collaboration with the Entente.

LONDON, Sept. 28.

It is reported from Athens that Greece has decided to declare war on Bulgaria.

King Constantine has recalled Prince Andrew, who has been in London representing the views of the Greek court.

GREEK PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT.

M. VENIZELOS' PROCLAMATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ATHENS, Sept. 29.

A Canea telegram gives the proclamation of the provisional government signed by M. Venizelos and Admiral Coundouriotis.

In its main points it compares the situation of Greece at present with that of the country before the war and it says:—It will be a happy event if at the eleventh hour the King decides to take the lead with the national forces alongside the Allies and the Serbs and drive out the Bulgar invaders.

In the contrary event the duty of the Provisional Government will be to do the needful and save the country from threatening ruin.

The application of the personal policy of the Crown, a victim of bad counsels, has resulted in rapprochement with Greece's hereditary enemies, the violation of the Constitution and internal anarchy.

The proclamation dwells on the refusal of facilities to the Serbs, the abandonment of territory, the flight of the population before Bulgars, the cession of war material and sending of Greek soldiers to Germany and says that patriots have been considered traitors owing to the German propaganda.

It is essential to re-establish national unity by an immediate return to the policy dictated by national conscience.

FIGHTING EAST AND WEST OF FLORINA.

BULGARIAN COUNTER-ATTACKS SMASHED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Sept. 28.

A French official message from Salonika says, two Bulgarian attacks east and west of Florina were smashed.

ROUMANIAN ADVANCE IN TRANSYLVANIA.

ENEMY'S PRECARIOUS POSITION IN DOBRUDJA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 29.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—Unofficial telegrams from Bukharest say that in the fighting in the Jiul (Zsil or Sekyll) valley, which is beyond the Vulkan pass, the Roumanians have taken several hundred prisoners and seven machine guns.

In the Dobrudja the enemy's left wing is digging in, and is considered rather dangerously ahead of his right.

AIR RAID ON BUKHAREST.

75 KILLED AND MANY INJURED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BUKHAREST, Sept. 28.

It is officially stated that 75 have been killed and many injured by the enemy air raids. The victims are mostly women and children.

ARTIFICIAL RUBBER.

ALLEGED SUCCESSFUL GERMAN INVENTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 28.

A telegram from Berlin says, the Germans have succeeded in producing artificial rubber comparable to the best plantation rubber in durability and elasticity.

BRITISH LINE ADVANCED.

BETWEEN MARTINPUICH AND GUEUDECOURT.

ABSOLUTELY SMALL BRITISH LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

A British communiqué says, our line advanced at various points between Martinpuich and Guendecourt.

The fighting of the last few days has been singularly economical. Our losses have been small not only relatively to the importance of the gains, but absolutely. Our total casualties have not been more than twice the number of enemy prisoners. One division, which had an especially difficult task, took as many prisoners as it suffered casualties.

We established posts west and south-west of Eaucourt L'Abbaye and within 800 yards of the latter village. We consolidated our position on the ridge north-east of Thiepval.

SCHWABEM REDOUBT ATTACKED.

IMPORTANCE OF THE POSITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 29.

General Haig last night reported:—Today we attacked the Schwabem Redoubt, most of which is in our hands. Six-hundred prisoners have been captured during the past 24 hours in this area. The Redoubt occupies the crest 500 yards north of Thiepval, the highest ground on the Thiepval spur. It commands a full view of the northern Ancre Valley.

We have consolidated ground elsewhere and advanced our line north and north-east of Courcelette.

BRITISH ARTILLERY SUPERIORITY.

GERMAN CORPS COMMANDER'S ADMISSION.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

General Haig states that British aeroplanes have co-operated brilliantly with the infantry during the past two days, greatly damaging enemy batteries. Aeroplanes frequently attacked troops and transport with machine-guns.

The report of a German corps commander which has been captured, says:—The British infantry are smart in attack, largely because of their immense confidence in their great artillery superiority. Their skill in consolidating new positions must be admitted. They show great tenacity in defence. Small parties when once established with machine-guns in the corner of a wood or at a group of houses, are most difficult to dislodge."

The following sentence shows the effects of our artillery:—"Hitherto our instructions have been based on a carefully constructed trench system for troops but some have found actually no trenches at all."

COMBLES AND THIEPVAL.

SUPERIOR TO EVEN METZ AND VERDUN.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 29.

It is pointed out that Thiepval and Combles were superior to any extant modern fortress, even Metz and Verdun. Both had been modelled on the lessons of this war, for subterranean works had replaced pre-war overground forts as at Antwerp. No army in the past has accomplished the feat of carrying two such fortresses simultaneously in the face of an enormous scientific army. Even the Germans were repulsed with fearful loss when they assailed the British in miserable field works at Ypres.

THIEPVAL STRONGER THAN COMBLES.

VERITABLE UNDERGROUND CITY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

PARIS, Sept. 29.

The British assault of Thiepval completely surprised the enemy. Part of the garrison had been withdrawn to support Combles and General Haig immediately attacked Thiepval on three sides simultaneously. Before the Germans could realise what had happened the British had stormed the outer works and had reached the centre of Thiepval. Then British artillery prevented German reinforcements from joining the garrison. Enemy officers vainly endeavoured to rally their panic-stricken men. The bulk of the garrison surrendered without effort.

A French engineer officer says that Thiepval was even stronger than Combles, for it was a veritable underground city with galleries hewn from chalk fifty feet underground. There were three tiers absolutely secure from bombardment and lifts took men and munitions to the surface. These lifts were responsible for heavy Allied losses in the earlier attacks on the fortress.

HOW ENEMY WAS OVERCOME AT THIEPVAL.

BRILLIANT ACHIEVEMENT BY A BRITISH "TANK".

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Reuter's correspondent at Headquarters says good progress was made at the beginning of the attack against Thiepval, but hard fighting developed, and work with machine-guns attained terrible proportions.

The chief resistance came from a chateau, from which a furious fire checked our advance. Then, a tank lurched into action. Once it got on the soft ground and appeared to have stuck, but it recovered itself and waddled, amid cheers, right up to the chateau and began a magnificent combat. The enemy machine-gunners concentrated on the tank, which replied so vigorously that the fusillade soon slackened.

The infantry crept up under cover of this contest and rushed the the chateau, capturing the commandant and other survivors. A furious struggle followed in the streets of Thiepval, around which a double barrage of artillery kept the ring for the combatants.

FRUITS OF SOMME OFFENSIVE.

113 SQ. MILES OF CONQUERED GROUND.

34,500 PRISONERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Sept. 28.

A semi-official summary of the results of the offensive on the Somme from July 1st to September 19th, says we have taken 30,000 unwounded prisoners, 4,500 wounded prisoners, captured 144 guns, nearly 50 machine-guns and conquered 113 square miles of ground, which exceeds the German gains in six months at Verdun. The enemy has thrown on to the Somme front 310 battalions against the British and 312 battalions against the French, of which 67 belonged to new divisions.

THIAUMONT-FLEURY FRONT.

GERMAN ATTACK SANGUINARILY REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Sept. 28.

A communiqué says, there was no enemy counter-attack on the Somme.

A strong German attack on the Thiaumont-Fleury front was repulsed in a sanguinary fashion.

CONTINUED BOMBARDMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Sept. 29.

Last night's communiqué reported that on the Somme front bombardment continued.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST GERMAN CHANCELLOR.

OPENING OF REICHSTAG AWAITED WITH ANXIETY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

The opening of the Reichstag to-morrow is awaited with great anxiety in Germany owing to the campaign against Bethmann-Hollweg on the ground of his alleged forbearance towards Britain. The "Frankfurt Gazette" speaks of a widespread movement embracing many powerful politicians against Bethmann-Hollweg and quotes the assertion of a prominent National Liberal that the Chancellor, against the Kaiser's wish, thwarted aerial warfare against England for months.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE IN VOLHYNIA.

ENEMY'S STUBBORN RESISTANCE.

GENL. BRUSSILOFF ON THE SITUATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

A Russian communiqué says, the enemy are stubbornly resisting our advance 23 miles south-east of Vladimir Volinsk.

General Brussiloff declares that we have reached a period when success is no longer to be estimated by the territory captured but by the number of enemy placed *hors de combat*. He says, we have deprived the Austrians and Germans of 8,00,000 men in four months and when the propitious moment arrives we shall make new big bounds forward and easily overcome the shaken armies. The final victory will then be near.

CAPTURE OF TAIF.

LARGE BOOTY CAPTURED BY SHEREEF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CAIRO, Sept. 28.

Shereef Abdullah has reported to the Grand Shereef the details of the occupation of Taif, the Turkish commander having agreed to the terms of the capitulation. The booty in rifles, bombs and shells is large.

SUCCESSFUL AIR RAID ON THE TIGRIS.

AERODROME BOMBED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 29.

The following telegram, dated the 27th September has been received from "Eye-witness" in Mesopotamia:—

Our aeroplanes this morning bombed the enemy aerodrome at Shumran. One enemy machine was hit and the hangar appeared to be damaged. A bomb exploded within twenty yards of the remaining machines in the aerodrome. All our machines returned uninjured.

NEW GERMAN WAR LOAN.

NONE VENTURES TO INTRODUCE ON AMSTERDAM EXCHANGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 28.

Hitherto nobody has ventured to introduce the new German war loan on the Amsterdam exchange, whereas the French war loan has been successfully introduced.

FLOODS IN VICTORIA.

TOWN OF MOOROOPNA PRACTICALLY SUBMERGED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MELBOURNE, Sept. 28.

Tremendous rainfall has caused the flooding of a hundred square miles in Victoria. The town of Mooroopna is practically submerged.

YOKOHAMA BRANCH OF GERMAN BANK CLOSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

TOKIO, Sept. 28.

The authorities have closed the Yokohama branch of the Deutsche Asiatische Bank.

LIEUT ROBINSON, V. C.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Sept. 29.

Lieut. Robinson, V.C., was yesterday the guest at a dinner given in his honour by the Lord Mayor of Newcastle who presented him with a cheque for £2,000.

COLLEGE AND AUTHORS.

"If you feel you have a spark of the divine fire of creative literature in you, keep away from college, unless you are content to have its glow reduced to the emberheat of the merely critical mind.

"Thus might one summarise for all literary aspirants the views of a retired publisher, Mr. William W. Ellsworth, late president of the Century Company, who is convinced, after thirty-seven years of experience, that the spread of higher education has been accompanied by a decrease in the number of authors of genuine importance," says "Current Literature."

FIG... BRITISH DET...

MR. LLOYD G... INTERVIEW...

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept...

Interviewed by the United Press ... America Mr. Lloyd George emphasi... that the Empire had only begun to figh... The Empire had invested thousands of its best lives to purchase the future immunity of civilisation. We were not under the delusion that the war was nearing its end but there was not the slightest doubt how it would end. It was not vengeance that inspired the British determination to fight to the finish. The inhumanity and pitilessness of fighting still to come could not be compared with the cruelty involved by stopping the war before the complete elimination of the Prussian menace. No man or nation with the slightest understanding of the British citizen army which took a terrible hammering without a whine would attempt to call a halt now. Time did not count; only the result counted.

Referring to France he said that the world had not begun to appreciate the magnificence, the nobility and the wonder of France.

COMMON DEFENCE OF EMPIRE.

THE KING ON DOMINIONS' RECOGNITION OF OBLIGATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

An Order issued by his Majesty subsequent to his first inspection in Great Britain of the Australian and New Zealand troops states that these successive contingents are a recognition of the Dominions of their obligations regarding the common defence of the Empire.

ENLISTMENTS IN AUSTRALIA.

3,19,000 UP TO SEPTEMBER 20TH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MELBOURNE, Sept. 28.

In the Commonwealth House of Representatives it was announced that enlistments in Australia up to September 20th totalled 3,19,000.

The Premier, Mr. Hughes, stated that the conscription referendum would be decided by a majority of votes, not majority of States.

Mr. Pearce announced that men between 21 and 35 would be called up for home defence on October 2nd.

LATEST BRITISH SUCCESSES.

GENERAL HAIG'S ADMIRABLE OUTFLANKING TACTICS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 29.

The "Pioneer's" correspondent cables:—London, September 27.—The first main objective in the Somme advance was the occupation of the line from Thiepval to Combles. The realisation of this objective brings nearer the isolation of Peronne. There are no more fortress positions before the British. The new line places the Germans to the right and left of it in a very awkward position, which may force a partial German retirement on the Ancre. Thiepval and Combles fell owing to General Haig's admirable outflanking tactics. More than one paper hails yesterday's work as the best since the beginning of the war. Thiepval and Combles were positions of greater strength than any previously taken in the Somme advance.

ENEMY'S HEAVY LOSSES

The "Central News" correspondent at Paris states that 1,500 enemy dead were counted in the streets of Combles. The wounded were extricated by hundreds from cellars and houses. The Germans had left two battalions in the town with orders to hold to the last. They occupied fortified houses. In order to take these with the minimum of loss the British carried out a big fresh bombardment so that the enemy could not continue the struggle. The fighting at Thiepval was equally severe, but the surprise for the enemy was more complete.

SILVER MARKET

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 28.

Messrs. Montagu's report records a good week. The rise has been persistent though slight. It is a singular fact that since the middle of July when silver may be said to have recovered from the shock caused by the announcement of the Allies' decision not to compete in the purchasing price, it has never receded from the fresh big figure once that was established. It is anticipated that the production of silver by the Anaconda Copper Company in 1916 will be nearly thirteen million ounces which supports the forecast of the market of an improvement in the United States' output.

...RT.

...FAMATION

...AN'S ADDRESS.

...Justice Macleod.)

...HTA ..... Plaintiff.

v.

...AN AND OTHERS ... Defendants.

...r hearing of the suit filed by ...al .... Mehta, a Solicitor of the ...High Court, against the Editor, ... and Proprietors of the "Bombay ...icle," for damages for alleged defama... contained in two articles of the ...ronicle" in the issues of the 7th and ...h March, 1916, was resumed before his ...ordship yesterday at 11-35 a.m.

Mr. Strangman, resuming his address for the plaintiff, said that when the court rose on Thursday evening he was pointing out to the Court how the balance-sheet stood, so far as the allegations went. It was said that Mr. Surajmal had debited the account with certain things. There were, first of all, certain allegations against him in the written statement; secondly, it was said, in cross-examination that he said he did not recollect whether the notice was drafted by him, and, thirdly, that the suit was withdrawn during Mr. Surajmal's cross-examination. The reply was that the old suit had not reached a stage when those allegations could be supported in court. No evidence whatever was given in support of the allegations in the court. Mr. Surajmal had denied all the allegations in the box. No notice was produced to him. No draft was produced to him. There the matter stood. Accepting Mr. Bahadurji's view, there were two statements of facts alleged against the plaintiff, namely, "Sambuprasad was Mr. Surajmal's nominee" and "the plaintiff withdrew the suit." Those were the two statements of fact which were involved in the allegations. Mr. Bahadurji had asked that those statements of facts were inferences from other facts; hence, they were in the nature of comments. Accepting that argument for the sake of argument, the question for the court to decide was whether those were the inferences that could be drawn by any fairminded person. No fair-minded person would have drawn such an inference, because, there was nothing whatever really to support the inference.

His Lordship: First of all, the question is whether that could be an inference, at all, from facts.

Mr. Strangman: If your Lordship were sitting with a jury, your Lordship would have to decide the matter of law whether that could be a reasonable inference. In this case that is not the inference that can be drawn reasonably from the meagre facts which the writer had before him.

Proceeding, counsel said that from several facts fine inferences could be drawn,—all possible and all reasonable inferences. But the inferences not merely "can be drawn" but "ought to be drawn!"

His Lordship: It is not a fair comment to point out one inference that is unfavourable to the plaintiff as the only one which can possibly by drawn from the facts.

NOT A REASONABLE INFERENCE.

Counsel proceeding said that that was the attitude taken up in the case. There was no question about it. This was the only inference. It meant: "I Horniman gave my judgment; it is for your Lordship to proceed on this judgment." First of all, that was not the inference that could be reasonably drawn. Sambuprasad was a solicitor's clerk; he was in the office of Mr. Surajmal at the time Dada was attending it, and it was quite conceivable that he might have taken the promissory note from Dada for some real or supposed service. Dada repudiated his liability, and Sambuprasad's brother was not in a position to prove his case, and, therefore, the suit might have been withdrawn. Bhagwandas started the suit in a foolish way by calling two witnesses who contradicted him. Bhagwandas took the onus to prove the case and he failed to prove it. That presumption was sustained by what transpired on the following Monday when the suit was withdrawn. The other presumption was that he failed to prove payment to Dada. Another presumption was that he withdrew the suit because the two witnesses whom he had called he thought would not be believed. Mr. Horniman knew that too, although in his newspaper the reports of the evidence of these two witnesses was not set out at length. In writing his second article, Mr. Horniman referred to the evidence of those two witnesses. He there also commented that "the allegations were unrefuted." That, again, was a statement of fact which was false. Mr. Horniman's suggestion was that the allegations were not answered. He said they remained unanswered. He meant by "unrefuted" unanswered.

FACTS MIXED WITH COMMENTS

The allegations made in the second article were wholly untrue. Mr. Surajmal had denied them all on oath. Moreover nobody came forward to support the plea in the box. (Counsel read a case in 2 Queen's Bench, 1908, 319.) In saying that "these allegations are unrefuted," Mr. Horniman mixed up facts with comments. That was not the inference that ought to have been drawn from what went before. The facts in his second article were taken by Mr. Horniman from the observations; that was obvious. Because in the observations alone the letter appeared. The letter was taken verbatim from the observations. The passage in the observations ran:—"As a matter of fact, the settlement ... at between Mr. Surajmal and Dada personally and there was not the least intervention of any agent when the settlement was arrived at." This passage was reproduced almost verbatim in the second article by Mr. Horniman, who said, "Mr. Surajmal settled the whole matter direct over the head of another solicitor." Mr. Horniman admitted that he had taken the allegation from the observations. It was quite immaterial if he had not admitted it. There was no charge in the written statement of unprofessional conduct on the part of Mr. Surajmal. This material was taken from the observations and not from what transpired in Court. These observations were not put before counsel in the case; even the solicitor, who was instructing counsel, did not know of this letter, which was not annexed to the pleadings. In writing this letter Mr. Surajmal is charged with being a liar! Nothing more nor less. In the second article the statement was repeated and it was said that "it had been roundly alleged." "Roudly" might mean openly, boldly, without qualification. With regard to the words. "Mr. Surajmal gave his own cheque," Mr. Horniman made a point that Mr. Surajmal actually passed his own cheque to Dada for Rs. 9,000 over the head of another solicitor.

THE STING OF THE ARTICLE.

There lay the sting. The allegation was that in the transaction there was no intervention of an agent, and that Mr. Surajmal gave his own cheque to Dada, so that when Mr. Surajmal wrote the letter he mus have known that he was lying! The sting was there. Mr. Horniman made the matter more clear in his article of the 15th March. The evidence was that Mr. Surajmal merely handed to Dada the cheque of Tatya Saheb Holkar. That cheque was paid to Aishibai. Mr. Horniman suggested that it was not sufficient that Mr. Surajmal should have denied the allegation; he should have done something more. Mr. Surajmal said in his evidence that he did not remember whether he had sent the draft to Mr. DeCunha. (Refers to Ex. S.) It was generally the case that the same firm of solicitors acted for two parties in the case of a purchase or mortgage, and when a question arose between the parties of some dispute, then the solicitors would say, "I cannot act for both of you, I will act for one; the other may go to another solicitor. "Where shall I go?" asks the client; and the solicitor says, "Go to such and such a firm." There was absolutely nothing in that. That state of affairs arose every day. The facts were that Tatya Saheb Holkar sold to Khambatta. Out of that transaction cause for damages arose. There was no doubt that the question of damages for a breach of contract would arise. Mr. Surajmal said he did not remember whether he wrote to Mr. DeCunha. The allegations must be consistent wih facts. If Mr. Surajmal suggested to Dada that he so should go to some other solicitor, that was an innocuous suggestion. Mr. Surajmal said he did not remember whether Dada went to another solicitor at his instance.

AN HONEST REPLY.

Mr. Surajmal also said he did not remember what Dada's income was. As a matter of fact, he did not say 'I don't remember,' he said 'I don't know.' That was a quite honest reply, though one would find people in this country who would say they knew the income to a pie of other persons, although those other persons themselves did not know their own incomes. To say that Mr. Surajmal told an untruth when he said he did not know the income of Dada and to say that was an important matter was absolutely ridiculous. The other thing said against Mr. Surajmal was that he could not remember how much he had received from Dada in his professional capacity. Even his learned friend, (Mr. Bahadurji) might not be able to remember accurately, if he was asked, how much he earned from a particular firm the month before last or during the last three years. When Mr. Surajmal went into the box he did know how much he had earned from Dada, he did not carry his pocket book with him at the time. It was an idiotic question to ask. The comments, therefore, on that point were unfair comments. Although the evidence of the two witnesses, who were called by Bhagwandas, was not fully reported in the "Chronicle," Mr. Horniman comments on that evidence! That showed that he knew that difficulties had already arisen for the plaintiff before Mr. Surajmal went into the box. The plaintiff in that suit had accepted the "onus" and he called the two witnesses who failed to support his case.

His Lordship:—From whom must Mr. Horniman have got the information why the suit was withdrawn by Bhagwandas?

Mr. Strangman:—He must have got it from Mr. Nanabhoy, for he said he had had no communication with anybody except Nanabhoy.

Proceeding counsel said the facts proved were that Sambhuprasad took the promissory note from Dada when Mr. Surajmal was at Mahableshwar for six or seven days. Subsequently, that promissory note came into the possession of Mr. Wachha; that appeared from the endorsement on the envelope. Ex. Q. (Reads the endorsement on the envelope.) The words "Bhagwandas G. Gandhi" were in the writing of Mr. Wachha, and then there was something in the handwriting of Sambhuprasad.

His Lordsip:—How did the promissory note get there?

Mr. Strangman:—Evidently, it must have been given to Mr. Wachha by Bhagwandas. It was brought back from Mr. Wachha by Bhagwandas when instructions were given for the suit. (Refers to Ex. T.) The whole note would be found in the handwriting of Sambhuprashad; he must have handed it to Bhagwandas who handed it to Mr. Wachha. Bhagwandas was a clerk in the office of Mr. Wachha. Supposing the promissory note had been taken by Mr. Surajmal for Sambhuprasad, surely, Mr. Surajmal was the man who should have kept it with him. Again, if Sambhuprasad was a mere nominee of Mr. Surajmal, why earth should Sambhuprasad make the note in the pocket book? That was another circumstance to be taken into consideration in deciding whether Mr. Surajmal took the promissory note from Dada. May be, the transaction was between Sumbhuprasad and Dada, though actually cash might not have passed between them; that theory was conceivable, and that theory negatived the suggestion that Mr. Surajmal had anything to do with the matter. Coming to correspondence (Ex. P.) the four letters written in the month of May, 1915, by Bhagwandas had not been replied to! There was no reply to them. Bhagwandas was then acting for the widow of his brother Shambhuprasad and collecting collections for her in Bhownagar. The letters were written from Bhownagar; they received no reply. The defendants' own ground was that Dada was a stupid fellow.

Mr. Bahadurji:—On the contrary, Mr. Surajmal said Dada was an intelligent man.

Mr. Strangman:—He was an intelligent man to a certain extent. It is quite immaterial whether he is an intelligent man or not. I thought I was straining the point in favour of my learned friend, Mr. Bahadurji. (Laughter.)

Mr. Bahadurji:—Thank you. (Renewed laughter.)

"A MAN OF VIVID RECOLLECTIONS."

Proceeding Mr. Strangman said Dada was a man of vivid recollections and he was assisted by a man who was equally of vivid recollections. That man was Mr. Nanabhoy Cawasji Engineer. The most extraordinary thing was that at the start these people did not set out their case. Looking at the correspondence it would be found that they said "We are not going to say why; it will be divulged at the proper time." Mr. Wachha thought one better and said "I will divulge it." And he said that the note was a fraudulent one! (Refers' to letters of 17th June, 29th June, and 30th June, 1915.) They called the note fraudulent! All these suggestions were significant; they left fancy free. What ground was there for suggesting that Mr. Surajmal was the principal in the transaction? Then there was the incident of Mr. Surajmal, when in the box, accepting Mr. Davar's (counsel) version as correct in the face the fact that the Court was not particularly well disposed towards him and because, according to Mr. Davar Jn. his father cross-examined Mr. Surajmal with respect to his going in company with Holkar's lady friends (Laughter.) Mr. Surajmal was cross-examined with regard to this particular incident. According to Mr. Davar Jn. Mr. Wachha came to Court with two papers, which he fingered in his hands. Mr. Davar had not them in his hand, and he asked Mr. Surajmal whether he had written any notice, and Mr. Surajmal asked "What notice? Have you got the notice?"

MR. SURAJMAL'S FRIGHT.

Ultimately, a little further, Mr. Surajmal was asked 'Did you not write any notice to Mr. DeCunha?' and Mr. Surajmal was frightened. One could quite understand that he had made a very bad beginning in the box. Being frightened he said 'I dont know whether I did or I did not.' As a matter of fact, there was no foundation for making any suggestion of Mr. Surajmal having sent a notice to Mr. DeCunha. In the first place, there was Mr. DeCunha's evidence that the draft was his; he himself wrote it, the whole of it,—from Dada's instructions; he also said he could produce all the drafts of all the letters he had written. The drafts were either in the handwriting of Mr. De Cunha or his managing clerk. Here was another firm of Solicitors who were believed to be liars! It had to be remembered that when Mr. Wachha went into the box he said that Dada had never told him that Mr. Surajmal had ever written any such notice. That was absolutely conclusive in favour of Mr. Surajmal never having written the notice to Mr. De Cunha. Mr. Wachha had piled up the agony against the plaintiff, and one would be perfectly certain that if Mr. Wachha had any suspicions against Mr. Surajmal, he would have said so in his observations. It was, at any rate, clear that, in the old suit, Mr. Davar was putting questions, at the instance of Mr. Wachha, to Mr. Surajmal,—questions which were without any foundation. There could be no question, in fact, it was proved to the hilt that whatever was written by Mr. Surajmal to Mr. De Cunha was written under the instructions of Dada! Coming to Mr. Horniman's attitude in the case, in his evidence he said 'I still say it was a proper inference to draw from the evidence!'

Mr. Bahadurji said that was not said by Mr. Horniman.

The court: Mr. Horniman said it was a right inference to draw then

Mr. Strangman: Mr. Horniman said in his evidence 'I still maintain that is a fair inference to draw.' (His Lordship here referred to his notes and said Mr. Strangman's version was correct.). This he said in his evidence on the 25th. He said 'I still maintain it is my opinion still that Mr. Surajmal drafted the notice.'

Counsel continued his address by observing that Mr. Horniman had still maintained the charge against Mr. Surajmal!

Mr. Bahadurji: Mr. Horniman does not still maintain the charge. He says that the draft produced by Mr. De Cunha might have been taken from some other draft. That is the only thing that Mr. Horniman says. What Mr. Horniman means is not what my learned friend argues to show he means.

Mr. Strangman: Mr. Horniman has always been misunderstood, my Lord. (Laughter). He is the most unfortunate person.

His Lordship: The inference might have been drawn at that time; it would have been advisable to disclaim it in the light of the present evidence.

Mr. Bahadurji: Mr. Horniman does not persist in saying that Mr. De Cunha made the draft.

Mr. Strangman: These are circumstances to be considered in assessing damages. That is the attitude of Mr. Horniman right up to the end of the hearing of his evidence. Your Lordship, as an honest man, he should have said "I had drawn that inference, but in view of what transpired in court in the course of the enquiry which I have invited, my inference is not correct." That is not his attitude, at all. There a suggestion is that Mr. De Cunha copied this draft from something else! What does Mr. Horniman rely on for proving his allegation that the suit was settled over the head of Mr. DeCunha? He relies upon a broken reed. He relies on Mr. Nanabhoy. Mr. Nanabhoy's evidence must be approached with considerable caution. There was no question whatever that there was enmity on the part of Mr. Nanabhoy towards Mr. Surajmal. Mr. Nanabhoy left Mr. Surajmal, in the commencement of December, 1914. When he went to Mr. Wachha he took Dada with him there. After the suit was filed. Mr. Surajmal agreed to give up the adjustments, and the matter went up to the Commissioner. There his claim was admitted for Rs. 54,000 and Surcharges Rs. 19,000. That was the position. He gave up the whole of it and Dada agreed to pay him Rs. 1,300 as a counter-claim for the whole of the costs of the proceedings. After that Dada went to Mr. Nariman, of the firm of Messrs. Ardesir, Hormasji, Dinshaw & Co., whom he knew. There was not the slightest doubt that Mr. Nanabhoy was responsible for the old suit. During the pendency of that suit, which was filed in December, 1914, that is, in the middle of 1915, Dada made a complaint to the police of criminal breach of trust or some criminal offence, any way, with reference to one of the items in that suit. Mr. Nanabhoy admitted that he was assisting Dada in that matter. There was not the slightest doubt that Mr. Nanabhoy was actuated by most bitterly hostile motives against Mr. Surajmal. All the three proceedings must have been due to him. In the first place, the court had to consider the evidence in this case with care and great concern. Mr. Nanabhoy was hopelessly contradicted when he said that the cheque was handed by Mr. Surajmal as his own cheque, for evidence showed that the cheque was the cheque of Tatya Saheb Holkar to Aishibai and it was afterwards endorsed by Dada. So that, the story of the cheque being Mr. Surajmal's as given in the observations, is false. As regards the observations Mr. Wachha said he dictated them to the typist under the instructions of Dada. Mr. Nanabhoy went through the observations to see that there remained no mistake in them. At the close of his case, Mr. Bahadurji took a strange course in calling witnesses to prove that Bhagwandas was a nominee of Mr. Surajmal. Those witnesses were the reporters whom he asked not to report the proceedings lest he should be betrayed. No wonder. He was smarting under the imputations made against him. As regards Mr. Horniman, he (counsel) did not say that he took any personal interest in this matter nor that he deliberately wrote these articles against Mr. Surajmal.

Judgment was reserved, his Lordship stating that he would give a written judgment.

CALCUTTA JUTE MILLS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept, 29.

A meeting of the Alliance Jute Mills Company will be held on the 12th October to sanction the investment of fifteen lakhs of rupees, being part of the Company's reserve fund in a lakh and a half of ordinary shares of Waverley Jute Mills, a new company about to be formed by Messrs. Begg Dunlop and Company, the managing agents. These will be distributed in proportions of ten Waverley shares of ten rupees each, to each holder of one Alliance ordinary share of one hundred rupees.

The Ganges Jut Manufacturing Company agents Macneill and Co., have been permanently transferred to Calcutta.

Constantly falling cash balances at the Bank of Bengal indicate progressively increasing employment of bank funds in financing jute. The financial correspondent of "Capital" calculates bank funds employed in financing jute to exceed last year's outgoings at the same period by Rs. 2½ crores.

After Poojahs the Burma Rice crop will come into consideration, the exports of which for the past three years totalled 20, 21½ and 26 lakhs respectively.

Applicants for five per cent. Madras Municipal Loan underwritten by the Bank of Madras, got full allotments. The loan was small and Calcutta applicants were few.

A SOLAR HALO.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—On the 15th instant at about 11-45 a.m., (Standard Time), a solar halo was observed by me. It had an apparent radius of five to seven feet, and was formed of a vapoury film of dark smoky colour; while its circumference was tinged with a streak of dim light of variegated colours.

As such a phenomenon might have been observed for a very long distance, we shall naturally conclude that it had been duly recorded by the Colaba Observatory.

The reason for my writing this is to bring to the notice of the public in general and of the director of our local observatory in particular, its apparent connection with the subsequent heavy downpour of rains.

As the solar spots and such other phenomena are nowadays very anxiously studied by astronomers, I hope therefore that the directors of our observatories should make comments upon them. Instead of recording trade winds and the falling of the snow in the Himalayas first, they ought to give prominence to such local phenomena. Perhaps these foreign occurrences might serve our purpose for the time being; but they are not primary causes but merely secondary effects prpduced at distant and far off lands, and therefore of very little use to us. On the other hand, solar halos, and sun-spots etc., belonging to our meridian are immediate primary causes, and therefore should be first taken notice of.

Nowadays the Northern Lights (Aurora Borealis), solar halos, sun spots and cloudy days are carefully recorded and their effects studied very minutely. Recently an occurrence of magnetic storms in America was traced to the presence of Northern Lights. These storms were afterwards considered to be responsible for the entire stoppage of telegraphic communications for hours together. The sun-spots have been found to influence the icy caps of the polar regions on Mars. While some writers assert that the bursting of locomotive boilers was due to the invisible influence of sun-spots. Also the cause of some great fires at Idaho (U. S. A.) was traced to the darkest days. (wide the "Scientific American"—the 6th March 1915).

When the last solar halo was observed by me, it reminded me about two alternatives namely, either the passing of a great heat-wave, or an abundance of rains. Perhaps I may be out of mark in drawing such hasty conclusions, still I appeal to the students of astronomy to study carefully such local phenomena and their effects on the surrounding country.—Yours, etc.

DINSHAW DADABHAI DORDI.

Bombay, 22nd Sept.

CASUALTY LIST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 29.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Second-Lieut H. F. Brewster, North Staffords.
Captain E. C. Christian, South Staffords.
Second-Lieut C A Crowe, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut P. W. Fisher, Royal Fusiliers.
Lieut T J Kennedy, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut J A King, Gordons.
Lieut G I Kinross, Londons.
Second-Lieut H Maguire, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut. J R Moore, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut W Morgan, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut D C O'Connell, Connaughts.
Second-Lieut G M Pickett, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut F A Thew, Londons.
Second-Lieut A L Whitehouse, Artillery.
Captain H R Wilson, Durham Lights.
Second-Lieut A D Wiseley, Gordons.

NOW KILLED.

Second-Lieut S R Collier, Berkshires.
Lieut. W Fream, Gloucesters.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Second-Lieut J J Haggarty, Northumberlands.
Major A F Hobson, Engineers.
Major F H Ooldenorf, Middlesex.
Second-Lieut R S Purdy, Inniskillings.
Lieut E Roper, Royal Fusiliers.

WOUNDED.

Captain J F Bellamn, West Kents.
Brig-General Lord Brooke.
Second-Lieut W A Campbell, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut J L Challoner, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut J L Chalmers, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut G W Dando, West Kents.
Second-Lieut R T Daubeney, West Kents.
Second-Lieut W Davis, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J S Dobbie, Gordons.
Second-Lieut W R W Duerden, Royal Lancasters.
Lieut M L Duffy, Engineers.
Second-Lieut F M Eagar, Irish Fusiliers.
Lieut A M Earle, Dorsets.
Captain W V Edwards, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut L Elliott, Devons.
Second-Lieut E M Fraser, Seaforths.
Second-Lieut J L Gibson, Scottish Borderers.
Captain C H Godsland, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut H A Green, Inniskillings.
Captain H Hearse, Devons.
Second-Lieut W Hills, Durham L I.
Second-Lieut E C Horn, Artillery.
Second-Lieut R Jardine, Camerons.
Second-Lieut L W L Loader, Connaughts.
Capta D C Liston, Guernsey Militia.
Second-Lieut C G Lovergrove, Artillery.
Second-Lieut D A McKay, Gordons.
Second-Lieut E W McKegney, Inniskillings.
Captain R M W Marsden, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J J Michie, Irish Fusiliers.
Captain R A F Montanaro, East Surreys.
Captain J. M. Moore, Dorsets.
Captain N M North, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut R D Passey, Gordons.
Second-Lieut H W Pearce, East Surreys.
Second-Lieut A Pendlebury, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut V P Phelps, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J W Pooley, Gloucesters.
Major J C F Richards, Hampshires.
Second-Lieut J G F Robb, Artillery.
Captain G Robinson, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut W H Saddleton, Durham L I.
Captain J G Sinclair, Northumberlands.
Second-Lieut A C Smith, Devons.
Second-Lieut H V L A Smith, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut W J Smith, Engineers.
Second-Lieut J A Smyth, Royal Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A Van Vestrant, Northamptons.
Captain A J Walkey, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut E K Walkington, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut A E Wilson, Warwicks.
Second-Lieut P H Wray, Irish Fusiliers.
Second-Lieut C M Young, East Yorkshires.

MISSING BELIEVED KILLED.

Second-Lieut S Martindale, Border Regiment.

MISSING.

Second-Lieut S B Coghill, Inniskillings.
Second-Lieut P C Essex, Lancashire Fusiliers.
Lieut C P M Irwin, Irish Fusiliers.
Captain J Ritty, Inniskillings.

DIED.

Sister M A Doherty, Queen Alexandra's Nursing Service Reserve.
Staff Nurse J Kitchie, Queen Alexandra's Nursing Service Reserve.
Staff Nurse F Griffin, Territorial Nursing Service.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 28.

The following names of British officers appear in the 210th casualty list of the Indian Expeditionary Forces:—

DIED OF DISEASE.

Major E. B. Barratt.

WOUNDED.

2nd-Lieut. G. R. H. Clark, Royal Fusiliers.

ORIENTAL LANGUAGE TEACHERSHIP EXAMINATION.

The Government of India in the Department of Education have just sanctioned the institution of a new literary examination known as the "Oriental Language Teachership Examination," originally proposed by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta. The object of this examination is, firstly, to ascertain the competency of men professing to teach Europeans, especially Government officers, the vernacular and the Persian and Arabic languages, and secondly, to give publicity to the names of those munshis, pundits, etc., who are, in the opinion of the central examining bodies, capable of teaching. The following are the languages in which the examination will be held. At Calcutta.—Arabic, Persian, Urdu, Hindi, Bengali, Assamese and Uriya. At Madras.—Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Canarese and Urdu. At Bombay.—Arabic, Persian, Urdu, Marathi, Gujarati and Kanarese. At Karachi.—Sindhi. At Lahore.—Punjabi. At Lucknow and Lahore.—Arabic, Persian, Urdu and Hindi. The examination will be open to the public, but in the case of Arabic it will be confined to natives of Arabia, Mesopotamia, Syria or Egypt and in the case of Persian, to natives of Persia. Successful candidates will be furnished with certificates from the examining bodies. Their names will be published in the "Gazette of India" and also in the gazettes of such provinces as are interested in the languages concerned. Lists of the names of these successful candidates will be maintained by the central examining bodies, with a view to their being recommended to officers applying for competent teachers. Copies of rules can be had from the Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

COMMERCAL.

LATEST CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

New York, Sept. 28th.

Day's Exports to Great Britain	.. ..	7,000
" to Continent	.. ..	5,000
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	.. ..	9½
Demand Bills	.. ..	4.75.75
Silver Commercial Bars	.. ..	69½

MONEY MARKET.

London, Sept. 2?th.

Rupee Paper 3½% Nominal	.. .. 51½ Nominal
Indian Stock 3½% Sterling Loan	.. .. 69½
Government Securities 3%...	.. .. 59½

London, Sept. 28th.

Bar Silver Spot	 32

Closing Tone of Silver:—Undemanded—Quiet.

Discount Rates of England date 6 per cent since 19th July.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	.. ..	5½
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	.. ..	5½
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	.. ..	6½
" " 6 "	.. ..	6½
Interest day to day loans	.. ..	4½
" 7 day market loans	.. ..	4½
Rupee Paper 3½ Nominal	.. ..	
Indian Stock 3½ (Sterling Loan)	.. ..	
Government Securities 3 %	.. ..	
Ex. On London at Paris France	.. ..	

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, May 18th.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

	£		£
Total Bullion	53,600,000	Dec.	1,000,000
Public Deposits	55,400,000	In	400,000
Other do.	161,500,000	Dec.	27,00,000
Govt. Securities	49,200,000	No Change.	
Other do.	95,400,000	Dec.	7,00,000
Notes and Gold	35,500,000		1600,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 23% of the Liabilities.

EXCHANGE.

London 28th Sept.191

On London at Paris ... France 27.88

WAR LOANS.

London, Sept. 28th.

3½% 1925—1928	 86
4½% 1925—1945	 95

Weaker on issue of 6% Exchequer Bonds.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Sept. 28th.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. Oct, Part cargo paid	.. .. 71/9

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—61½ lbs. Oct. Sellers	.. 69/6

BARLEY.

Karachi Barley Oct Nov Value	 51

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore Usual Bold. Oct-Nov. Paid	.. .. 69/9
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Oct-Nov. Sellers	 69
Linseed Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Oct.-Nov. Paid	.. .. 82/9
Toria Rapeseed Sept.-Oct. Paid	.. .. 70/3

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentene La Plata Nominal.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	.. .. £137
Standard Copper G.M.B. Sellers	.. .. £118
Copper Brazlers	.. .. £158
Yellow Metal	.. .. 15½
Hard Spelter	.. .. 45½
Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 x 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool	.. 18/9
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool	.. .. £26-5-0
Pig Iron No. 1, Gartsherrie	 86-4-6

FREIGHT.

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal.—Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec	.. .. 21/6
Raw Java C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec	21/9
Do. Karachi Oct. Dec.	21/10
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct.-Dec.	.. .. 24/3
Do. do. Bombay Oct.-Dec.	24/6
Do. do Karachi Oct.-Dec.	24/7

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Oct. Buyers.	3/1
Plantation First Latex Crepe Oct. Value	.. 2/4½

HYDERABAD BANKING COMPANY.

PAYMENT SUSPENDED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 29.

The Hyderabad Banking Company, Hyderabad, has suspended payment consequent on a rush of claims by constituents.

The proprietor of the firm, M. D. Dossabhai, has issued a circular to the depositors requesting their attendance at a meeting to be held on October 11th. It is said that if Mr. Dossabhai receives proper co-operation he is not likely to fail completely. His liabilities are said to be something like one and a half lakhs and assets nearly four lakhs. The latter includes decrees aggregating Rs. 80,000, also Rs. 50,000 lent on life Assurance policies.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 29.

The last day before the holidays, which will extend to the morning of 12th October, was characterised by continued inquiry for jute mill shares which registered a further rise with buyers following the advance, but before the close an easier tendency prevailed. A holiday feeling was in the atmosphere and in other directions there was not much doing. The following sales took place:—

Coal:—Baraboni 13/8; Bansgarah 9/4; Burra Dhemo 11/8: Dokaro and Ramghur 14/4, 14/8, 14/10; Burrelia 10/12, 11; Kuardi 16/8, 16/12; Lakurka 29; Parases 3/2; Standard 36.

Jute:—Alliance ord 575; Barnagore ord 119; Belvedere ord 394; Budge Budge ord 456 to 457/8; Clive ord 162, 163; Dalhousie ord 340 to 346. 348; Delta ord 439 to 446; Empire ord 50 to 53/4; Fort Gloster ord 507; Fort William ord 172 to 177; Howrah ord 290, 288, 289; Kamarhatty ord 396, 397, 400; Kelvin ord 555 to 570, Lawrence ord 330, 331, 332, 336; Naihati ord 290, 291; Northbrook ord 37/2, 37/4, 36/10, 36/12; Orient 6/8; Standard ord 389, 390; Soorah ord 191, 192; Union ord 500, 502, 495.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Flour 150, 155; Calcutta Tramways 114; Hooghly Flour. 12/4; Ryam Suga 14; Titaghur Paper ord 95.

Government Paper three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 79 to Rs. 79-4 nominal; and small lots were done at Rs. 79-8 to Rs. 79-12

"NEW INDIA" SECURITY CASE.

LEGALITY OF ORDER OF FORFEITURE.

MRS. BESANT DISCUSSES INTERESTING LAW-POINTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Sept. 28.

In the "New India" security forfeiture case Mrs. Besant continuing her argument before the Special Bench of the High Court said Section 17 did not apply unless an order of forfeiture had been made under Section 4 and Section 4 referred back to Section 3. She was going to argue that proviso 3 could not be read into that section. Unless the order of forfeiture has been made as required in Section 3 it could not come under Section 4. She was going to argue that there was no forfeiture made under sub-section 3 and that, therefore, the security had not been deposited under Section 3. If the security had not been deposited as required by the provisions of the Act, no forfeiture could be made. There was therefore so legal order as contemplated by Section 17 which referred back to Section 4. It was clear she was the person having an interest in the newspaper and she applied to the High Court to set aside the order of forfeiture, for it purported to have been made under Section 4 on the grounds given in Section 11, and that her newspaper did not contain words signs etc., of the nature described in Section 4 (1). That was the first part of her argument.

She had then to show that it did not come under Section 4 (1), nor as required under Section 3. That turned on the nature of the words, etc., described and on the question of the value of the proviso. The nature of the words, etc., described in Section 4 (1) must have definite elements in order to bring it within the Section. They must have been printed in a printing press on which security was deposited under Section 3. She would ask their Lordships to consider whether a press could be said to be used for the purposes mentioned in the Act, where merely isolated passages taken from it were brought against her, passages contrary to the policy of the paper as a whole. Could it be said that if she published a letter against Home Rule the press was used for purposes of publishing articles against Home Rule, the advocacy of which was the policy of the paper. On that view Section 4 could not apply to these few passages, even if they were objectionable, which she contended they were not. Again if security under Section 3 had not been deposited, or deposited independently of or against Section 3, then Section 4 had no application and therefore forfeiture could not be demanded. It must be a legal forfeiture. The order of forfeiture under Section 17 must be a real order It must not have any patent defect or any latent defect which rendered the order voidable.

SUPREME AUTHORITY OF PARLIAMENTARY STATUTES.

Continuing, Mrs. Besant submitted that the order under proviso was not order under sub-section and contended the Magistrate could not both cancel and vary his order, assuming the dispensing with the security was an order. Since the Magistrate had excused her from furnishing security he had exhausted his power and could do nothing more. Mrs. Besant urged that the forfeiture against which she appealed was forfeiture issued by the Government and not forfeiture ordered by law. She contended no statute of local legislature could contravene the legislation of Parliament in respect of rights of subjects as regards liberty and property. As a British-born subject she could not be separated from the "Magna Carta" as regards liberty and right of property. Laws of England provided that the guilt of the accused persons should be proved before they were convicted.

The Chief Justice observed that in this case there was no order or sentence passed against Mrs. Besant personally.

PROVISION OF PRESS ACT CONTRARY TO LAW.

Mrs. Besant submitted that forfeiture must be made at a trial. The provision in the Press Act was contrary to law. Forfeiture of property was one of the highest penalty known to the English Law and it was only awarded in the case of treason.

The Chief Justice asked if British born subjects could be interned by the Government under the Defence of India Act passed by the Governor-General and that was not *ultra vires*, why the Press Act should be so?

Mrs. Besant said the one was a temporary measure, and the other was permanent. Further she pointed out Section 4, under which she had been charged, referred to grave charges such as treason, inciting and creating hatred, and the like. Her attitude towards Government was one of extreme fidelity.

The Chief Justice observed that Mrs. Besant had to show was she had not done directly or indirectly, or by implicating or otherwise, to bring Government into hatred.

PROTEST AGAINST INSULT BY BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.

Mrs. Besant asked their Lordships to consider the passages cited against her classifying incriminating passages under various clauses, and argued they were all in consonance with the policy of the paper and quite innocent. Referring to the article headed "Ave Ceasar" she said she wrote it because when she, who was all along a loyal subject of the King, and all through her life supported the Government, found herself brought under the Defence of India Act and thus accused of being likely to help the enemy she thought it her duty to protest in the strongest language against the insult offered against her by the Bombay Government.

Some discussions as to whether Mrs. Besant was entitled to file articles other than those filed by the Crown in support of her case followed.

The Advocate General said the decision with regard to the nature of the articles, which will be tendered as evidence in aid of proofs, of nature or tendency of words, made it clear that neither intention nor motive with which words were published, need be taken into consideration.

The Chief Justice.—The best thing is to see the articles which the other side wishes to put in.

Mrs. Besant put in the special Empire Day number of "New India."

Proceeding with her argument Mrs. Besant said she had received a number of extracts from the Government Solicitor which they proposed to use against her. Her difficulty was these extracts only came to her that morning (Thursday) and she would say what she had to say on them in her second speech.

MALICIOUS INTENTION MUST BE PROVED.

Dealing with Section 4 Mrs. Besant pointed out from the explanations thereto that comments expressing disapproval of measures of Government, with a view to obtaining alteration by lawful means, or articles exciting hatred against a class of murderers would not mean exciting hatred against a section of His Majesty's subjects. She then cited the Bombay case in which Justices Jardine and Ranade held that a writer prosecuted under Section 153 I.P.C. could be convicted only if it be proved that he had written wantonly and maliguantly. The Press Act being drafted more or less on the lines of Section 153A and 124 A of the Penal Code she contended that a person charged under the Press Act should also be proved to have malicious intention. Her whole policy had been, she said, to draw closer together various classes in India. Mrs. Besant said a distinction should be made between what might be called the substance of Government and the accidents surrounding that Government. Only anything which tended to urge that India should go outside the Empire could be called an attempt to bring into hatred the Government established by law.

The Advocate General said mere asking for Home Rule was in itself nothing, but the methods, language and means employed was everything. It might be possible to advocate Home Rule without coming under the Press Act.

Mrs. Besant then arguing on the merits of the articles read extracts from first issue if the "New India" which enunciated the policy of the paper.

The Advocate General objected to this article and said that it was the keeper of the Printing Press who was being proceeded against, and they had nothing to do with the editorial policy.

The Chief Justice admitted the article subject to further argument.

Mrs. Besant then read extrasts from papers to show that she advocated loyalty to the Throne, better feeling between various sections, and continuance of British connection with India, and said her policy was always to dissuade peoule from acts of violence. This closed Mrs. Besant's opening arguments.

ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S ADDRESS.

The Advocate-General opening the case for the Crown, said the application of Mrs. Besant should be limited to the ground mentioned in section 17 which had given the right for her application. Other questions she had dealt with, had no bearing on the case. The question was whether the Government exercised the power of forfeiture rightly or wrongly, *i.e.*, whether the matter seized as offending against section 4 were words of the character described in the section and not whether the matter which enabled the Government to take steps were there or not. The Court was not to go into the question whether the Government properly conformed to the requirements of the Act for the purpose of making a declaration of forfeiture. As to the contention there was no power to make the declaration, the Advocate-General submitted it was the power of declaration that gave the applicant power to come to the Court.

Justice Sheshagiri Iyer: The fact of forfeiture gives the right?

Advocate-General: The power that is given to the High Court could not be higher than the right given to the applicant under section 17.

Continuing the Advocate-General said a Court might have jurisdiction in a particular matter but whether a particular cause existed, and whether particular words were really obnoxious to the provisions of the Press Act was different. The questions whether security was validly demanded or declaration properly made were not questions with which the High Court had anything to do. If Mrs. Besant's contention were right it would really mean there was no forfeiture, in which case their Lordships would have no power, and there could be no application before their Lordships to give relief to the applicant. It was necessary to assume that all steps had been rightly taken. Regarding Mrs. Besant's contention as to the powers given by section 3 of the Act the Advocate-General stated that when the powers were given to the Magistrate to increase and vary the security from time to time, there was no reason why the Magistrate could not revoke an order passed dispensing with the security. The Advocate-General then dealt with Mrs. Besant's contention that section 22 was *ultra vires*.

INTERDEPENDENCE OF SECTIONS 4 AND 17.

Proceeding the Advocate-General dealt with Mrs. Besant's argument that section 4 was *ultra vires*, in that it took away the inherent right as subject of Great Britain, and pointed out that if section 4 was *ultra vires* then section 17 which depended upon section 4 and under which Mrs. Besant's application was made, fell to the ground and therefore Mrs Besant was out of Court. The Advocate-General further pointed out the case cited by Mrs. Besant had no reference to the present case and cited a case from Bengal to show that every Act of the Government of India which was against the common law of England could not be said to be not a valid law. Mrs. Besant had not shown that section 4 of the Press Act infringed any particular Act of Parliament, and the Press Act did not deprive a person of the right of property. Forfeiture of license taken under the Press Act would not infringe the inherent rights of a British subject.

Dealing with Mrs. Besant's argument that the Government order had gone beyond the Act itself in declaring all copies of the "New India" forfeited, the Advocate-General said that the order only copied the words of section 4, and that it was not an important matter as no copies had been seized.

Referring to points raised by Mrs. Besant that the Magistrate acted illegally in imposing security on her since her press was an old one, he said she had made a new declaration and therefore the press could be dealt with as if it was a new press.

Referring to the next point whether the articles complained of came under section 4, the Advocate-General said on the subject the Calcutta High Court had made a weighty and elaborate pronouncement. Section 4 went far beyond Sections 153A, and 124A, of the Penal Code. There was no charge against any person here. The Government had enacted that printing press should not be used for certain purposes and the question was whether the words of Section 4 were not wide enough to hit the present case. The language of the Section covered any kind of writing which was not only likely, but may have a tendency to incite.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN "MAY HAVE TENDENCY" AND "LIKELY."

The Chief Justice:—What is the difference between "May have tendency," and "Likely."

The Advocate-General:—"May have" indicates only possibility. That is why Chief Justice Jenkins said to appellant. "What you have to prove is a hopeless task."

The Chief Justice:—I want to know what is the meaning of "May have tendency."

The Advocate-General:—Whether it is possible to have tendency. It goes much beyond "Likely."

The Chief Justice:—Suppose we are not able to say, those words may not have tendency, you say we are barred from interfering?

The Advocate-General:—A Special Bench has held the Court must say it is impossible to have tendency, before it can interfere.

After further discussion on this point the Advocate-General submitted if there is possibility of tendency it is enough to drag words under the Press Act.

The Chief Justice:—Possibility presupposes that a man who reads is reasonable and is possessed of sufficient intelligence. It must be that he is not carried away by things which are not before him. Supposing a man has got hallucination and he reads the articles and falls into hallucination we must not take that into account I suppose?

THE ONUS OF PROOF.

The Advocate-General:—It does not require a man of sound judgment.

The Advocate-General then argued that the onus of proving that the words were not of the nature described by Section 4, lay on the applicant. Their Lordships had to see that the words could not have the tendency of and that it was not possible to have that tendency.

The Chief Justice:—Persons must be presumed to have average intelligence.

The Advocate-General:—I do not say persons.

The Chief Justice:—Suppose there is an abnormally excitable person.

The Advocate General:—Your Lordships cannot take a normal mind.

Justice Sheshagiri Iyer:—If your interpretation is upheld no newspapers can get on.

Continuing the Advocate-General contended that proving the Act to be absurd or inconvenient was no argument against its application. There was no necessity in the Press Act to prove the intention for conviction. Only keepers of Press were brought under the Press Act and keepers might not be the writers of the comments. In the Press Act it was comments that were proceeded against, and not the writers, and as such it was a question of effect, and not of intention. If the comments brought into hatred or contempt any section of His Majesty's subjects in the estimation of any person, they would be brought under the Press Act.

The Chief Justice:—Supposing the newspaper produces evidence that there is no malicious intention, even then you say the Press Act applies?

The Advocate-General:—I take my stand on the letter of the Act.

The Chief Justice:—I suppose newspapers are to praise such Acts. You are taking away the legitimate province of newspapers.

The Advocate-General:—I am not concerned here with that question.

Continuing the Advocate-General stated since the Press Act did not merely relate to crime it was far beyond the Penal Code in its scope.

The Chief Justice:—In some respects it is.

The Advocate-General:—The question is what is the effect of the comments.

Justice Ayling:—There is explanation 2. It says "Comments without exciting or attempting to excite." You say no persons are concerned but only comments: Can comments attempt to excite?

The Advocate-General then began quoting passages from the extracts complained of, and said comparison of Hiranya, a demon of Hindu mythology, an iniquitious and vicious demon, with the Government was of a nature coming into Section 4, i.e. bringing into hatred the Government established by law.

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CONFERENCE OF "OLD GENTLEMEN."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I believe that it is understood that the proceedings of the informal Educational Conference held by his Excellency the Governor of Bombay as a result of the suggestion of Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, are not to be made public. It is however generally believed that not much will come out of this conference as the attitude of officers of the Education Department is not favourable to opinions and suggestions coming from non-officials, particularly those who, not having themselves passed years in the educational department but still in fairly close contact with its working, can bring a freshness of outlook on educational problems otherwise absent. How far the belief is well-founded that educational officers do not take kindly to non-official suggestions is seen from the language and tone of a letter of the Director of Public Instruction written to an Educational Inspector and forming part of a circular letter issued by the Educational Inspector to the heads of the schools within his jurisdiction. The circular letter is not marked confidential and has been issued to the heads of several institutions and is thus evidently not meant to be private. The following is a copy of the letter:—

Poona, Aug. 2, 1916.

Dear——.

His Excellency is to hold an informal conference at the end of this month with a number of old gentlemen (including myself) on some suggestions for the improvement of secondary education made by Sir N. Chandavarkar. I shall be much obliged if you will let me have any ideas that you may have on the points mentioned below, after consulting any body that you like.—Yours etc.,

(Sd.) W. H. SHARP.

How far his Excellency and others who gathered together at the end of last month at Poona will relish the use of the expression of "*old* gentlemen" is not for me to decide but the letter perhaps demonstrates the spirit in which officials look on suggestions made by non-officials even of the standing of Sir N. G. Chandavarkar.—Yours, etc.

DIDONA.

The fourth batch of Bengali recruits numbering about 50 passed through Lahore on Friday morning en route to Nowshera. There was a large gathering of local Bengali residents including several ladies to give them an ovation at the Railway Station. A number of Punjabi gentlemen were also present. Recruits were enthusiastically cheered and were garlanded by Mrs. Sarala Devi Chaudhrani. A welcome song which was specially composed by Mrs. Sarala Devi for the occasion was sung in chorus by several little boys and girls, Mrs. Sarala Devi taking the lead. They were then entertained by the Bengalis and Punjabis. The train steamed off amid ringing cheers for the King-Emperor and shouts of "Bande Mataram."

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 30TH OF SEPTEMBER, 1916.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE BEAMAN.

In the Division Court No. 53.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

179-15.—Captain & V, Birdichand Auraj, a firm v. Nensukhdas Sheonarayen, a firm, Madh K & C, Part heard.

353-15.—Motichand & D, Kesharichand Bhanabhai, a firm v. Premchand Manchand & ors, Jamsedji R & D, Part heard by Kajiji J on 16-9-16.

S C 382-16.—Daphtary F and D, Sulleman Haji Esak & anr v. Khema Suttra & ors Payne and Co., Nanu H & Co., Part heard, 25-7-16.

FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMR'S REPORT.

31-09.—Tyabji & Co., Bai Moolibai v. Choonilal Pitamber & ors, Sub & G, Ard H D & Co., Little & Co.

918-14.—M B Chothia, Dwarkadas Mohanji v. M Allabux & Co., a firm, Payne & Co.

1307-15.—Wadia G & Co., Taker & Co., a firm v. Vishwanath Kushaba Teli, D J Mantre.

FOR RE-HEARING

685-15.—G B Pandya (for a pauper), Mogul Hasan Hoosein v. Mogul Hassan Ramzan, As per Ap. Ct's Order 17-7-16.

LONG CAUSES.

387-14.—Mulji & Th, Fazulbhai Peer Mahomed v. Manchershaw Dadabhai Burjorji Wadia and anr, Manecklal and Co.

1402-14.—Amin and Desai, Harilal Keshowlal, a firm v. Keshowlal Hathibhai, Edgelow G W & Co., Tyabji D & Co.

191-15.—Payne and Co., S Narayan & Co., a firm v. Harjiwandas Jaichand and ors, Tyabji D and Co., Amin and D, Edgelow G W & Co.

848-15.—Payne and Co., Hyderally Goolam Hoosein Bhimji v. Fazal Bhimji & ors, Edgelow G W & Co., Mulji and Tha.

182-14.—Edgelow G W & Co., Bhaichand Kalyanchand v. Oomar Haji Sumar and ors, Patell and Eze, Motichand and D.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

In Re Indian Co.'s Act VI of 1882.—In Person, In Re the Indian Specie Bank Ltd., (in liquidation) v. J Sanders Slater, Official Liquidator, Parties Concerned, 9-9-16.

In Re Indian Co.'s Act VI of 1882.—In Person, In Re the Indian Specie Bank Ltd., (in Liquidation) v. J Sanders Slater, Official Liquidator, Applicant, Sobhagchand Sarchand, Respondent, Parties Concerned, 15-9-16.

In Re Indian Co.'s Act VI. of 1882.—In Person, In Re the Indian Specie Bank Ltd., (in Liquidation), v. J Sanders Slater, Official, Applicant, S. N. Pochkhanawalla, Liquidator, Respondent, Parties Concerned 26-9-16.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL (IN COURT).

LONG CAUSES.

1263-15.—Matubhai J and M, Ismail Ebrahim & Bros, a firm v. Cassumbhoy Goolamhussein, Hiralal and Co., Part heard.

311-16.—Captain and V, Kuppa Dollaji & Co., a firm v. Haji Ebrahim Haji Ismail Essac and anr, Ardeshir H D & Co., Mans H M & Co.

499-15.—Mulji & Tha, Hooseinbhai Fazulbhai Peer Mahomed v. Kareembhai Peer Mahomed & Co., a firm, Captain & Vaidya.

510-15.—Mulji and Th, Hooseinbhai Fazulbhai & anr v. Kareembhai Peer Mahomed., Captain & Vaidya.

347-08.—Little & Co., Dwarkadas Gordhandas v. Hiravahu, widow, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

1153-15.—Purnanand & Co., Anant Ganesh Sathaye v. Dattatrya Bhasker Joshi, Pandia & Co.

1450-14.—Jamsetjee R & D, Mahomedally Allibhoy Kachwalla v. Vithal Govind Raja and ors, Pandia & Co., Shamrao M & H.

1326-15.—Mehta D & L, Bai Jadav, widow, & anr v. Karsondas Natha, Nanu H & Co.

1120-15.—Unwalla P & P, Gomavahu, widow v. Purshotamdas Jivandas, & ors, Madh K & C, Little & Co.

4-16.—In person, The Indian Specie Bank, Ld., (in Liquidation) v. Chandulal Chhotalal & Co., a firm.

891-15.—Edgelow G W & Co., Messrs. Pulee & Co., a firm v. Vithaldas Manji and anr, Patell and Ez.

942-16.—Bhai K & G, The Pioneer Bank Ld. in Liqn. v. Edalji Cowasji Patel, Jehangir & S.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE KEMP.

In the Division Court No. 40.

CHAMBER MATTERS FOR DISPOSAL.

LIST A (ATTORNEYS.)

1237-15.—Tyabji D & Co., Jesinghbhai Doongersey v. Virji Lalji, & ors, 10-4-16.

1337-14.—Subnis & Gore, Purshotam Krishna Vete v. Pandurang Yeshwant Vete, & ors, Chitnis M & K, 14-8-16.

524-15.—Chitnis M & K, Nichabhai Nagarji v. Dorabji Edalji Mewawalla, & ors, 24-8-16.

1050-15.—Madhowji K & Ch, Arjun Manji v. Purshotam Umarsi, 14-9-16.

1179-13.—Dikshit D & Pur, Chaturbhuj Vassanji v. Waghji Lakhmidas, 18-9-16.

1268-14.—Patell & Eze, Eliji Umersey, a firm v. W & A Graham & Co., a firm, & ors, Madhowji K & Ch, 19-9-16.

415-07.—Mirza M & M, Jamnabai, widow v. Messrs. Mirza, a firm, Notice 5-9-16.

621-16.—In Person, Krishnaprasad Madhowlal Mehta v. Chunilal Manecklal Mehta, & ors, Purmanand & Co., Edgelow G W & Co., 18-9-16.

739-16.—Nadershaw & Dar, Hoosein Mahomed Mirza v. Abdulabhoy Nazeralli Chavalla, Edgelow G W & Co., 21-9-16.

M J 781-16.—Mirza M & M, Fermand Edgar Rennison v. Myrtle Ruth Rennison, & anr, Shamrao M & H, 21-9-16.

414-16.—Jehangir & S, Balaram Bhasker & ors v. Ramkrishna Harischandra, & ors, C P D'Cunha, 25-9-16.

LIST B (COUNSEL.

126-14.—Judah & Sololmon, Saraswatibai, widow v. Junkarabai, widow, Jamsetji D & D, 15-9-16.

925-16.—C P D'Cunha Pandurang Balcrishna Pathack v. Gopal Wasoudev Potdar, & anr, Judah & Solomon, 22-9-16.

31-16.—Bhai K & Gir, Nathalal Damodhar, & anr, v. Mulchand Ramchordas, & ors, J & D, Dismissed, 21-9-16.

447-16.—Mulla & Mulla, Haji Mahomed Mehdi Maliketujar v. C Vorhaid & Co., a firm, Payne & C Co., 25-8-16.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES.

1324-14.—Tyabjee D and Co., Khushalchand Gopaldas, a firm v. Sangidas Deokisson, a firm, Payne and Co., Part heard.

614-15.—Little & Co., The Tata Hydro Electric Power Supply Co., Ld. v. The Alliance Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.

55-16.—Unwalla P & P, Haji Aboo Haji Noor Mahomed Cassam v. Fatmabai, widow, & ors, Pandia & Co.

1103-15.—Edgelow G W and Co, The Currimbhoy Ginning and Pressing Co Ltd v Maroti Sitaram Bhange, Madh K and Ch.

808-15.—Captain & V, The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Abdul Rehman Haji Goolam Hoosein & ors, Payne & Co., Rustomji & G.

146-16.—Wadia G & Co., Sir Jamsetji Jijibhoy, Bart., & ors v. Dadabhoy Nasserwanji J Wadia, Bhimji & Co.

224-16.—Mehta D & L, Bibi Mariam Sultan, widow, & anr v. Aga Ali Asgar Bin Aga Mahomed Jamad Yezdi alias Goorji, Mirza M & M.

715-13.—Mulla & M, Mahomed Nazirkhan Azimkhan v. Aga Mirza Mahomed Hossein & ors, Kh L & M, Nadirsha & D, Mulla & M.

331-12.—Matubhai J & M, Mahomedbhoy Sabjally v. Goolam Hoosein Cassam Vishram and ors, Merwanji K & Co., Matubhai J & M, For Postponement.

334-12.—Matubhai J & M, Dawoodbhoy Gulam Hoosein v. Goolam Hoosein Cassam Vishram and ors, Merwanji K & Co., Matubhai J & M, For Postponement.

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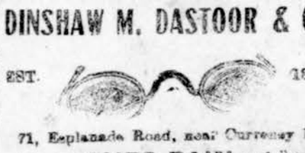

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Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba—Chaplain, Rev. R. L. Wormald; 8 a.m., Holy Communion 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill, 8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass 8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher Rev. J. B. Glass.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy; English—Rev. H. T. Vodden, M.A., (Incumbent), Rev. C. W. Thorne, M.A., J. H. Robinson, M.A., Marathi—Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A., Gujarati—Rev. L. Hari. English Services—8 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujerati Service, 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road, Clergy; Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil) 7-30 a.m. Matins Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil), 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

Christ Church Byculla—Chaplain Rev. W. A. Sawtell. 7-0 a.m., Matins, 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Sunday School 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas Church opposite Prince's Dock Chaplain (Vacant) 9-15 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon; Week days, 9 p.m., Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Curch, Hornby Road, Clergy; Rev. A. E. Bradbury, 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-3 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter)—Clerg; Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londbe; 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Marathi). 9 a.m., Matins (Gujerati). 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Peter's Mazagon.—6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-0 a.m., Holy Eucharist and Hymns 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Church Expenses.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort. Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B.D., Junior Chaplain Rev. R. E. Lee. 9-30 a.m., Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road,—Chaplain: Rev. R. M. Gray; 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service Preacher: Rev. J. H. Moulton, D. D.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church; Girgaum Back Road,—Minister: Rev. M. B. Nigambe English Service 8-30 a.m., Evening Service in Marathi 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road, Byculla, Pastor Rev W. E. Bancroft, 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; 8-30 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall

Bowen Memorial Methodist, Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor Rev. H. Ingham, 9-45 a.m. Sunday School 11 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 Evening Service. A cordial welcome to all.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. E. Hart; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Adult Bible Class.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m., Morning Service; Preacher: Rev. T. H. Sheriff; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service; Preacher: Rev. Frank Hart; Sunday School at 3 p.m.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission. Minister Rev. S. Rahator)—8-15 a.m., Byculla, 4 30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel. 6-30 p.m., Elphinstone Road, Parel (Tamil and Telagu Service)

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor Rev. John Malelu.—9 a.m., Sunday School; 11 a.m., Sunday School Teachers Class; 3-45 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service; Prayer Meeting on Friday at 8-30 p.m. Goodwill. Agripada, 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service, Preacher: Rev. S. G. Gaikwad.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba, Minister Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 9 a.m., Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. A. E. Hubbard; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service by the Rev. Herbert Anderson of Calcutta, (Secretary of the Baptist, Missionary Society); Sunday School, and Men's Bible Class from 5 to 6 p.m.

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh-Day Adventist Church, Apollo Bunder (opposite Watson's Annexe).—Services Sunday 6-30 p.m. Preaching; Saturday 6-30 p.m. 5-15 Sabbath School; Wednesday 6 30 p.m. Bible Study and Prayer Meeting. Pastors: G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral (Our Lady of Hope), Kalbadevi, Vicar: Rev. Dr. B. de Monte, 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Masses 6 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., Evening Service 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Masses, 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m. and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service, 6-30 p.m.

Church of Our Lady of the Rosary, Mazagon. Masses 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m. and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service 6 p.m.

Cavel Church, (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa. Masses 7 and 8-30.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra 9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Burrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m. Mass; 5-30 Evening Service.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 7 a.m., Mass with Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament.

St. Joseph's Colaba.—8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Service and Benediction.

St. Joseph's Omarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar:—Acting Vicar: Rev. J. J. Dias, Sunday Services. Low Masses at 5-30, 7-30 and 9 a.m., Evening Service; 4-30 p.m., Daily Masses; 6-30 and 8 a.m.

YOUNG THEISTS' UNION.

The closing Divine Service of the present Session will be conducted by Mr. D. V. Shrikhande, to-morrow at 2 p.m. at Ram Mohan Ashram (Prarthana Samaj).

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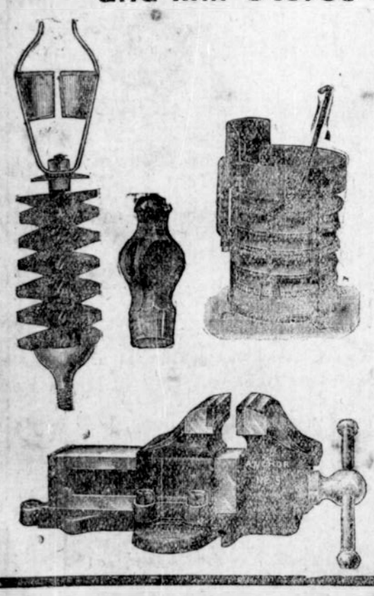

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ORIGIN OF CIVILISATION.

NATIONS' MENTAL APATHY.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION MEETING.

It is the turn of archaeology to be represented by the President of the British Association, whose annual meeting was inaugurated in Newcastle on Sept 5. Before a large and deeply impressed audience in the Town Hall Sir Arthur Evans delivered his presidential address, the subject of which was "New Archaeological Lights on the Origin of Civilisation in Europe, its Magdalenian Forerunners in the South-West, and its Agean Cradle." From knowledge born of personal investigation and by happy illustrations he developed the theme in a fascinating manner, showing that the origins of civilisation went much further back than used to be supposed. His closing sentences took an almost unexpected turn. "It is a lamentable fact," he said, "that beyond any nation of the West the bulk of our people remains sunk in intellectual apathy. So, too, with the scientific side of education. It is not so much the actual amount of science taught that is in question as the instillation of the scientific spirit itself, the perception of method, the sacred thirst for investigation. But can we despair of the educational future of a people that has risen to the full height of the great emergency with which they were confronted? Can we doubt that out of the crucible of fiery trial a new England is already in the moulding?"

The President (Sir Arthur Evans, Extraordinary Professor of Prehistoric Archæology, Oxford) dealt in his address with the subject of new archæological light on the origins of civilisation in Europe. But at the outset he exclaimed: "Archæology, indeed— the research of ancient civilisation—when the very foundations of our own are threatened with the New Barbarism; investigation of the ruins of the past at a time when hell seems to have been let loose to strew our Continent with havoc beyond the dreams of Attila; the science of the spade at a moment when that science confronts us at every hour with another and a sterner significance! The very suggestion of such a subject of discource might seem replete with cruel irony." And yet, he proceeded, especially as regarded the prehistoric side of archæology, something might be said for a theme which in the midst of Armageddon drew our minds from present anxieties to that still passionless domain of the past which lay behind the limits even of historic controversies. The science of antiquity depended on evidence and rested on principles indistinguishable from those of the sister science of Geology. In recent years the patient exploration of early sites, the unearthing of buried buildings, the opening of tombs, and the research of minor relics had reconstituted the successive stages of whole fabrics of former civilisation, the very existence of which was formerly unsuspected. Even in later periods archæology, as a dispassionate witness, had been continually checking, supplementing, and illustrating written history.

SUGGESTED NEW OVERLAND ROUTE TO THE EAST.

Nowhere, indeed, had this been more in evidence than in the vexed region between the Danube and the Adriatic, to-day the home of the Serbian race, to the antiquarian exploration of which many of the earlier years of his own life were devoted. It would be found, moreover, that such investigations had at times a very practical bearing on future developments. As he had recently had occasion to point out, the section of the great Roman road that connected the valleys of the Po and Save across the lowest pass of the Julians, and formed part of the main avenue of communication between the Western and Eastern Provinces of the Empire, had only to be restored in railway shape to link together a system of not less value to our Allies, for we should thus secure, via the Simplon and Northern Italy, a new and shorter overland route to the East, in friendly occupation throughout, which was to-day diverted by unnatural conditions past Vienna and Budapest. Investigation of the remains of Roman Britain had in recent years conducted excavation to specially valuable results. But he had no pretension to follow up the various affluents of Greco-Roman civilisation. His own recent researches had been particularly concerned with the much more ancient cultural stage—that of prehistoric Crete—which led up to the Greco-Roman. The marvellous Minoan civilisation that had there come to light showed that Crete of four thousand years ago must unquestionably be regarded as the birthplace of our European civilisation in its higher form. But were we even then appreciably nearer to the fountain-head? A new and far more remote vista had opened out in recent years, and it was not too much to say that a wholly new standpoint had been gained from which to survey the early history of the human race. To the engraved and sculptured works of man in the Reindeer period we had to add whole galleries of painted designs on the walls of caverns and rock shelters. It was not, indeed, till the beginning of the present century that the Palæolithic age of those rock paintings was generally recognised. In their most developed stage, as illustrated by the bulk of the figures in the cave of Altamira and in those of Marsoulas in the Haute Garonne, and of Font de Gaume in the Dordogne, those primeval frescoes displayed not only a consummate mastery of natural design, but an extraordinary technical resource. It was clear also that great progress in the art of artificial illumination had been made. Stone lamps were already in existence.

TEN THOUSAND YEARS BEFORE EGYPT.

Such was the level of artistic attainment in South-Western Europe at a modest estimate some ten thousand years earlier than the most ancient monuments of Egypt or Chaldæa. Nor was this an isolated phenomenon. He would never forget the impression produced on him as a privileged spectator of a freshly uncovered interment in one of the Balzi Rossi caves, an impression subsequently confirmed by other experiences of similar discoveries in these caves, which together first supplied the concordant testimony of an elaborate cult of the dead on the part of Aurignacian Man. Tall skeletons of the highly developed Cro-Magnon type lay beside or above their hearths, protected by great stones from roving beasts. Flints, knives, and bone javelins had been placed within their reach; chaplets and necklaces of sea-shells and studs of carved bone had decked their persons. With these had been set lumps of iron peroxide, the red stains of which appeared on skulls and bones so that they might make a fitting show in the under world. At Cogul we might look on at a dance of nine skirted women round a male satyr-like figure, while at Alpera a gowned sister ministrant held up what was to all appearance a small idol. There were also signs which often occurred in groups like regular inscriptions, and it was not surprising that in some quarters they had been regarded as evidence that the art of writing had already been evolved by men of the Reindeer age. One after another of features that had been reckoned as the exclusive property of Neolithic or later ages were seen to have been shared by Palæolithic man in the later stages of his development. At Cogul the sacred dance was performed by women clad from the waist downwards in well-cut gowns, while in the rock shelter of Alpera, where the same skirter ladies were met with, their dress was supplemented by flying sashes. Elsewhere women were seen with dresses rising to their bosoms. We were already a long way from Eve. This great Alpera fresco, among all those discovered, had afforded the most new elements. Here were depicted whole scenes of the chase, in which bow-men, unknown among Palæolithic representations previous to these last discoveries, took a leading part, though they had not as yet the use of quivers. Some were dancing in the attitude of the Australian Corroborees. Several wore plumed head-dresses, and the attitudes at times were extraordinarily animated. What was specially remarkable was that some of the groups of these Spanish rock paintings showed dogs or jackals accompanying the hunters, so that the process of domesticating animals had already begun. Hafted axes were depicted as well as cunningly-shaped throwing sticks. In one case at least we saw two opposed bands of archers, marking at any rate a stage in social development in which organised warfare was possible—the beginnings, it was to be feared, of "kultur" as well as of culture.

TWO WORLDS OF HUMAN EXISTENCE.

Something had recently been done towards bridging over the hiatus that formerly separated the Neolithic from the Palæolithic Ages—the yawning gulf between two worlds of human existence. We now knew that cave mon did not suffer any sudden extinction. Of the origins of our complex European culture this much at least could be confidently stated: the earliest extraneous sources on which it drew lay respectively in two directions—in the valley of the Nile, on the one side, and in that of the Euphrates, on the other. Since the late in Palæolithic culture was not violently extinguished, but showed signs of survival both North and South, we were entitled to trace elements of direct derivation from this source among the inherited acquirements that finally led up to the higher forms of ancient civilisation which arose on the Nile and the Euphrates. In many directions, we might believe, the flaming torch was carried on by relay runners. What, then, it might be asked, of Greece itself, where human culture reached its highest pinnacle in the Ancient World, and to which we looked as to the principal source of our own civilisation? Till within recent years it seemed almost a point of honour for classical scholars to regard Hellenic civilisation as a Wonder-Child, sprung, like Athena herself, fully panoplied from the head of Zeus. The indebtedness of Oriental sources was either regarded as comparatively late or confined to such definite borrowings as the alphabet or certain weights and measures. Egypt, on the other hand, at least till Alexandrine times, was looked on as something apart, and it must be said that Egyptologists, on their side, were only too anxious to preserve their sanctum from profane contact.

OLDEST OF EUROPEAN CIVILISATIONS.

A truer perspective had now been opened out. It had been made abundantly clear that the rise of Hellenic civilisation was itself part of a wider economy, and could be no longer regarded as an isolated phenomenon. Indirectly, its relation to the greater world and to the ancient centres to the South and East had been now established by its affiliation to the civilisation of prehistoric Crete, and by the revelation of the extraordinarily high degree of proficiency that was there attained in almost all departments of human art and industry. His own recent investigations had more and more brought home to him the all-pervading community between Minoan Crete and the land of the Pharaohs. Ancient Egypt itself could no longer be regarded as something apart from general human history. Its influences were seen to lie about the very cradle of our own civilisation. It was difficult, indeed, in a few

(Continued on Page 14.)

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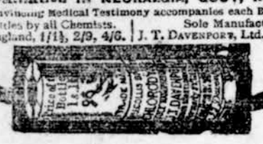

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ORIGIN OF CIVILISATION.

(Continued from Page 13.)

words to do adequate justice to this earliest of European civilisations. Its achievements were too manifold. The many-storeyed palaces of the Minoan priest-kings in their great days, by their ingenious planning, their successful combination of the useful with the beautiful and stately, and, last but not least, by their scientific sanitary arrangements, far outdid the similar works, on however vast a scale, of Egyptian or Babylonian builders. The modernness of much of the life here revealed to us was astonishing. The elaboration of the domestic arrangements, the staircases storey above storey, the front places given to the ladies at shows, their fashionable flounced robes and jackets, the gloves sometimes seen on their hands or hanging from their folding chairs, their very mannerisms as seen on the frescoes, pointing their conversation with animated gestures— how strangely out o place would it all appear in a classical design! Religion entered at every turn. No single example of indecency had come to light. The Roman Empire, which in turn appropriated the heritage that Greece had received from Minoan Crete, placed civilisation on a broader basis by welding together heterogeneous ingredients and promoting a cosmopolitan ideal.

A COMMON CAUSE.

If even the primæval culture of the Reindeer Age embraced more than one race and absorbed extraneous elements from many sids, how much more was that the case with our own which grew out of the Greco-Roman. Civilisation in its higher form to-day, though highly complex, formed essentially a unitary mass. It had no longer to be sought out in separate luminous centres, shining like planets through the surrounding night. Still less was it the property of one privileged country or people. Many as were the tongues of mortal men, its votaries, like the Immortals, spoke a single language. Throughout the whole vast area, illuminated by its quickening rays, its workers were interdependent and pledged to a common cause.

"We indeed," he remarked in conclusion, "who are here to-day to promote in a special way the cause of truth and knowledge, have never had a more austere duty set before us. I know that our ranks are thinned. How many of those who would otherwise be engaged in progressive research have been called away for their country's service! How many who could least be spared were called to return no more! Scientific intercourse is broken, and its cosmopolitan character is obscured by the death-struggle in which whole Continents are locked The concentration, moreover, of the nation and of its Government on immediate ends has distracted it from the urgent reforms called for by the very evils that the the root cause of many of the greatest difficulties it has had to overcome. It is a lamentable fact that beyond any nation of the West the bulk of our people remains sunk, not in comparative ignorance—but in intellectual apathy. The dull incuria of the parents is reflected in the children, and the desire for the acquirement of knowledge in our schools and colleges is appreciably less than elsewhere. So, too, with the scientific side of education, it is not so much the actual amount of science taught that is in question—insufficient as that is—as the instillation of the scientific spirit itself—the perception of method, the sacred thirst for investigation.

THE ENEMY IN OUR MIDST.

"We must all bow before the hard necessity of the moment. Of much we cannot judge. But let us, who still have the opportunity of doing so, at least prepare for the even more serious struggle that must ensue against the enemy in our midst that gnaws our vitals. We have to deal with ignorance, apathy, the non-scientific mental attitude, the absorption of popular interest in sports and amusements. And how, meanwhile, is the nation led by those in power? A cheap epigram is worn threadbare in order to justify the ingrained distrust of expert, in other words of scientific, advice on the part of our public offices. We hear, indeed, of Commissions and Inquiries, but the inveterate attitude of our rulers towards the higher interests that we are here to promote is too clearly shown by a single episode. It is those higher interests that are the first to be thrown to the wolves. At a time when it might have been thought desirable to keep open every avenue of popular instruction and of intelligent diversion, the galleries of our National Museum at Bloomsbury were closed for the sake of the paltriest saving—three minutes, it was calculated, of the cost of the war to the British Treasury. That some, indeed, were left open elsewhere was not due to the enlightened sympathy of our politicians, but rather to their alarmed interests in view of the volume of intelligent protest. Our friends and neighbours across the Channel, under incomparably greater stress, have acted in a very different spirit. It will be a hard struggle for the friends of science and education, and the air is thick with nephitic vapours. Perhaps the worst economy to which we are to-day reduced by our ofrmer lack of preparedness is the economy of Truth. Heaven knows!—it may be a necessary penalty. But its results are evil. Vital facts that concern our national well-being, others that even affect the cause of a lasting Peace, are constantly suppressed by official action. The negative character of the process at work which conceals its operation from the masses makes it the more insidious. We live in a murky atmosphere amidst the suggestion of the false, and there seems to be a real danger that the recognition of Truth as itself a source of power may suffer an eclipse. It is at such a time and under these adverse conditions that we, whose object it is to promote the Advancement of Science, are called upon to act. It is for us to see to it that the lighted torch handed down to us from the Ages shall be passed on with a still brighter flame Let us champion the cause of Education, in the best sense of the word, as having regard to its spiritual as well as its scientific side. Let us go forward with our own tasks, unflinchingly seeking for the Truth, confident that, in the eternal dispensation, each successive generation of seekers may approach nearer to the goal." (Cheers.)

ALL THE WORLD knows
and admires what India is doing in the War, and patriotic India will appreciate what Michelin has done and is doing.
MICHELIN has given £40,000 to further the work of French Military Aviation, and is manufacturing 100 Aeroplanes, which he is giving to the French Government, representing an approximate cost of £100,000.
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MICHELIN is manufacturing shells, and bombs for aeroplanes, etc., and is also helping by his large supplies of tyres to the British, French, Belgian and Italian Armies.
MICHELIN has established and maintains a hospital of 320 beds for the wounded, costing to date £30,000—has paid shareholders in War Loan—and has made advances to his staff who have, to 5th December, subscribed £202,012 in War Loan and £5,520 to Fund for parcels for the Troops. Many other things could be added to this list.
Yes, we are all doing our utmost in the common cause. The Allies are united in Arms, let us be united in Business.
We, therefore, ask for your support, and, apart from other reasons, the quality of MICHELIN TYRES assures it.
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Being the only Exchange Club at present in India, or Asia for the matter of that, our foremost idea is to maintain the reputation established since our start in 1908. India is known to be awaking to higher ideals and her outlook is widening with the march of years. We seek to promote her interests and through the medium of the Asian Exchange Club, to reduce to a minimum the barriers that separate East and West, to reveal the mysteries and glories of our old world peninsula to our brethren in other lands, and to gain some knowledge of theirs.

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The membership of Rs. 3 (4s.) entitles you to become and remain a member for one year. There are, in addition, six yearly (Rs. 15, £1) and life (Rs. 30, £2) memberships. Distinguished and meritorious services to the Club entitle you to an Honorary Membership. Any person introducing forty (40) new members in a year will be admitted as a free member for life.

PRIVILEGES.

Our members are entitled to participate in *any or all* of the classes for which the Club exists, without reserve. There is also a handsome competition for which they may enter and particulars of which can be found fully set down in the prospectus. *The Indian Philocartist*, the official organ of the Asian Exchange Club, is sent to members once every quarter together with a supplementary list of new members. The initial membership fee covers everything for the period for which it has been paid.

We have members in all part of the World who exchange:—

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To encourage energetic workers on behalf of the Asian Exchange Club, we offer the following substantial prizes. An account is kept for each year beginning from 1st January to 31st December and is published in *The Indian Philocartist*. Any person introducing the specified number of members within one year is entitled to a prize.

Rs.	150	for introducing	100	new members.	
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...mmended it to a friend of mine who had a baby that was not able ...ood, and the baby is now a fine child in the best of health. She was ...ful, as I am. I have advised many of my friends to keep it in the ... the country, where the doctor is so far off, it is a comfort to have it.

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WHY DOCTORS DIFFER.

DIFFICULTIES OF MEDICAL RESEARCH

The military representative of an appeal tribunal stated recently that "doctors express such great difference of opinion that we do not know where we are." Most people will incline to endorse this statement and many must be putting to themselves the important question, "Why do doctors differ?"

The answer to this question, writes the Medical correspondent of "The Times," is a matter of national importance and no apology need be offered for considering it. Though generalizations are dangerous, this much may be said at once: Doctors differ because in this country we have not realized that the only way to solve any question is to organize a campaign for its solution. The way of the medical research worker is a hard way, though thanks to the efforts of a few far-seeing men it has been made easier by the formation of the Medical Research Committee of the National Insurance Act, one of the best steps ever taken by the British Government.

It is a painful sight to see eminent scientific workers devoting their time to routine examination of specimens which might be done by junior assistants, were these appointed. It is even more painful to find important researches hung up because some problem touching a kindred science has not been solved and there is no means of solving it.

Medical research is infinitely laborious and the whole ground is in need of tilling. There are in any investigation chemical problems and physical problems, as well as purely medical problems. The expert handling of delicate apparatus is an essential factor; so is the careful survey of the literature. At present in England a man has to cope with all this himself if he wishes to make any progress, and often he has to work at night when the routine of the day is ended.

Doctors depend for much of the material upon which to base their opinions on the work of these investigations. So long as definite solutions of questions are not forthcoming, so long will their opinions differ, and so long will their patients suffer in consequence, and the trouble does not end there. We are as yet grossly ignorant concerning the beginnings of disease, the early signs. That is why it is so hard to decide whether or not a man will be able to stand the strain of Army life. We want investigation by careful observers into the way in which disease arises in the first instance.

AMERICAN PEACE PARTY AND THE BIG NAVY BILL.

"The discovery is made upon the publication of the new Naval Bill that it contains a clause authorising the President, upon ... the European War, to invite the Powers to confer upon the establishment of an International Court of Arbitration for the consideration of the question of universal disarmament," says the "Daily News" Washington correspondent.

"The clause provides further that if the disarmament conference makes real progress toward the limiting of armies and navies, the President shall cancel the naval programme of this country in so far as it proves to be inconsistent with the decisions arrived at by the conference.

"I learn that the peace men in Congress were only prevailed upon to vote for the Bill, with its ambitious programme, on securing permission for the incorporation of the clause regarding disarmament. The Bill, however, provides for over 60 warships to be constructed in the first year, and as these must be commenced within six months of the passage of the Bill the Big Navy men saw little harm in allowing the clause to be inserted."

Mr. Alfred Clarke Edwards, of Lincoln's Inn, W.C., barrister-at-law, and late of the Bengal Educational Department, formerly principal of Presidency College, Calcutta, who died on July 10, left estate of the gross value of £19,873, of which £19,562 is net personalty. His will provided that, in the event of the funds of his marriage settlement becoming subject to the trust of his will, one-fourth of such funds should go to Lincoln College, Oxford, for an "Alfred Clarke Edwards" scholarship, and three-fourths to the University College, Calcutta, for a like purpose.

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When a man is so long and so seriously ill that he, his friends, and his doctors all give up hope of him ever getting well again, and then he is, after all, completely cured, it may easily and truly be described as remarkable—a great triumph.

"I am over 60 years of age, and for over forty years suffered with what I was told was chronic Bright's Disease. While in the early days I was able to do a little work, now for the last twenty years I have not been able to work except at very distant intervals, and then not more than two or three days at a time; in fact, I have had to keep my bed for four or five months at a stretch.

"I have had many illnesses, each in itself very serious. Once I was so bad that I was given only five hours to live by my medical man, but just pulled through, more dead than alive. I was so bad that even after I was supposed to have recovered my friends tried to get me into a hospital, but I was refused admittance as 'Incurable.'

"Last March I was taken very seriously ill, this time with rheumatic fever. Here now, it was thought, was truly the end of things, there was little hope ever entertained of my recovering; I was rapidly and surely dying.

"While I was so ill my son-in-law, hearing such remarkable reports about the cures effected by De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, bought a box for me to try. I commenced to take them, and, to put it very mildly, was amazed to find in two days' time that all symptoms of fever had left me. In a week from first commencing the pills I was able to get up, and I gradually got stronger. It was not very long before I was able to resume work, and since I once started I have not lost a single day from work. Surely this is wonderful after my past experience of years of unfitness.

"I am getting to be an old man, therefore I consider this case most remarkable. My name, Arthur Jarvis, is well known in the district of Battersea, and if anyone should doubt the truth of my statement, and should write or call on me at 32, Frances Street, S.W., I will give them convincing proof of the truth of my statement. De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills have given me a strength that I can truthfully say I have never before experienced at any time of life.

"They have given me a real pleasure in life, such as I have not experienced for forty years."

The above statement was made in July, 1912. It might well be wondered whether such a cure could remain permanent. Two years afterwards Mr. Jarvis said: "Although getting on in years

MR. A. JARVIS (from photo).

—I am now 65 years of age, I am going along wonderfully well. I have been able to keep going all the year round, and have not missed a single day from work. I have only got De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills to thank for this marvellous cure, and I strongly recommend them to all those I come in contact with who are suffering in any way with the kidneys or bladder, because I feel that these wonderful little pills cannot become too well known."

Nearly everyone knows that thousands of people die every year from deadly kidney disease, but only a few are aware that this terrible mortality is the result of sheer neglect.

When people are attacked by the first symptoms of kidney disease, such as aches and pains in the various parts of the body, puffiness under the eyes, cloudy urine, nasty taste in the mouth first thing in the morning, they take no notice whatever. This is where a terrible mistake is made, for kidney disease will not cure itself. Neglect means that these symptoms turn into specific complaints, such as rheumatism, lumbago, gout, sciatica, cystitis, gravel, stone, &c., which are the forerunners of deadly Bright's Disease.

Just a little exposure to cold or damp and you have got a pain in the back. Agony to bend or move any way, bad headache, puffiness under the eyes, these mean for certain that you have kidney trouble. Then you should look out for deadly Bright's Disease, which creeps on unawares.

It is positively dangerous to trifle or play with the most simple form of kidney disease.

If you have such symptoms as a nasty taste in the mouth first thing in the morning, constipation, general feeling of weakness, and irritability, aches and pains in the muscles or joints, puffiness under the eyes, or bad headache you certainly need De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills.

Or if you suffer from lumbago, backache, rheumatism, gout, sciatica, stone, gravel, or pains in the bladder, muscles, and joints, you are foolish to yourself if you do not commence to use these wonder-workers immediately.

To cure rheumatism or any other form of kidney trouble you must positively get rid of the cause—the poisonous uric acid. Remember to do this a real remedy must pass through the kidneys and the bladder and not through the bowels as most kidney pills do. When you see the urine change to a muddy bluish colour—a feature which distinguishes De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills from all others—you know beyond all doubt they have put their healing touch on the right spot—the kidneys and the bladder. A wonderful pill straight to the kidneys—that is why De Witt's Pills give such amazingly quick relief—every time. A permanent cure follows in almost every case. Look out for that blue-coloured urine. It means so much.

Many remedies claim to cure, and do, without doubt, give relief for a time, but the one remedy which will give you quick relief, and most probably a permanent cure, is De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills, for when once cured by these wonderful little pills, our readers say they are cured *for ever*, just as Mr. Jarvis was.

Forty Years a Hopeless Invalid
Now never misses a day from work

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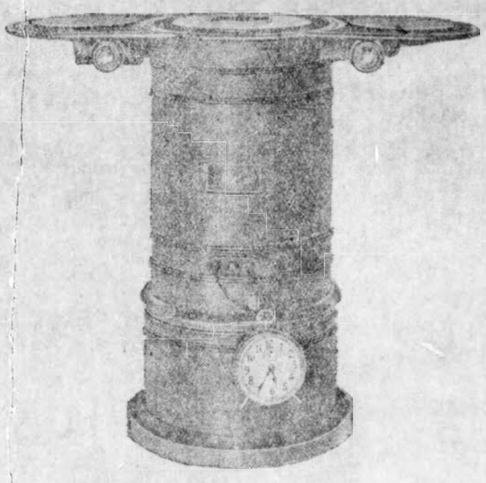

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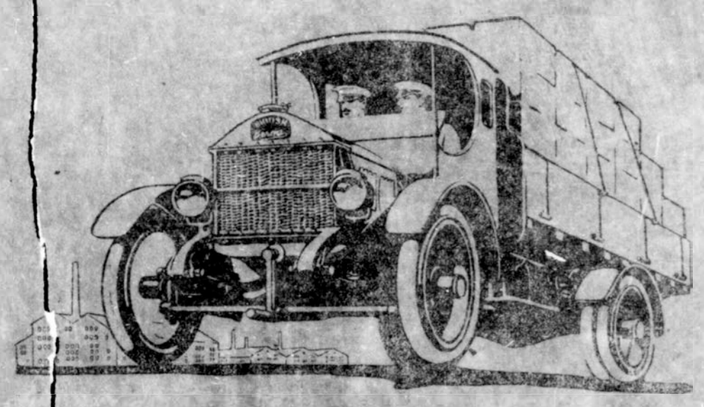

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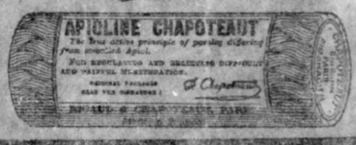

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Printed and published by JOHN F. TITUS, for the INDIAN NEWSP Co. Ltd., at the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bo